

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



THE MISSION CITY

CITY OF SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA 1500 WARBURTON AVENUE SANTA CLARA, CA 95050-3796

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE







CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS For the year ended June 30, 2018

Page

| Introductory Section | |
|---|------|
| Letter of Transmittal | v |
| Roster of Council and Commission Members | xi |
| Executive Management Team | xii |
| GFOA Certificate of Achievement | xiii |
| Organization Chart | xiv |
| Local Map | xvi |
| FINANCIAL SECTION | |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Basic Financial Statements | 1 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 5 |
| Basic Financial Statements | |
| Government-Wide Financial Statements | |
| Statement of Net Position | 26 |
| Statement of Activities | 28 |
| Fund Financial Statements | |
| Governmental Funds | |
| Balance Sheet | 32 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position | 35 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances | 36 |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities | 39 |
| Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Net Position | 42 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position | 46 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 48 |
| Fiduciary Funds | |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Position | 54 |
| Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | 55 |
| Notes to Pagia Financial Statements | 57 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS For the year ended June 30, 2018

Page

| Required Supplementary Information | |
|---|-----|
| Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Miscellaneous Plan) | 145 |
| Schedule of Plan Contributions (Miscellaneous Plan) | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Safety Plan) | |
| Schedule of Plan Contributions (Safety Plan) | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (OPEB Plan) | |
| Schedule of Plan Contributions (OPEB Plan) | |
| Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions (OPEB Plan) | |
| Schedule of Investment Returns (OPEB Plan) | |
| General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Legal Basis) | 153 |
| Santa Clara Housing Successor Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Legal Basis) | 156 |
| Notes to Required Supplementary Information | 157 |
| Supplementary Information | |
| Non-Major Governmental Funds | |
| Combining Balance Sheet | 164 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances | 168 |
| Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Legal Basis) | 172 |
| Non-Major Enterprise Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Net Position | 174 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position | 178 |
| Combining Statement of Cash Flows | 180 |
| Internal Service Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Net Position | 186 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position | |
| Combining Statement of Cash Flows | |
| Private Purpose Trust Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Net Position | 193 |
| Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position | |
| Agency Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities | 195 |
| Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities | |
| | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Page

| City of Santa Clara | |
|--|-----|
| 1. Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 200 |
| 2. Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 201 |
| 3. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 204 |
| 4. Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 205 |
| 5. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 207 |

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

| 4. | Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last 1en Fiscal Years | 205 |
|----|---|-----|
| 5. | Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 207 |

| 6. | Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Fiscal Years20 |)8 |
|----|---|----|
| 7. | Principal Property Tax Payers 2017-18 and 2010-11 Comparison for General Fund |)9 |

| 8. | Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 210 |
|----|---|-----|
| 9. | Principal Sale/Use Tax Contributors | 211 |

| 10. | Ratios of | Outs | tanding De | bt by ' | Гуре | - La | st Tei | n Fisca | d Years2 | 12 |
|-----|-----------|-------|------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|----|
| 11. | Populatio | n and | l Assessed | Valua | tion - | - Last | t Ten | Fiscal | Years2 | 13 |
| | | _ | | | _ | | | | | |

| 12. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Deot | 214 |
|--|-----|
| 13. Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 215 |
| 14. Pledged Revenue Coverage Electric Revenue Bond – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 216 |

| 15. Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Calendar Years | 217 |
|---|-----|
| 16. Principal Employers – Current Year and Ten Years Ago | 218 |
| 17 Full Time Equivalent Budgeted City Employees by Program/Function Last Tan Fiscal | |

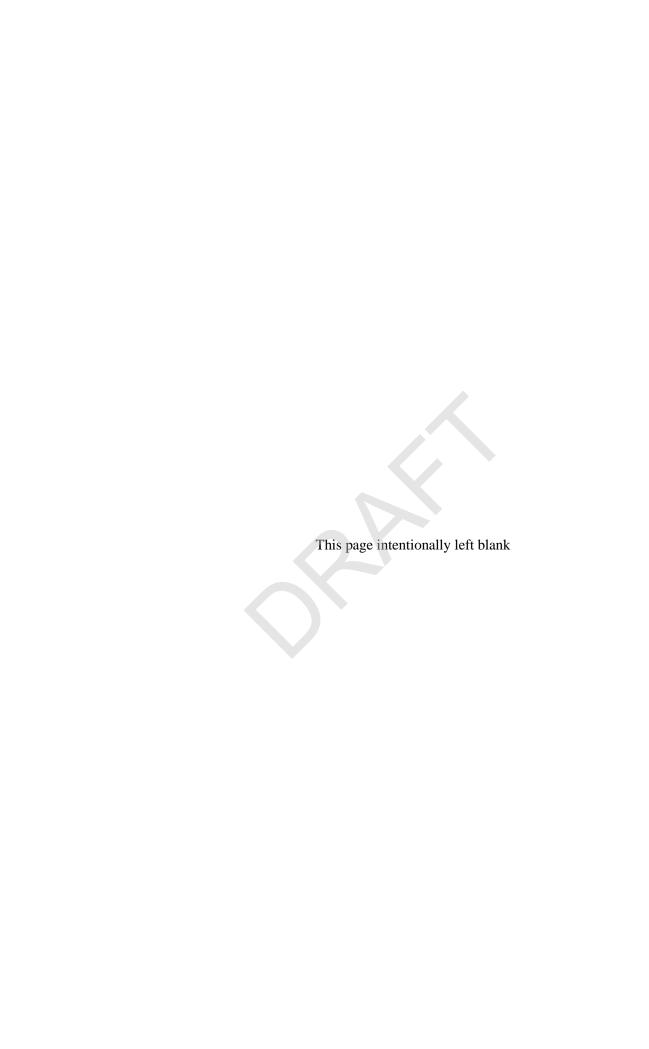
| 17. Pull-Time Equivalent Budgeted City Employees by Flogram/Tunction – Last Tell Fiscal | |
|---|-----|
| Years | 219 |
| 18. Operating Indicators by Function/Activity – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| | |

| 19. Capital A | Assets Statistics by Function | Last Ten Fiscal | Years | 221 |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-----|
| 20. Statemen | nt of Insurance Coverage | | | 222 |

Successor Agency

| 1. Historical Tax Increment – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 225 |
|---|-----|
| 2. Ten Largest Assessees – Taxable Value | 226 |
| 3. Assessment Appeal Activity of Top 20 Assessees | 227 |

| | | | - | | | |
|----|-------------|---------------|---------|---------------|------|--------|
| 4. | Computation | of Direct and | Overlap | ping Bonded l | Debt | 22 |



December 3, 2018

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Santa Clara Santa Clara, CA 95050

Dear Mayor and Members of the City Council:

It is our pleasure to submit for your information the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Santa Clara (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The City compiles and prepares the annual financial report to provide interested parties with reliable information concerning the financial condition and results of operations for the City.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. Management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Per the City Charter (Section 1319, Independent Audit) the City of Santa Clara's financial statements have been audited by Maze & Associates, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Santa Clara's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Santa Clara was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require that agencies expending more than \$750,000 in federal monies, are required to have the independent auditor report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report, scheduled for release in March 2019.

Management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF SANTA CLARA

The City is located in the County of Santa Clara, California, and is approximately 45 miles southeast of San Francisco and three miles west of downtown San Jose. It is situated in the northern part of the County and occupies approximately 18.41 square miles.

The City enjoys a diversified industrial and commercial base. Santa Clara is headquarters to some of the nation's leading electronics, telecommunications, computer, and semiconductor firms. The City is also home to a university, a community college, an adult learning center, and a general hospital.

The City's population is estimated at 129,604, indicating the City remains an attractive place both to live and work. The City is one of the most highly desirable areas to live because of the high quality services it provides to residents and its business friendly environment.

The City of Santa Clara, also known as the Mission City, is a charter city incorporated in 1852 under the laws of the State of California. The City's powers are exercised through a Council/Manager form of government. The City Council is made up of the Mayor, elected at large, and six councilmembers elected by district serving as the legislative authority. The City Council appoints a City Manager who is responsible for the overall management and administration of the City, a City Attorney to represent and advise the City Council and all City officers in all matters of law pertaining to their offices, and a City Auditor to audit and approve all bills, invoices, payrolls, demands or charges against the City government before payment and, with the advice of the City Attorney, advise the City Council as to the regularity, legality and correctness of such claims, demands or charges. Within the administration, the Police Chief and the City Clerk are also publicly elected officials.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police, fire protection and emergency dispatch; electric, water, and sanitary sewer services; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; parks and recreational activities and cultural events; planning and zoning; library; cemetery; and general administrative and support services.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The Silicon Valley economy has continued to grow at a fast pace over the last several years and, as a result, Santa Clara has experienced strong revenue growth and development activity. The combination of an improved economy, careful management of limited resources, development and redevelopment projects happening throughout the City, and monies flowing to the City from events at Levi's Stadium, has generated General Fund budget surpluses the last several years. This has allowed the City to

contribute to its Budget Stabilization Reserve, make additional contributions to the Capital Projects Reserve, and to establish an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust and a Pension Trust to prefund post-retirement obligations.

Looking forward, the City is continuing the multi-year effort aimed at increasing revenues, continuing to build reserves, and ensuring that ongoing expenditures are in alignment with ongoing revenues. The City is projecting that the regional economy has reached a peak and the forecast is for a potential modest slowdown in the coming years. Despite the economy being on solid ground and strong performance of several major revenue sources, the City's economic situation remains tightly balanced with the continuing increases in personnel costs, especially in regard to rising pension costs.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Long-term Financial Planning

The City Council's adopted budget principles for fiscal year 2017-18 reflected the economic challenges that the City faced including the need to rebuild reserves and utilize a multi-pronged strategy to ensure ongoing expenditures are in alignment with ongoing revenues. The adopted principles included but were not limited to the following:

- Budget decisions will be made with long-term implications taken into account, using data from the Five-Year Financial Plan.
- The perception of funding actions, as well as the fiscal impact, will be considered before budgetary decisions are made.
- Ensure ongoing revenues are sufficient to cover the full cost of any staffing changes or service level enhancements.
- In accordance with Council policy, continue to maintain the General Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve for the long-term fiscal health of the City.
- With limited exceptions, establish fees based on full cost recovery where individuals/business rather than the community at-large are benefiting from City services. This preserves limited unrestricted resources for providing services that benefit the community as a whole.

The City developed a five-year Capital Improvement Plan detailing specific budgeted capital projects. Each of the projects is consistent with the overall goals and principles of the City. The fiscal year 2017-18 adopted Capital Improvement Project (CIP) Budget totaled \$127.4 million. The CIP included improvements to the City's infrastructure, replacements and upgrades to information technology equipment, and improvements and upgrades to the City's utilities.

In addition, the City of Santa Clara produces an annual Ten-Year Financial Plan (Plan). The purpose of the Plan is to provide policy-makers and the public an updated assessment of the City's fiscal health that takes into account the latest economic developments. The report includes historical perspective on revenues and expenditures and a ten-year financial outlook beyond the adopted budget year. The value of this type of analysis is to give the City Council, staff, and the public a tool to assist with strategic decision-making as they work to adopt the budget for the coming year. The Plan is a collaborative effort between the City Manager's Office, Finance Department, and City departments. Individual projections of revenues and expenditures are developed based on trend analyses, input from available economic reports, consultant recommendations, and input from other subject matter experts. The most current information

available is incorporated into the Plan and refined on a moving forward basis as part of the City's commitment to fiscal responsibility.

Internal Controls

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the stated framework. City management believes the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

As part of the City's internal controls, it maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annually appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the majority of the City funds are included in the annual budget. In addition, each year a Capital Improvement Project Budget is adopted and a Ten-Year Financial Plan is updated and presented to the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the department level, or the fund level if there are no departments in a fund. The City Manager may transfer appropriations from one program to another within the same fund and the object category of a department without approval from the City Council. All other transfers or additional revenue received must be approved by the City Council if needed to fund additional expenditures. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique for accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are included within the specific fund balance category of the underlying resource.

Independent Audit

The City Charter and State of California statutes require the City to have an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The City goes to the market with a formal Request for Proposal for audit services every five years. The accounting firm of Maze & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, was selected by the City Council in 2012, and again in 2017, and is in the seventh year as the City's independent auditor. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in City Charter and State statutes, the audit is designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996 and by the recent Uniform Guidance. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and the supplementary combining statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in a separately issued single audit document on file with the City Clerk's Office.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Development Activity:

Silicon Valley's economy has grown at a fast pace over the last several years. With that, a number of significant ongoing and new development projects are providing construction jobs and other employment, new rental housing and home sales, and consumer and business spending, thereby enhancing both

property tax and sales tax revenues. The City is also undertaking a zoning ordinance update while completing several specific plans for development. Below is a sampling of projects that are currently under construction or in the pipeline:

- Santa Clara Square Residential/Mixed-Use Project. The City continues to grow its retail sector citywide as there is a trend of new retail and/or expansion/relocation of existing retail. This project includes 2,200 rental apartment units, 40,000 square feet of retail space, 4,500 square feet of leasing space, and 38,000 square feet of amenity space.
- The Related Company continues through the entitlement process for *City Place Santa Clara* on 240 City-owned acres north of Tasman Drive. *City Place* is a new multi-phased, mixed-use development of up to 9.16 million gross square feet of office buildings, retail and entertainment facilities, residential units, hotel rooms, surface and structured parking facilities, new open space and roads, landscaping and tree replacement, and new/upgraded/expanded infrastructure and utilities.
- A number of other housing projects have been recently completed or are underway providing much needed residential units in the City. A few of these are: 793 units (Single Family, Townhomes, Apartments) at the *Gallery at Central Park;* 476 living units along with 108,600 square feet of retail at the mixed-use *Gateway Village;* and 988 units with 35,000 square feet of retail space at the *Summerhill Lawrence Station Project*.
- Significant office space projects are also in development. A few of these include: Lawson Lane Office Campus with 613,800 square feet of office space consisting of 5-story office buildings, 2-story commons buildings and 4-level parking garages; NVIDIA Complex on 35.6 acres with 1,950,000 square feet of office space; Stevens Creek Boulevard Office Complex consisting of 295,000 square feet in 6-story buildings, covering 5 acres; and Stevens Creek Suburu which provides a redeveloped 146,000 square foot car dealership.

Technology Replacement:

The City's budget over the next few years includes investments to upgrade information technology systems that are considered outdated or end of life. During fiscal year 2017-18, the City upgraded its financial accounting and human capital management systems to the latest version. The upgrade provided new infrastructure, enhanced data security, and an improved user interface with better reporting capabilities. Additional Citywide upgrades are ongoing including the City's utility billing system which provides critical maintenance and modifications to ensure timely and accurate billing, collections, and excellent customer service to 60,000+utility accounts. Additionally, the Public Safety Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and Records Management System (RMS) are being upgraded. The Police Department's Public Safety 9-1-1 Dispatch Center relies on a strong CAD system to initiate calls for service, to dispatch Police and Fire, and to maintain the status of responding public safety units. The Police Records Unit relies on RMS to file police reports and maintain accurate records of law enforcement documents. These critical systems will deliver high quality efficient infrastructure and services.

Library Improvements:

The City recently completed a major renovation to its Mission Library which is sixty years old. The renovation addressed ADA and operational inefficiencies as well as the need for expanded spaces for community events and library programming, dedicated places for children and teens, and updated and expanded collections. The renovation affords an opportunity to provide a more energy efficient facility to meet long-term sustainability initiatives and mandates. This project supports the City Council goal of delivering and enhancing high quality efficient services and infrastructure.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City of Santa Clara has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. These policies address items such as cash management, investments, reserves, and debt management. The policies are included with the annual operating budget, and are reviewed annually in conjunction with the adoption of the annual operating budget.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Santa Clara for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports and is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received this prestigious award for the past twenty-six consecutive years.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Programs' requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We wish to thank all City departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit and thanks are also due to the Mayor and City Councilmembers for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Santa Clara's finances.

| Respectfully submitted, | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | |
| Deanna J. Santana | Angela Kraetsch |
| City Manager | Director of Finance |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended June 30, 2018

ROSTER OF COUNCIL AND COMMISSION MEMBERS

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Lisa M. Gillmor
Councilmember Debi Davis
Councilmember Patrick Kolstad
Councilmember Patricia Mahan
Councilmember Teresa O'Neill
Councilmember Kathleen Watanabe

Councilmember Vacant

BOARD OF LIBRARY TRUSTEES

Leonne Broughman, Jan Hintermeister, David Kyo, Stephen Ricossa, Debbie Tryforos,

CULTURAL COMMISSION

Loretta Beavers, Harbir K. Bhatia, Niharika "Niha" Mathur, Louis Samara, Debra von Huene, Candida A. Diaz, Jonathan Marinaro

HOUSING REHABILITATION LOAN COMMITTEE

Councilmember Teresa O'Neill, Michael Louis Ferrito, Carmen Pascual, Bianca Wilczoch

PLANNING COMMISSION

Raj Chahal, Yuki Ikezi, Sudhanshu Jain, Steve Kelly, Shawn Williams, Lance Saleme, Anthony Becker

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Mario Bouza, Willie D. Brown Jr., John Casey, Franklin J. Felizardo, Carolyn G. McAllister

HISTORICAL & LANDMARKS COMMISSION

Nancy A. Biagini, Priya Cherukuru, Stephen Estes, Brian Johns, Patricia Leung, Ana Vargas-Smith, J.L. "Spike" Standifer

PARKS & RECREATION COMMISSION

Burt Field, George Guerra, Andrew Knaack, Roseann Alderete LaCoursiere, Joe Martinez,

Tino Silva, Kevan Michael Walke

SENIOR ADVISORY COMMISSION

Wanda Buck, Barbara A. "Bobbi" Estrada, Carolyn Seeger, Nancy Toledo

YOUTH COMMISSION

Jasmine Kelley-Tanti, Antonio Davila, Ria Grewal, Icko Iben, Vincent Kloes, Jezzabella Jimenez, Smrithi Suresh, Caroline Kloes, Adrianne Krivokapic-Zhon, Damarah Madriaga, Natasha Yen, Jill Mangawang, Siya Sharma, Kayla Phan, Meera Suresh, Sanjana Yerramaneni

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended June 30, 2018

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM

CITY MANAGER

Deanna J. Santana

ACTING CITY CLERK CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

Jennifer Yamaguma Walter C. Rossmann

<u>CITY ATTORNEY</u> <u>ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER</u>

Brian Doyle Nadine Nader

CHIEF OF POLICE ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

Michael J. Sellers Manuel Pineda

FIRE CHIEF ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

William G. Kelly Ruth Shikada

COMMUNITY RELATIONS MANAGER DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Vacant Angela Kraetsch

DIRECTOR OF ELECTRIC UTILITY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

John Roukema Craig Mobeck

DIRECTOR OF WATER & SEWER UTILITIES DIRECTOR OF PARKS & RECREATION

Gary Welling James F. Teixeira

<u>DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION</u>
<u>DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY</u>

TECHNOLOGY/CIO
Gaurav Garg
DEVELOPMENT
Andrew Crabtree

CITY LIBRARIAN INTERIM DIRECTOR OF HUMAN

Hilary Keith RESOURCES

Julia Hill



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Santa Clara California

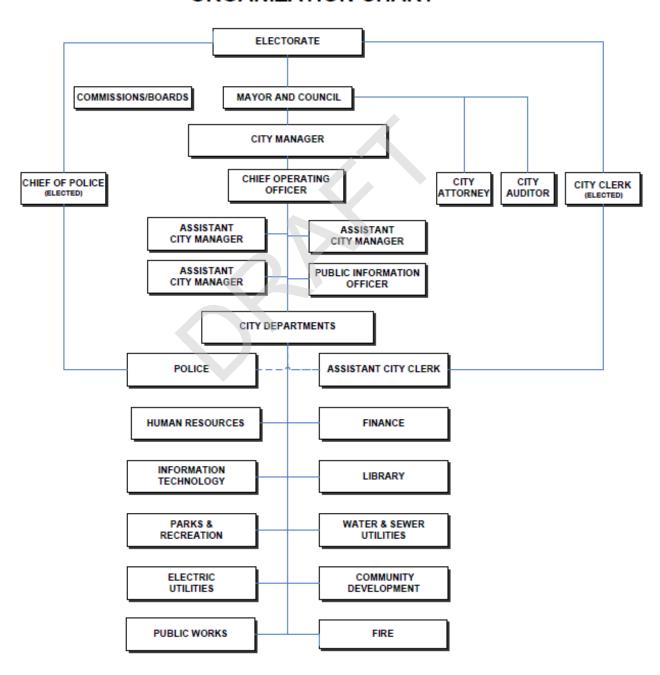
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

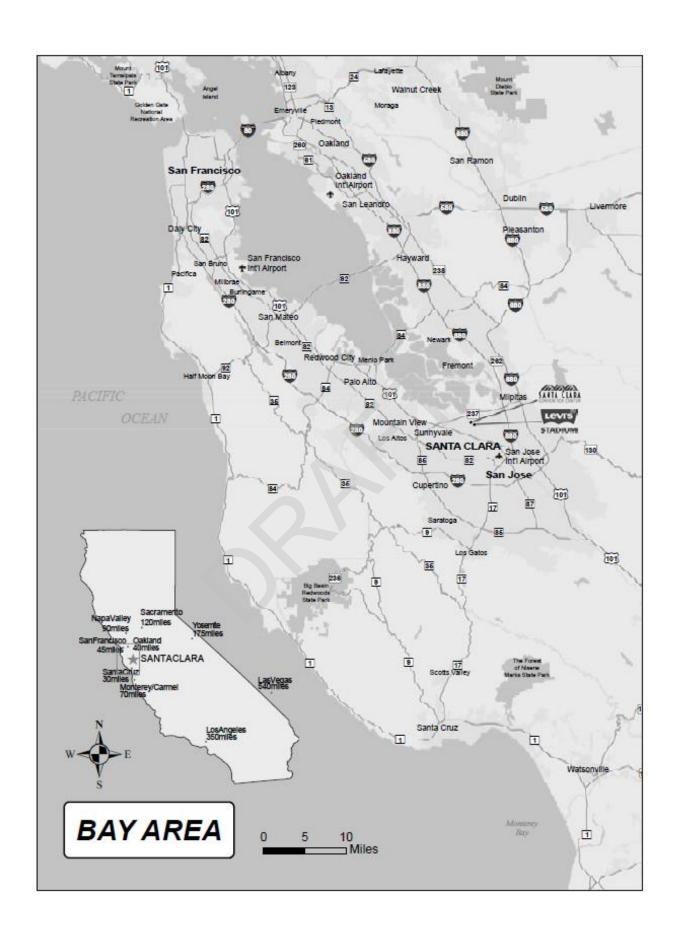
Christophu P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATION CHART









Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report on Basic Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Santa Clara, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Santa Clara, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. We did not audit the component unit financial statements of the Santa Clara Stadium Authority (Stadium Authority), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018, which is both a major fund and 37.6%, 4.0%, and 16.1% of the assets, net position and revenues, respectively, of the business-type activities.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Stadium Authority were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Stadium Authority, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We also did not audit the financial statements of Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC) and San Jose-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility and Clean Water Financing Authority (SJSC) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, related to the calculation of the Investments in Joint Ventures. The Investment in these Joint Ventures collectively represents 8.2%, 17.4% and 1.2% respectively, of total assets, net position and revenues of the business-type activities. The financial statements of the NCPA, TANC and SJSC were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the calculation of the Investments in Joint Ventures, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Change in Accounting Principles

Management adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2018 and required the restatement of beginning net position as discussed in Notes 16 and 18E to the financial statements.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasant Hill, California December 3, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Santa Clara's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should review the discussion and analysis in conjunction with the basic financial statements, as well as the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights for fiscal year June 30, 2018 are as follows:

- During fiscal year 2017-18, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) statement No. 75 which required the recording of net OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred outflow. See Note 16 for details of this adjustment.
- The assets of the City, as a whole, exceeded its liabilities by \$1.7 billion in fiscal year 2017-18. Of this amount, \$(205) million represents unrestricted net position, a decrease of \$56 million from fiscal year 2016-17. The negative position is primarily due to the increase of the net pension liability of \$51 million and the increase of the net OPEB liability of \$46 million
- The City's total net position increased by \$37 million primarily due to a \$20 million decrease in governmental activities and \$57 million increase in business activities.
- As of June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$328 million, an increase of \$2 million from the prior year. At June 30, 2018, \$108 million is in the unassigned fund balance and available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the close of fiscal year 2017-18, the General Fund had assets of \$204 million and a fund balance of \$196 million. This represents an increase in fund balance of \$4 million, or 2% from prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance, \$157 million was unrestricted (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance).
- In November 2012, the Santa Clara Stadium Authority (Stadium Authority) elected to adjust its fiscal year to April 1 through March 31 to conform with the fiscal year of Stadium Funding Trust (FinanceCo). This report covers the twelve month period from April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018. As of March 31, 2018, buildings, infrastructure and land improvements equaled \$766 million and the assets of the Stadium Authority exceeded its liabilities by \$43 million.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$62 million during the current fiscal year primarily due to the repayment of Stadium Authority debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a whole. This report consists of six parts – introductory section, financial/MD&A section, basic financial statements, required supplementary information, supplementary information, and statistical section.

The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the City:

- The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The *Fund Financial Statements* focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. They include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities provides information about the City's revenues and expenses, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the fiscal year.

The Government-wide Financial Statements are divided into two categories:

- Governmental Activities—all of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. Included in basic services are the City Council, City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney, Information Technology, Human Resources, Finance, Parks and Recreation, Library, Planning and Inspection, Public Works, Police, and Fire. These services are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-Type Activities—unlike governmental services, these services are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. All of the City's enterprise activities are reported as business-type activities, including the Major funds (Electric, Water, Sewer, Water Recycling utilities, and Stadium Authority) and Non-Major funds (Solid Waste, Cemetery, Santa Clara Golf & Tennis Club, Santa Clara Convention Center, and Sports and Open Space Authority).

The City is the primary government in this report. These financial statements include four entities that, although legally separate, are important because they are blended component units of the City. These component units are the Stadium Authority, City of Santa Clara Sports and Open Space Authority, the Santa Clara Housing Authority, and the City of Santa Clara Public Facilities Financing Corporation. These component units have been included as an integral part of the City (that is, they have been "blended" with those of the City) and they are not reported as separate discrete component units in these financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. Each major fund is presented individually, with all non-major funds combined in a single column on each fund statement. The non-major fund statements are presented in the Supplementary Information section of this report. Major funds present the primary activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balance left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds: Enterprise and Internal Service Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the full accrual basis of accounting, similar to that used by private sector companies. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The City's Proprietary Funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the Government-wide Statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Since the City's Internal Service Funds provide goods and services only to the City's governmental and business-type activities, their activities are only reported at the fund level. Internal Service Funds cannot be considered major funds because their revenues are derived from other City funds. Revenues between funds are eliminated in the Government-wide Financial Statements and any related profits or losses are returned to the activities in which they were created, along with any residual net position of the Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary Funds are prepared on the full accrual basis, similar to the Proprietary Funds. The City has three types of Fiduciary Funds: the Agency Funds (which includes Employee Benefit and Liability Clearing, Special Assessments, and Deposits), the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Trust Fund and the Private Purpose Trust Funds (which includes the Charitable Trust and Successor Agency). The City's fiduciary activities are reported separately in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's Financial Statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its own operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements follow the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information. This information includes budgetary comparison schedules and the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ANALYSIS

Citywide Financial Statements

This section focuses on the City's net position and changes in net position of its governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. As noted earlier, the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.7 billion at the end of the fiscal year, an increase in net position of \$37 million.

Table 1
Governmental And Business-Type Net Position
(in millions)

| | Governmental Activities | | | ctivities | Business-Type Activities | | | | Total | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | 2018 | | 2017* | | 2018 | | 2017* | | 2018 | | 2017* | |
| Cash and investments Other assets Capital assets | \$ | 309 172 573 | \$ | 309 165 553 | \$ | 533 267 1,456 | \$ | 500 240 1,470 | \$ | 842 439 2,029 | \$ | 809 405 2,023 |
| Total Assets | | 1,054 | | 1,027 | | 2,256 | | 2,210 | | ,310 | | ,237 |
| Deferred outflows on derivative instruments Deferred outflows from refunding Deferred outflows pension related | | - - 89 | 7 | - - 67 | | 4 5 27 | | 7 6 20 | | 4 5 116 | | 7 6 87 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 89 | | 67 | | 36 | | 33 | | 125 | | 100 |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | | 19 | | 21 | | 591 | | 655 | | 610 | | 676 |
| Net OPEB liability | | 24 | | - | | 22 | | - | | 46 | | - |
| Net pension liability | | 389 | | 349 | | 127 | | 116 | | 516 | | 465 |
| Other liabilities | | 83 | | 72 | | 482 | | 458 | | 565 | | 530 |
| Total Liabilities | | 515 | | 442 | | 1,222 | | 1,229 | 1 | ,737 | 1 | ,671 |
| Deferred inflows from refunding | | _ | | _ | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Deferred inflows pension related | | 9 | | 13 | | 1 | | 2 | | 10 | | 15 |
| Total Deferred Inflows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of Resources | | 9 | | 13 | | 2 | | 3 | | 11 | | 16 |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | | 553 246 (180) | | 532 242 (135) | | 918 174 (24) | | 882 142 (13) | - | 1,471 420 (204) | | 1,414 384 (148) |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 619 | \$ | 639 | \$ | 1,068 | \$ | 1,011 | \$ 1 | ,687 | \$ 1 | ,650 |

^{*} Not restated for the effects of GASB75.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$1.5 billion (87%), is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its residents and other stakeholders. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the City's net position of \$420 million (25%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$(204) million (-12%) is unrestricted and is negative due to the City's net pension and OPEB liabilities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position except for the Workers' Compensation Insurance Claims, Special Liability Insurance Claims, Cemetery Enterprise Fund, Solid Waste Enterprise Fund and Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club.

Table 2
Governmental and Business-Type Changes in Net Position (in millions)

| | Governmental Activities | | Busines Activ | | Total | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | 2018 | 2017* | 2018 | 2017* | 2018 | 2017* | |
| Revenues: | - | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 37 | \$ 38 | \$ 722 | \$ 688 | \$ 759 | \$ 726 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 7 | 5 | - | - | 7 | 5 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 20 | 14 | 4 | 4 | 24 | 18 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Sales | 56 | 56 | - | - | 56 | 56 | |
| Ad valorem property | 55 | 51 | - | - | 55 | 51 | |
| Transient occupancy | 21 | 20 | - | - | 21 | 20 | |
| Other | 6 | 6 | - | - | 6 | 6 | |
| Contribution in lieu of taxes | 22 | 21 | - | - | 22 | 21 | |
| Investment earnings | 5 | 3 | 16 | 13 | 21 | 16 | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments | (2) | (3) | (4) | (4) | (6) | (7) | |
| Rents and royalties | 11 | 12 | - | - | 11 | 12 | |
| Other | 16 | 40 | - | | 16 | 40 | |
| Total revenues | 254 | 263 | 738 | 701 | 992 | 964 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | 25 | 21 | - | _ | 25 | 21 | |
| City Clerk | 1 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| City Attorney | 1 | - | _ | _ | 1 | _ | |
| Human Resources | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | 2 | 2 | |
| Finance | 6 | 5 | _ | _ | 6 | 5 | |
| Public Works | 38 | 34 | _ | _ | 38 | 34 | |
| Parks and Recreation | 21 | 19 | _ | _ | 21 | 19 | |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | |
| Police | 77 | 64 | _ | _ | 77 | 64 | |
| Fire | 55 | 43 | _ | _ | 55 | 43 | |
| Planning and Inspection | 11 | 9 | _ | _ | 11 | 9 | |
| Library | 12 | 10 | - | _ | 12 | 10 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 1 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| Utilities: | | | | | | | |
| Electric- | | | | | | | |
| Retail | _ | _ | 402 | 368 | 402 | 368 | |
| Wholesale | _ | _ | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | |
| Water | _ | _ | 42 | 36 | 42 | 36 | |
| Sewer | _ | - | 26 | 23 | 26 | 23 | |
| Water Recycling | - | - | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| Solid Waste | _ | - | 23 | 27 | 23 | 27 | |
| Cemetery | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | _ | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Santa Clara Convention Center | _ | - | 9 | 8 | 9 | 8 | |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority | _ | - | 111 | 105 | 111 | 105 | |
| Total expenses | 250 | 209 | 657 | 611 | 907 | 820 | |
| Increase in net position before transfers | 4 | 54 | 81 | 90 | 85 | 144 | |
| Transfers in (out) | 1 | | | 4 | 63 | 144 | |
| Increase in net position before special item | | <u>(4)</u> 50 | (1) | 94 | 85 | 144 | |
| Change in accounting principal | (25) | - | (23) | - | (48) | 177 | |
| Net position - July 1 as adjusted | 614 | 589 | 988 | 917 | 1,602 | 1,506 | |
| Net position - June 30 | \$ 619 | \$ 639 | \$ 1,068 | \$ 1,011 | \$ 1,687 | \$ 1,650 | |
| The position - June 30 | Ф 017 | ψ 037 | φ 1,000 | ψ 1,011 | ψ 1,007 | φ 1,050 | |

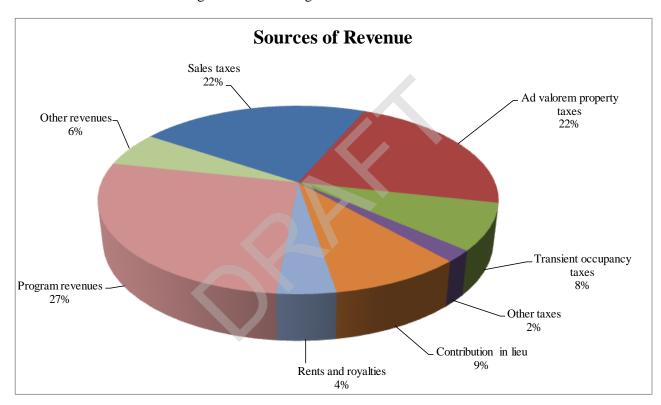
^{*} Not restated for the effects of GASB75.

Governmental Activities - governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$20 million, as adjusted. This is primarily due to the implementation of the GASB75 in the fiscal year 2017-18.

Business-type Activities - business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$57 million, as adjusted. This is primarily due to the decrease of \$23 million due to the implementation of the GASB75, net of a \$41 million increase in the Electric Fund, a \$25 million increase in the Sewer Fund, and a \$10 million increase from the Stadium Authority operations.

Governmental Activities

The chart below presents revenues by source for Governmental Activities. General revenues are composed of taxes and other revenues not specifically generated by, or restricted to, individual activities. All tax revenues and investment earnings are included in general revenues.



The following analysis presents a comparison of fiscal year 2017-18 and fiscal year 2016-17 by the total cost and net cost of each of the City's largest programs. Net cost is defined as total program cost less the revenues generated by those specific activities. It is common to see Governmental Activities as net cost generators, wherein costs of governmental activities are greater than the revenues they generate.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(in millions)

| | Total Cost | | | Net Cost | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|----|-------------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Of Services | | | Of Services | | | | |
| | 20 | 2018 2017 | | 2018 | | 20 | 017 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | \$ | 25 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 17 |
| City Clerk | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| City Attorney | | 1 | | - | | 1 | | - |
| Human Resources | | 2 | | 2 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Finance | | 6 | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 |
| Public Works | | 38 | | 34 | | 9 | | 12 |
| Parks and Recreation | | 21 | | 19 | | 18 | | 15 |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | 77 | | 64 | | 70 | | 58 |
| Fire | | 55 | | 43 | | 46 | | 36 |
| Planning and Inspection | | 11 | | 9 | | (2) | | (4) |
| Library | | 12 | | 10 | | 12 | | 10 |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Totals | \$ | 250 | \$ | 209 | \$ | 186 | \$ | 153 |

In fiscal year 2017-18, total costs of services increased \$41 million and net costs increased \$33 million. The increased cost for Governmental Activities was primarily due to an increase in public safety costs.

Business-type Activities

The following analysis provides the total costs and net costs of each of the City's enterprise funds. Net cost is defined as total program cost less the revenues generated by each enterprise fund.

Table 4
Business-Type Activities
(in millions)

| | Total Cost | | | | Net Cost | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-----|-------------|------|----|------|
| | | Of Se | rvice | S | Of Services | | | |
| | 2 | 2018 | 2017 | | 2018 | | | 2017 |
| Utilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Electric - | | | | | | | | |
| Retail | \$ | 402 | \$ | 368 | \$ | (38) | \$ | (56) |
| Wholesale | | 35 | | 35 | | - | | (1) |
| Water | | 42 | | 36 | | (5) | | (4) |
| Sewer | | 26 | | 23 | | (25) | | (20) |
| Water Recycling | | 5 | | 5 | | (1) | | - |
| Solid Waste | | 23 | | 27 | | - | | 4 |
| Cemetery | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | - |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | | 3 | | 3 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Santa Clara Convention Center | | 9 | | 8 | | (1) | | (1) |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority | | 111 | | 105 | | (1) | | (4) |
| Totals | \$ | 657 | \$ | 611 | \$ | (69) | \$ | (81) |

The City's business-type total costs of services increased \$46 million and net costs of services decreased by \$12 million as of June 30, 2018. The net costs of services for the Electric Utility were (\$38) million, an increase of \$19 million from the prior year. This net cost increase can be attributed to an increase in power purchase costs. The net cost of services in Water Utility Fund decrease of \$1 million is due to the increase in the utility rates. The net cost of services in Sewer Utility Fund decrease of \$5 million is mainly due to the equity increase in the joint project with City of San Jose. The net cost of services in Solid Waste Fund decrease of \$4 million is mainly due to recognizing increased landfill post-closure costs to meet accounting requirements in fiscal year 2016-17.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing

requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose.

At June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of almost \$328 million, an increase of \$2 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately 33% or \$108 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form, \$25 million, 2) restricted for particular purposes, \$105 million, 3) committed for particular purposes, \$82 million, or 4) assigned for particular purposes, \$8 million.

Governmental fund revenues decreased \$13 million, or 5%, from prior year to \$253 million. The majority of this is due to a decrease in the developer impact fees in the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

Governmental fund expenditures were \$250 million, an increase of \$13 million from the prior year. The increase is primarily attributable to higher salary and benefit costs in the General Fund.

General Fund

Revenues

The City's General Fund revenues totaled \$230 million in fiscal year 2017-18, unchanged from the prior fiscal year.

Sales tax revenue is the largest revenue source for the City's General Fund and accounts for approximately 22% of direct General Fund revenues. Sales tax revenue remains the same as the prior year for a total of \$56 million.

Property tax revenues for fiscal year 2017-18 were \$55 million, an increase of \$4 million or 8% from the prior year as a result of growth in the assessed valuation on secured properties.

Transient occupancy taxes were \$21 million in fiscal year 2017-18, unchanged from fiscal year 2016-17.

Licenses, permits, fines and penalties revenue were \$9 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared with \$11 million in fiscal year 2016-17.

Intergovernmental revenues were \$5 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared to \$9 million in the previous year. The \$4 million decrease is due to the City's share of proceeds from the Successor Agency's sale of the land in the fiscal year 2016-17.

Charges for services totaled \$43 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared to \$41 million in the prior fiscal year. This increase is largely attributed to fee increases.

Contributions in-lieu of taxes were approximately \$22 million in fiscal year 2017-18, an increase of \$1 million or 4% compared to the previous year.

Interest and rent revenues were \$14 million in fiscal year 2017-18 unchanged from prior fiscal year.

Expenditures

General Fund expenditures totaled \$211 million for fiscal year 2017-18 compared to \$192 million in the prior year. This amount excludes encumbrances and re-appropriations.

Salary and benefits expenditures were \$167 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared with \$150 million in fiscal year 2016-17 an increase of \$17 million. This increase is primarily due to increased salary and benefit costs as well as an increase in General Fund positions.

Other operating expenditures, including materials, services, and supplies, internal service fund charges and minor capital outlays, were \$44 million in fiscal year 2017-18, an increase of \$3 million from the previous fiscal year.

Transfers out for fiscal year 2017-18 were \$18 million compared to \$46 million in the prior year. This decrease of \$28 million was primarily due to the purchase of various properties in fiscal year 2016-17.

Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2018, total fund balance in the General Fund was \$196 million, up \$4 million from fiscal year 2016-17. Table 5A shows the breakdown of various components compared with the prior fiscal year.

Table 5A
General Fund Balance for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
(in millions)

| | 2018 | | 2017 | | Net Change | |
|----------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------------|-----|
| Nonspendable | \$ | 25 | \$ | 14 | \$ | 11 |
| Restricted | Ψ | 14 | Ψ | 19 | Ψ | (5) |
| Committed | | 42 | | 46 | | (4) |
| Assigned | | 7 | | 5 | | 2 |
| Unassigned | | 108 | | 108 | | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| Total General Fund Balance | \$ | 196 | \$ | 192 | \$ | 4 |

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's budget is a flexible-spending plan, which commits resources to the accomplishment of City Council goals and objectives. During the fiscal year, the City Council took action to amend the adopted General Fund budget. A summary of the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, located in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, is shown in the following table:

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget

Table 5B
General Fund Budget for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
(in millions)

| | O | riginal | | Final | |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------|--------|----------|-----------|
| | Budgeted | | | Budgeted | Net |
| | Amount | | Amount | | Change |
| Revenues | \$ | 224 | \$ | 224 | \$ - |
| Expenditures | \$ | 219 | \$ | 221 | \$ 2 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | \$ | (10) | \$ | (15) | \$ (5) |

Adjustments to the original budget were based on the following:

- The increase in budgeted expenditures is mainly due to a \$0.4 million mid-year budget adjustment for Cannabis regulation and potential Council District hearing in fiscal year 2017-18 and \$1.4 million additional overtime appropriation in compliance with the Fair Labor Standard Act.
- The decrease in budgeted Other Financing Uses is due to a \$3 million transfer from the General Fund Capital Projects Reserves to fund the various capital improvement projects and \$2 million transfer from the Budget Stabilization Reserves to fund the Special Liability Insurance Claims.

Final Budget Versus Actual

Table 5C
General Fund Final Budget Versus Actual for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
(in millions)

| | F | inal | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------|----|-------|------|-------|
| | Buc | lgeted | A | ctual | | |
| | An | nount | Ar | nount | Vari | iance |
| Revenues | \$ | 224 | \$ | 229 | \$ | 5 |
| Expenditures | \$ | 221 | \$ | 213 | \$ | (8) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | \$ | (15) | \$ | (14) | \$ | 1 |

The most significant differences between actual and final budgeted amounts are explained as follows:

- The final budgeted revenues resulted in a \$5 million positive variance mainly due to increases in property and transient occupancy taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and development-related other revenues.
- Actual expenditures were \$8 million lower than the final budget as a result of lower departmental costs. See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) for additional details.

Santa Clara Housing Successor

The Santa Clara Housing Successor (SCHS) Fund accounts for the activities related to the housing assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the Redevelopment Agency. The activities are governed by Community Redevelopment Law and must be used to provide housing for people with low and moderate incomes.

The SCHS's revenues were approximately \$2 million in fiscal year 2017-18. Revenues received were mostly loan repayments on low income loans. The general expenditures were \$502 thousand, an increase of \$354 thousand compared to the prior year due primarily to an increased case management services offered to persons experiencing (or at risk of) homelessness and an increased administration and labor related to developing the land held for development of affordable housing and also for managing and monitoring assets.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

These funds are not presented separately in the Basic Financial statements but are individually presented in the Supplemental Information section of this report.

Financial Analysis of Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Fund net position totaled \$1.070 billion at the end of fiscal year 2017-18, an increase of \$58 million or 6% over the prior fiscal year. Enterprise operating revenues were \$645 million, up \$22 million from last year's revenues. Fund operating expenses were \$585 million, up \$49 million from the prior year. The increase can be largely attributed to increases in materials, supplies and services in the Electric Fund.

The equity in joint venture in fiscal year 2017-18 was income of \$9 million, compared to a \$3 million loss in the previous year. This increase of \$12 million is mostly due to revenue increase in the Northern California Power Agency and rate increase in the San Jose Santa Clara Joint Wastewater Treatment Facility joint project. Not including the joint venture activity, non-operating revenues in fiscal year 2017-18 were \$80 million, an increase from the prior year of \$2 million mostly due to an increase in interest revenue. Non-operating expenses were \$70 million which were down \$3 million from the previous year.

Electric Utility

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's electric utility services. Retail operating revenues were \$404 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared with \$390 million in fiscal year 2016-17. The main reason for this increase was due to consumption increases in commercial and industrial sectors.

Retail operating expenses were \$387 million in fiscal year 2017-18 compared with \$351 million in fiscal year 2016-17, an increase of \$36 million or 10%. Operating expenses were higher primarily due to increases in operating costs and in the cost of purchased power.

Revenues of wholesale power operations decreased to \$35 million in the current fiscal year, down from \$36 million in fiscal year 2016-17. The costs of wholesale power purchases remain unchanged at \$35 million in the current fiscal year.

Interest revenues were \$4 million in fiscal year 2017-18, up from \$3 million in fiscal year 2016-17 due primarily to a higher interest rate environment. Interest expense was \$8 million in current year, which slightly decreased from fiscal year 2016-17.

The Electric Utility Fund had a net position of \$706 million at June 30, 2018, an increase of \$24 million from the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$402 million was net investment in capital assets, \$4 million was restricted for the pension stabilization fund, and \$300 million was unrestricted. The Electric Utility Fund is a participant in a number of joint ventures including Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), the Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC), M-S-R Public Power Agency (MSR PPA), and M-S-R Energy Authority (MSR EA).

Water Utility

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water utility services. Operating revenues were \$45 million in fiscal year 2017-18, an increase of \$6 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase in revenue is due to an increase in utility rates and increased water usage.

Operating expenses were \$42 million in fiscal year 2017-18, compared to \$36 million in fiscal year 2016-17. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the cost of materials, services and supplies compared to the prior year. A major contributor to the material increase was the increased cost to purchase water. The Water Utility Fund's net position at June 30, 2018 remains at \$53 million.

Sewer Utility

This fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. Operating revenues of the Sewer Utility remained flat from the previous year due to sewer utility rates not being increased in the current fiscal year.

Operating expenses were \$25 million in fiscal year 2017-18, compared with \$23 million in fiscal year 2016-17. The majority of this increase is due to higher operational and maintenance cost related to the jointly owned San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility.

The Sewer Utility Fund had a net position of \$236 million at June 30, 2018, an increase of \$23 million from the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$21 million was net investment in capital assets, \$138 million was restricted for joint venture capital projects and \$77 million was unrestricted. The Sewer Utility, together with the City of San Jose, owns the San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility which is administered by the City of San Jose. The Utility's ownership share is approximately 19.33% of the assets, capital and operating costs. In fiscal year 2016-17, the City of San Jose reported that the gain of the Utility's equity in the Regional Wastewater Facility was \$15 million (fiscal year 2017-18 amounts were not available at the time of this report).

Water Recycling

This fund accounts for the ongoing maintenance and operations of the City's wastewater reclamation system. Operating revenues have increased slightly from the prior year to \$5 million. The increased revenue is due to an increase in the recycle water utility rates. Operating expenses remain at \$5 million. The net position at June 30, 2018 remains at \$5 million.

Santa Clara Stadium Authority (Stadium Authority)

These funds account for the development and operation of Levi's Stadium. As of March 31, 2018, the Stadium Authority recorded approximately \$108 million in operating revenue and incurred \$90 million in operating expenses. Net position at March 31, 2018 was \$43 million, an increase of \$11 million from the previous year.

Solid Waste

This fund accounts for the administration of the City's garbage and rubbish collection service. Operating revenues were \$24 million in fiscal year 2017-18, an increase of \$1 million from fiscal year 2016-17. Operating expenses were \$23 million in fiscal year 2017-18, a decrease of \$4 million from fiscal year 2016-17, mainly due to the one time recognition of an additional \$5 million liability for landfill post-closure obligations and an increase in the garbage collection fees in the prior fiscal year. As a result of this accounting entry, this fund has a deficit net position of \$2 million. This deficit is expected to be funded by charges for services in future years.

Cemetery

This fund accounts for the Mission City Memorial Park's operations. Operating revenues were \$666 thousand down 17% while operating expenses were up 42% due to an increase in salary and benefit and materials, services, and supplies expenditures. Net position at June 30, 2018 was \$(3.2) million, a decrease of \$700 thousand from fiscal year 2016-17. This fund has frequently run a deficit in its operation and capital activities, which has been covered by an advance from General Fund reserves.

Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club

This fund accounts for the operations of the City's public golf course. Operating revenues were \$2 million in fiscal year 2017-18; unchanged from the prior fiscal year. Operating expenses remained at \$3 million, the same as the previous fiscal year. Net position at June 30, 2018 was \$(3.0) million.

Santa Clara Convention Center

This fund accounts for the operations of the Santa Clara Convention Center. Operating revenues were \$9 million in fiscal year 2017-18; unchanged from the previous year. Operating expenses was \$8 million, remain unchanged in fiscal year 2017-18. Net position at June 30, 2018 was \$33 million.

Sports and Open Space Authority (SOSA)

This fund accounts for the acquisition and preservation of open space within the City and the development of local sports activities. Operating revenues was zero in fiscal year 2017-18 due to the expiration of the operating lease. Operating expenses were \$10 thousand. Net position at June 30, 2018 was \$2 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2018, the City's capital assets totaled \$573 million in Governmental Activities, and \$1.46 billion in Business-Type Activities, net of depreciation. They were invested in a broad range of categories, as shown in Table 6.

Table 6
Capital Assets at June 30, 2018
(in millions)

| | 2018 | | 2017 | | Net Change | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------------|------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | _ |
| Land | \$ | 109 | \$ | 109 | \$ | - |
| Construction in progress | | 24 | | 16 | | 8 |
| Land improvements | | 23 | | 22 | | 1 |
| Buildings | | 212 | | 212 | | - |
| Infrastructure | | 535 | | 508 | | 27 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 76 | | 73 | | 3 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (406) | | (387) | | (19) |
| Totals | \$ | 573 | \$ | 553 | \$ | 20 |
| | | | | | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 19 | \$ | 19 | \$ | - |
| Construction in progress | | 74 | | 73 | | 1 |
| Land improvements | | 24 | | 24 | | - |
| Buildings | | 917 | | 917 | | - |
| Infrastructure | | 1,040 | | 1,015 | | 25 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 24 | | 23 | | 1 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (642) | | (601) | | (41) |
| Totals | \$ | 1,456 | \$ | 1,470 | \$ | (14) |

The increase of \$20 million in the Governmental Funds asset base was primarily due to \$17 million of Contributed Infrastructure from various developers. The \$14 million decrease in Enterprise Funds capital assets was due the depreciation of Levi's Stadium.

The Capital Improvement Project Budget for fiscal year 2017-18 and Five-Year Financial Plan for fiscal year 2017-18 through fiscal year 2022-23 contain more detailed discussions of Capital Projects planned for the City of Santa Clara. See Note 9 to the financial statements for additional details on fiscal year 2017-18 capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Each of the City's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 10 to the financial statements. At June 30, 2018 the City's debt was comprised of the following:

Table 7
Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2018
(in millions)

| | Bala | nce | Bal | ance | | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|-----|--------|
| Governmental Activity Debt: | June 30 | , 2018 | June 3 | 0, 2017 | Net | Change |
| Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2013 | \$ | 15 | \$ | 16 | \$ | (1) |
| Lease Agreement Between City of Santa Clara and City of | | | | | | |
| Santa Clara Public Facilities Financing Corporation | | 4 | | 5 | | (1) |
| Business-Type Debt: | | | | | | |
| Electric Utility Revenue Bonds, net of unamortized discount | | 171 | | 180 | | (9) |
| Electric Bank of America Loan Agreement | | 26 | | 30 | | (4) |
| Sewer Utility Trimble Road Loan | | 11 | | 11 | | - |
| StadCo Subordinated Loan ⁽¹⁾ | | 67 | | 113 | | (46) |
| StadCo CFD Advance (1) | | 33 | | 34 | | (1) |
| Stadium Funding Trust Loan ⁽¹⁾ | | 283 | | 283 | | |
| Total Debt | \$ | 610 | \$ | 672 | \$ | (62) |

⁽¹⁾ Stadium Authority's long-term obligations are based on a March 31 fiscal year end.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 (AB 26) that provided for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. On February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in California were effectively dissolved. The Successor Agency for the Santa Clara Redevelopment Agency is currently in the process of winding down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

See Notes 21 and 22 for further information on the Redevelopment Agency dissolution and Successor Agency activities.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The economy of the City is discussed in the accompanying Transmittal Letter.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. A separate Annual Financial Report for Silicon Valley Power is available upon request. Questions about this Report should be directed to the City of Santa Clara Finance Department, at 1500 Warburton Avenue, Santa Clara, California, 95050, telephone (408) 615-2340.

Basic Financial Statements



CITY OF SANTA CLARA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis—the effect of all the City's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between City funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Position reports the excess of the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources over the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position presents similar information to the balance sheet format, but presents it in a way that focuses the reader on the composition of the City's net position, by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows from total assets and deferred outflows.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating interfund transactions and balances. The City's Business-Type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The format of the Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net (expense) revenue of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-Type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City, the Santa Clara Housing Authority, the Santa Clara Stadium Authority, the City of Santa Clara Sports and Open Space Authority, and the City of Santa Clara Public Facilities Financing Corporation, which are legally separate but are component units of the City.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| ASSETS | _ | | _ |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 7): | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 294,109,308 | \$ 459,044,179 | \$ 753,153,487 |
| Investments with fiscal agent | 258 | 39,633,409 | 39,633,667 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): | | | |
| Accounts | 5,173,940 | 75,703,077 | 80,877,017 |
| Interest | 1,149,964 | 1,603,883 | 2,753,847 |
| Intergovernmental | 12,991,447 | - | 12,991,447 |
| Materials, supplies and prepaid | 1,098,051 | 12,063,369 | 13,161,420 |
| Derivative financial instruments (Note 10D) | - | 21,505 | 21,505 |
| Land held for development (Note 2H) | 18,761,366 | - | 18,761,366 |
| Total Current Assets | 333,284,334 | 588,069,422 | 921,353,756 |
| Noncurrent Assets | | | |
| Restricted Cash (Note 7) | 14,524,903 | 7,871,508 | 22,396,411 |
| Investment with fiscal agent (Note 7) | 708,386 | 25,744,943 | 26,453,329 |
| Deposits (Note 7) | - | 919,873 | 919,873 |
| Internal balances (Note 8) | 10,573,734 | (8,185,807) | 2,387,927 |
| Long term loans, net (Note 2BB) | 112,408,643 | - | 112,408,643 |
| Capital assets (Note 9): | | | |
| Land and construction in progress | 132,553,578 | 92,525,273 | 225,078,851 |
| Capital assets being depreciated, net | 439,972,719 | 1,363,009,625 | 1,802,982,344 |
| Investment in joint ventures (Note 12) | 4,868,620 | 185,483,207 | 190,351,827 |
| Other | 5,146,944 | - | 5,146,944 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 720,757,527 | 1,667,368,622 | 2,388,126,149 |
| Total Assets | 1,054,041,861 | 2,255,438,044 | 3,309,479,905 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Derivative instruments (Note 10D) | - | 4,307,888 | 4,307,888 |
| Refunding | - | 5,098,929 | 5,098,929 |
| OPEB related items (Note 16) | 149,007 | 136,993 | 286,000 |
| Pension related items (Note 13) | 88,936,954 | 26,553,633 | 115,490,587 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ 89,085,961 | \$ 36,097,443 | \$ 125,183,404 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | | Total |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------|------|---|
| LIABILITIES | | _ | | _ | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ | 18,662,936 | \$ | 44,784,144 | \$ | 63,447,080 |
| Interest payable | | 353,763 | | 10,150,733 | | 10,504,496 |
| Accrued compensated absences (Note 2K) | | 1,351,459 | | 488,392 | | 1,839,851 |
| Unearned revenue, current portion | | - | | 14,063,333 | | 14,063,333 |
| Landfill closure liability (Note 11) | | - | | 470,000 | | 470,000 |
| Derivative financial instruments (Note 10D) | | - | | 109,674 | | 109,674 |
| Long-term debt-due within one year (Note 10) | | 1,786,000 | | 28,686,140 | | 30,472,140 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 22,154,158 | | 98,752,416 | | 120,906,574 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Long-term portion estimated claims (Note 19) | | 20,380,107 | | - | | 20,380,107 |
| Accrued compensated absences (Note 2K) | | 14,121,592 | | 5,103,272 | | 19,224,864 |
| Landfill closure liabilities (Note 11) | | - | | 4,301,173 | | 4,301,173 |
| Accrued liabilities | | - | | 4,379,503 | | 4,379,503 |
| Unearned revenue | | 27,788,762 | | 393,727,571 | | 421,516,333 |
| Long-term derivative financial instruments | | | | | | |
| (Note 10D) | | - | | 4,198,214 | | 4,198,214 |
| Long-term debt-due after one year (Note 10) | | 17,605,581 | | 562,092,345 | | 579,697,926 |
| Net OPEB liability-due after one year (Note 16) | | 24,263,488 | | 22,307,512 | | 46,571,000 |
| Net pension liability-due after one year (Note 13) | | 389,363,494 | | 127,023,783 | | 516,387,277 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | | 493,523,024 | 1 | ,123,133,373 | | ,616,656,397 |
| Total Liabilities | | 515,677,182 | 1 | ,221,885,789 | 1 | ,737,562,971 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Derivative instruments (Note 10D) | | - | | 21,505 | | 21,505 |
| Refunding | | - | | 403,800 | | 403,800 |
| Pension related items (Note 13) | | 8,636,065 | | 1,031,672 | | 9,667,737 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 8,636,065 | | 1,456,977 | | 10,093,042 |
| NET POSITION (Note 18) | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 553,134,716 | | 917,739,024 |] | ,470,873,740 |
| Restricted for: | | , , , | | , , | | , , , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |
| Capital projects and other agreements | | 74,369,829 | | 174,594,936 | | 248,964,765 |
| Debt service | | 1,134,064 | | - | | 1,134,064 |
| Housing activities | | 125,722,736 | | - | | 125,722,736 |
| Special revenue funds and other | | 44,821,159 | | - | | 44,821,159 |
| Total Restricted Net Position | | 246,047,788 | | 174,594,936 | | 420,642,724 |
| Unrestricted Net Position | | (180,367,929) | | (24,141,239) | | (204,509,168) |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 618,814,575 | \$ 1 | ,068,192,721 | \$ 1 | ,687,007,296 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2018

| | | | P | rogram Revenue | es |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Indirect | | Operating | Capital |
| | | Expenses | Charges for | Grants and | Grants and |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Allocation | Services | Contributions | Contributions |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | - | |
| General Administration | \$ 31,157,402 | \$ (5,690,385) | \$ 398,402 | \$ 1,327,162 | \$ 289,133 |
| City Clerk | 1,429,148 | (565,336) | 28,079 | - | - |
| City Attorney | 1,823,107 | (822,758) | 587 | - | - |
| Human Resources | 3,306,641 | (1,420,163) | - | - | - |
| Finance | 10,937,717 | (4,684,965) | 1,335,605 | - | - |
| Public Works | 40,838,196 | (2,562,130) | 7,216,623 | 2,531,453 | 19,983,885 |
| Parks and Recreation | 21,369,196 | - | 3,125,794 | 581,381 | - |
| Public Safety: | | | | | |
| Police | 76,770,237 | (29,012) | 5,546,158 | 686,760 | - |
| Fire | 55,396,394 | (24,542) | 7,045,324 | 1,893,607 | - |
| Planning and Inspection | 10,614,044 | - | 12,837,088 | 88,964 | - |
| Library | 12,301,832 | - | 131,242 | 62,193 | - |
| Interest on long term debt | 695,483 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Governmental Activities | 266,639,397 | (15,799,291) | 37,664,902 | 7,171,520 | 20,273,018 |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | |
| Utilities: | | | | | |
| Electric - | | | | | |
| Retail | 393,282,866 | 8,723,501 | 440,441,239 | - | - |
| Wholesale | 35,412,937 | - | 34,993,878 | - | - |
| Water | 38,982,295 | 2,794,744 | 46,684,921 | - | - |
| Sewer | 23,927,221 | 1,761,705 | 50,941,541 | - | - |
| Water Recycling | 4,872,131 | 100,028 | 5,478,659 | - | - |
| Solid Waste | 21,584,730 | 1,778,145 | 23,543,750 | - | - |
| Cemetery | 1,094,382 | 79,970 | 665,636 | - | - |
| Sports and Open Space Authority | 9,948 | - | - | - | - |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | 2,950,563 | - | 1,990,818 | - | - |
| Santa Clara Convention Center | 8,423,031 | - | 8,996,160 | - | 64,661 |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority | 110,648,479 | 561,198 | 108,494,543 | - | 3,544,564 |
| Total Business-type Activities | 641,188,583 | 15,799,291 | 722,231,145 | - | 3,609,225 |
| Total | \$ 907,827,980 | \$ - | \$ 759,896,047 | \$ 7,171,520 | \$ 23,882,243 |
| C1 D | | | | | |

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Sales

Ad valorem property

Transient occupancy

Other

Contribution in lieu of taxes

Investment earnings

Net (decrease) in the fair value of investments

Equity in gains/(losses) of joint ventures

Rents and royalties

Other

Transfers (Note 8A)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - beginning

GASB 75 implementation (Note 16)

Net Position - beginning, as adjusted (Note 18E)

Net Position - ending

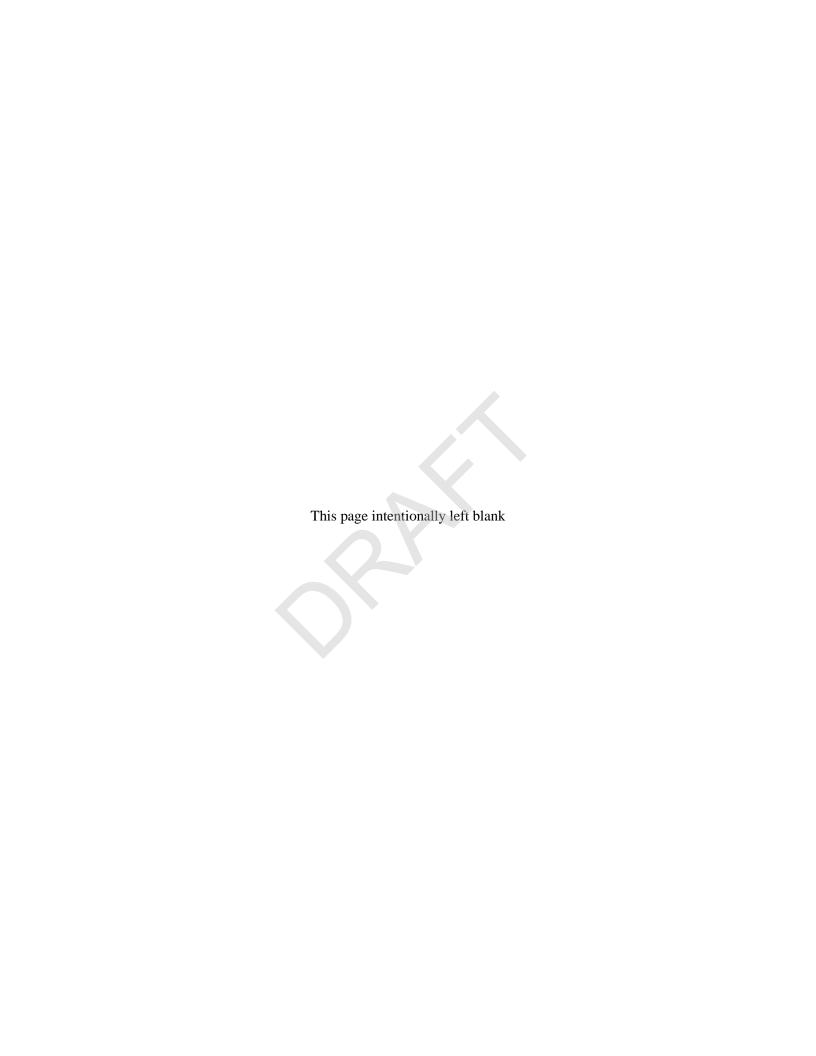
CITY OF SANTA CLARA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

| Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Φ (22.452.220) | Ф | Φ (22.452.220) |
| \$ (23,452,320) | \$ - | \$ (23,452,320) |
| (835,733) | - | (835,733) |
| (999,762) | - | (999,762) |
| (1,886,478) | - | (1,886,478) |
| (4,917,147) | - | (4,917,147) |
| (8,544,105) | - | (8,544,105) |
| (17,662,021) | - | (17,662,021) |
| (70,508,307) | - | (70,508,307) |
| (46,432,921) | - | (46,432,921) |
| 2,312,008 | - | 2,312,008 |
| (12,108,397) | - | (12,108,397) |
| (695,483) | | (695,483) |
| (185,730,666) | - | (185,730,666) |
| | | |
| - | 38,434,872 | 38,434,872 |
| - | (419,059) | (419,059) |
| - | 4,907,882 | 4,907,882 |
| - | 25,252,615 | 25,252,615 |
| - | 506,500 | 506,500 |
| - | 180,875 | 180,875 |
| - | (508,716) | (508,716) |
| - | (9,948) | (9,948) |
| - | (959,745) | (959,745) |
| - | 637,790 | 637,790 |
| | 829,430 | 829,430 |
| | 68,852,496 | 68,852,496 |
| (185,730,666) | 68,852,496 | (116,878,170) |
| | | |
| 56,322,045 | - | 56,322,045 |
| 54,965,098 | - | 54,965,098 |
| 20,579,504 | - | 20,579,504 |
| 6,392,064 | - | 6,392,064 |
| 21,985,803 | - | 21,985,803 |
| 4,599,918 | 15,755,203 | 20,355,121 |
| (2,452,145) | (3,584,018) | (6,036,163) |
| 24,997 | - | 24,997 |
| 10,493,827 | - | 10,493,827 |
| 16,242,881 | (1.456.509) | 16,242,881 |
| 1,456,528 | (1,456,528) | 201 225 177 |
| 190,610,520 | 10,714,657 | 201,325,177 |
| 4,879,854 | 79,567,153 | 84,447,007 |
| 638,829,663 | 1,011,513,626 | 1,650,343,289 |
| (24,894,942) 613,934,721 | (22,888,058) 988,625,568 | (47,783,000) 1,602,560,289 |
| \$ 618,814,575 | \$1,068,192,721 | \$1,687,007,296 |
| \$ 010,017,575 | Ψ1,000,1 <i>72</i> ,721 | \$1,007,007,270 |



CITY OF SANTA CLARA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2017-18. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplementary section on page 161.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources and services traditionally associated with government. The General Fund provides administrative, financial, police protection, fire protection, community development, recreation, and maintenance services to the community and other funds. The General Fund accounts for revenues that have unrestricted uses and are not required legally or by contractual agreement to be accounted for in another fund.

SANTA CLARA HOUSING SUCCESSOR FUND

The Santa Clara Housing Successor Fund accounts for the activities related to the housing assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency. The activities are governed by Community Redevelopment Law and must be used to provide housing for people with low and moderate incomes.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **BALANCE SHEET** June 30, 2018

| | | General Fund | Santa Clara Housing Successor | | |
|---|----------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 7): | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 153,544,008 | \$ | 10,901,019 | |
| Investments with fiscal agent - current | | , , , <u>-</u> | | , , , - | |
| Restricted cash | | 12,205,978 | | _ | |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 4,452,022 | | - | |
| Interest | | 1,149,964 | | - | |
| Loans | | - | | 74,270,939 | |
| Intergovernmental | | 9,145,083 | | - | |
| Due from other funds (Note 8B) | | 2,440,262 | | - | |
| Materials, supplies and prepaids | | 3,331 | | - | |
| Land held for development (Note 2H) | | - | | 18,761,366 | |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent (Note 7) | | - | | - | |
| Advances to other funds (Note 8C) | | 20,108,407 | | - | |
| Other | | 522,680 | | - | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 203,571,735 | \$ | 103,933,324 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ | 7,467,254 | \$ | 139,282 | |
| Advances from other funds (Note 8C) | | | Ť | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 7.467.254 | | 120 292 | |
| Total Liabilities | — | 7,467,254 | | 139,282 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - Lease revenues | | 329,981 | | - | |
| Unavailable revenue - Loans | | - | | 74,270,939 | |
| Unavailable revenue - Grants | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 329,981 | | 74,270,939 | |
| FUND BALANCES (Note 18) | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 25,002,307 | | _ | |
| Restricted | | 13,585,139 | | 29,523,103 | |
| Committed | | 41,913,995 | | , , , <u>-</u> | |
| Assigned | | 7,473,269 | | - | |
| Unassigned | | 107,799,790 | | _ | |
| Total Fund Balances | | 195,774,500 | | 29,523,103 | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| and Fund Balances | \$ | 203,571,735 | \$ | 103,933,324 | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018

| | Non-Major rnmental Funds | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|------|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------|
| Gove | i iiiieitai Fuilus | | over innentar runus |
| | | | |
| \$ | 111,061,422 | \$ | 275,506,449 |
| | 258 | | 258 |
| | 2,318,925 | | 14,524,903 |
| | 163,959 | | 4,615,981 |
| | - | | 1,149,964 |
| | 45,249,504 | | 119,520,443 |
| | 3,846,364 | | 12,991,447 |
| | - | | 2,440,262 |
| | - | | 3,331 |
| | - | | 18,761,366 |
| | 708,386 | | 708,386 |
| | - | | 20,108,407 |
| | = | | 522,680 |
| \$ | 163,348,818 | \$ | 470,853,877 |
| | | | |
| \$ | 4,465,450 | \$ | 12,071,986 |
| | 10,227,098 | | 10,227,098 |
| | 14,692,548 | | 22,299,084 |
| | | | |
| | - | | 329,981 |
| | 45,249,504 | | 119,520,443 |
| | 1,166,646 | | 1,166,646 |
| | 46,416,150 | | 121,017,070 |
| | | | |
| | - | | 25,002,307 |
| | 61,767,236 | | 104,875,478 |
| | 40,472,884 | | 82,386,879 |
| | - | | 7,473,269 |
| | | | 107,799,790 |
| | 102,240,120 | | 327,537,723 |
| | | | |
| \$ | 163,348,818 | \$ | 470,853,877 |



CITY OF SANTA CLARA

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE | \$ 327,537,723 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are | |
| different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following: | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | |
| The assets and liabilities below are due and payable in less than one year and more | |
| than 90 days and therefore are not reported in the Funds: | |
| Current portion of accrued compensated absences excluding Internal Service Funds | (1,330,192) |
| Interest payable | (353,763) |
| CAPITAL ASSETS | |
| Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial | |
| resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds. | 572,526,297 |
| LONG TERM ASSETS | , , |
| Long-term receivable associated with lease agreements are not current assets | |
| or financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds | 4,624,264 |
| INVESTMENT IN NON-BUSINESS TYPE JOINT VENTURE | 4,868,620 |
| | 4,808,020 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB related | 142 544 |
| Pension related | 143,544 87,878,135 |
| | 67,676,133 |
| ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET POSITION | |
| Internal Service Funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to | |
| charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance, to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore | |
| included in Governmental Activities in the following line items in the Statement of Net Position: | |
| Cash and investments | 18,602,859 |
| Accounts receivable | 557,959 |
| Materials, supplies and prepaid | 1,094,720 |
| Deferred outflows OPEB related items | 5,463 |
| Deferred outflows pension related items | 1,058,819 |
| Accrued liabilities | (6,590,950) |
| Long-term portion of estimated claims | (20,380,107) |
| Compensated absences - current | (21,267) |
| Compensated absences - long-term | (222,226) |
| Internal balances | (1,747,837) |
| Net OPEB liability | (889,506) |
| Net pension liability | (5,065,040) |
| Deferred inflows pension related items | (41,138) |
| LONG TERM LIABILITIES | |
| The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period | |
| and, therefore, are not reported in the Funds: | (7.111.000) |
| Reserve against conditional grant balances | (7,111,800) |
| Long-term debt | (19,391,581) |
| Non-current portion of accrued compensated absences excluding Internal Service Funds | (13,899,366) |
| Net OPEB liability (excluding Internal Service Funds) | (23,373,982) |
| Net pension liability (excluding Internal Service Funds) | (384,298,454) |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | (50.,250, 10.) |
| Unavailable revenues recorded in governmental funds financial statements resulting from | |
| activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified | |
| as revenues in Government-Wide Financial Statements. | 93,228,308 |
| Pension related | (8,594,927) |
| NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | \$ 618,814,575 |
| | , , |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) - Other 1,410,719 1,539,415 Total Revenues 229,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES 229,915,595 1,799,709 Current: 6 eneral Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 - City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: - - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond iss | | Genera Fund | | Santa Clara Housing Successor | | |
|--|---|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Sales \$ 56,322,045 \$ Ad valorem 54,965,098 - Transient occupancy 20,579,504 - Other 6,392,064 - Licenses, permits, fines, and penalties 8,664,529 - Intergovernmental 4,774,668 - Charges for services 42,969,001 - Contributions in-lieu of taxes 21,985,803 - Interest and rents 14,304,309 260,294 Net increase (decrease) in the fair (2,452,145) - value of investments (2,452,145) - Other 1,410,719 1,539,415 Total Revenues 22,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES Current: - General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,599,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - | REVENUES | | | | | |
| Ad valorem Transient occupancy Other Cother Cother Cother Cother Cother Cother Cother Cother Cottributions in-lieu of taxes Courtibutions in-lieu of taxes Cottributions in-lieu of taxes | Taxes: | | | | | |
| Ad valorem Transient occupancy Other Cother | Sales | \$ | 56,322,045 | \$ | | |
| Other 6,392,064 Licenses, permits, fines, and penalties 8,664,529 Intergovernmental 4,774,668 Charges for services 42,969,001 Contributions in-lieu of taxes 21,985,803 Interest and rents 14,304,309 260,294 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) | Ad valorem | | | <u>-</u> | | |
| Other 6,392,064 Licenses, permits, fines, and penalties 8,664,529 Intergovernmental 4,774,668 Charges for services 42,969,001 Contributions in-lieu of taxes 21,985,803 Interest and rents 14,304,309 260,294 Net increase (decrease) in the fair (2,452,145) 1 value of investments (2,452,145) 1 Other 1,410,719 1,539,415 Total Revenues 229,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES 2 1 Current: General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 - City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: - - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - < | Transient occupancy | | 20,579,504 | - | | |
| Intergovernmental | | | | - | | |
| Intergovernmental | Licenses, permits, fines, and penalties | | 8,664,529 | - | | |
| Contributions in-lieu of taxes 11,985,803 14,304,309 260,294 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) 1,539,415 (2,452,145) | | | 4,774,668 | - | | |
| Contributions in-lieu of taxes 11,985,803 14,304,309 260,294 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) 1,539,415 (2,452,145) | Charges for services | | 42,969,001 | - | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) | | | | - | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments (2,452,145) - Other 1,410,719 1,539,415 Total Revenues 229,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES 229,915,595 1,799,709 Current: 6 General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 - City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: - - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond is | Interest and rents | | 14,304,309 | 260,294 | | |
| value of investments (2,452,145) | Net increase (decrease) in the fair | | | | | |
| Other 1,410,719 1,539,415 Total Revenues 229,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES 229,915,595 1,799,709 Current: 3 501,607 General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,689,952 - City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: - - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 18,889,539 1,298,102 < | | | (2,452,145) | - | | |
| Total Revenues 229,915,595 1,799,709 EXPENDITURES Current: General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 City Attorney 1,689,952 Human Resources 3,175,081 Finance 10,483,843 Public Works 22,569,078 Public Safety: Police 67,378,561 Fire 46,947,775 Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 Library 10,015,099 Library 10,015,099 Capital outlay 600,502 Debt service (Note 10): Principal payments Interest and fiscal fees Bond issuance cost Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | Other | | | 1,539,415 | | |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 | Total Revenues | | | | | |
| Current: General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 - City Attorney 1,689,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: 67,378,561 - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - - OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) </td <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| General Administration 18,768,378 501,607 City Clerk 1,360,877 - City Attorney 1,688,952 - Human Resources 3,175,081 - Finance 10,483,843 - Public Works 22,569,078 - Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 - Public Safety: - - Police 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in (Note 8A) 1,798,102 | | | | | | |
| City Clerk 1,360,877 City Attorney 1,689,952 Human Resources 3,175,081 Finance 10,483,843 Public Works 22,569,078 Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 Public Safety: | | | 18 768 378 | 501 607 | | |
| City Attorney 1,689,952 Human Resources 3,175,081 Finance 10,483,843 Public Works 22,569,078 Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 Public Safety: | | | | 301,007 | | |
| Human Resources Finance Finance Finance Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police Fire Police Fire Fire Planning and Inspection Library Capital outlay Debt service (Note 10): Principal payments Interest and fiscal fees Bond issuance cost Total Expenditures OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) Transfers (out) (Note 8A) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund balances - beginning 3,175,081 10,483,843 -10,483, | | | | _ | | |
| Finance Public Works Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police Fire Planning and Inspection Planning and Inspection Principal payments Interest and fiscal fees Bond issuance cost Total Expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund balances - beginning 18,140,838,843 -22,569,078 -18,140,838 -1 | | | | _ | | |
| Public Works 22,569,078 Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 Public Safety: | | | | - | | |
| Parks and Recreation 18,140,838 Public Safety: 67,378,561 Police 67,378,561 Fire 46,947,775 Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 Library 10,015,099 Capital outlay 600,502 Debt service (Note 10): - Principal pay ments - Interest and fiscal fees - Bond issuance cost - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | - | | |
| Public Safety: 67,378,561 - Fire 46,947,775 - Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,235,971 - - Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | 2 37222 11 2222 | | | - | | |
| Police | | | 10,140,030 | - | | |
| Fire 46,947,775 Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 Library 10,015,099 Capital outlay 600,502 Debt service (Note 10): Principal payments | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 67 279 561 | | | |
| Planning and Inspection 9,896,072 - Library 10,015,099 - Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal pay ments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,235,971 - Transfers in (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | - | | |
| Library 10,015,099 Capital outlay 600,502 Debt service (Note 10): - Principal payments - Interest and fiscal fees - Bond issuance cost - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 501,607 OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,235,971 Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | - | | |
| Capital outlay 600,502 - Debt service (Note 10): - - Principal pay ments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (17,893,859) - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | - | | |
| Debt service (Note 10): - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> | | | | - | | |
| Principal payments - - Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - - OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | 000,302 | - | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees - - Bond issuance cost - - Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 18,889,539 1,298,102 Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | | | |
| Bond issuance cost | | | - | - | | |
| Total Expenditures 211,026,056 501,607 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | - | - | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,235,971 - Transfers in (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | - | 501.607 | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES 18,889,539 1,298,102 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,235,971 - Transfers in (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | 211,020,030 | 501,607 | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | 19 990 520 | 1 209 102 | | |
| Transfers in (Note 8A) 3,235,971 - Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | OVER EAFEINDITURES | - | 10,009,339 | 1,298,102 | | |
| Transfers (out) (Note 8A) (17,893,859) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (14,657,888) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | | | | - | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 4,231,651 1,298,102 Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | Transfers (out) (Note 8A) | | (17,893,859) | | | |
| Fund balances - beginning 191,542,849 28,225,001 | Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (14,657,888) | | | |
| | NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | 4,231,651 | 1,298,102 | | |
| Fund halanage anding © 105.774.500 © 20.522.102 | Fund balances - beginning | | 191,542,849 | 28,225,001 | | |
| Fund balances - ending \$ 195,774,500 \$ 29,525,103 | Fund balances - ending | \$ | 195,774,500 | \$ 29,523,103 | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| Non-Major Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Governmental Funds | Governmental Funds | | | |
| | | | | |
| \$ - | \$ 56,322,045 | | | |
| φ - | | | | |
| - | 54,965,098 | | | |
| - | 20,579,504 | | | |
| - | 6,392,064 | | | |
| 0.145.533 | 8,664,529 | | | |
| 9,145,577 | 13,920,245 | | | |
| 2,268,034 | 45,237,035 | | | |
| - | 21,985,803 | | | |
| 658,740 | 15,223,343 | | | |
| - | (2,452,145) | | | |
| 9,006,666 | 11,956,800 | | | |
| 21,079,017 | 252,794,321 | | | |
| | | | | |
| 9,727,194 | 28,997,179 | | | |
| - | 1,360,877 | | | |
| - | 1,689,952 | | | |
| - | 3,175,081 | | | |
| - | 10,483,843 | | | |
| 3,025,867 | 25,594,945 | | | |
| 740,965 | 18,881,803 | | | |
| 463,664 | 67,842,225 | | | |
| 2,094,910 | 49,042,685 | | | |
| 2,094,910 | 9,896,072 | | | |
| 410,941 | 10,426,040 | | | |
| , | | | | |
| 19,332,064 | 19,932,566 | | | |
| 1,731,000 | 1,731,000 | | | |
| 767,178 | 767,178 | | | |
| 6,734 | 6,734 | | | |
| 38,300,517 | 249,828,180 | | | |
| (17,221,500) | 2,966,141 | | | |
| | | | | |
| 18,145,135 | 21,381,106 | | | |
| (5,212,403) | (23,106,262) | | | |
| 12,932,732 | (1,725,156) | | | |
| (4,288,768) | 1,240,985 | | | |
| 106,528,888 | 326,296,738 | | | |
| | | | | |
| \$ 102,240,120 | \$ 327,537,723 | | | |



CITY OF SANTA CLARA

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - | TOTAL COVERNMENTAL FUNDS |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| THE CHAINSTE HE COULD DESCRIBE | 'IOIAL GO (LAUMENTAL FUNDS |

\$ 1.240.985

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

ACCRUAL OF CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of financial resources over 90 days and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Current portion of accrued compensated absences

(142,601)

CAPITAL ASSET TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,

in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance 19,932,566

Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance

(Depreciation expense is net of Internal Service Fund depreciation of

\$2,536,127 which has already been allocated to serviced funds.) (19,595,804)

Retirements and transfers of capital assets (net of Internal Service Fund retirement of \$26,628) (5,201)

Contributions of infrastructure improvements by developers and equipment are capitalized in the Statement of Activities, but are not recorded in the Governmental Fund Statements

because no cash changed hands.

16,786,910

JOINT VENTURES - PROFIT FROM EQUITY

24,997

LONG TERM DEBT PROCEEDS AND PAYMENTS

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.

Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance 1,731,000

ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Provision for reserve of conditional grants (414,245)
Non-current portion of accrued compensated absences (1,542,473)
Interest payable 78,429
Unavailable revenue 20,398
OPEB related expense 751,849
Pension related expense (13,912,198)

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds.

The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds, arising out of their transactions with Governmental Funds, is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.

Change in Net Position - All Internal Service Funds, net

Change in Net Position of Internal Service Funds reported with Business-Type Activities

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 4,879,854



CITY OF SANTA CLARA MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges. Individual non-major Proprietary funds may be found in the Supplementary section.

The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds in fiscal year 2017-18.

GAAP does not require the disclosure of budget versus actual comparisons regarding proprietary funds that are major funds.

ELECTRIC UTILITY FUND

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's electric utility, a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

WATER UTILITY FUND

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water utility, a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

SEWER UTILITY FUND

The sewer utility fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

WATER RECYCLING UTILITY FUND

This fund accounts for the ongoing maintenance and operations of the City's waste water reclamation system. It is a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis from the sale of non-potable water for irrigation and landscaping.

SANTA CLARA STADIUM AUTHORITY FUND

The Santa Clara Stadium Authority Fund was established in 2011 to provide for development and operation of Levi's Stadium (home of the NFL's San Francisco 49ers). In November 2012, the Santa Clara Stadium Authority changed its fiscal year ending date from June 30th to March 31st to conform with the fiscal year of Stadium Funding Trust.

June 30, 2018

| | Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Electric Utility | Water Utility | Sewer Utility | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 7): | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 314,266,316 | \$ 22,236,592 | \$ 78,227,526 | | |
| Investments with fiscal agent | 9,741,699 | - | - | | |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): | , , | | | | |
| Accounts | 50,356,049 | 5,443,620 | 3,735,911 | | |
| Interest | 1,118,473 | 84,332 | 297,032 | | |
| Due from other funds (Note 8B) | 1,168,221 | 134,448 | 440,065 | | |
| Materials, supplies and prepaids | 11,296,108 | 716,345 | - | | |
| Derivative financial instrument (Note 10D) | 21,505 | | | | |
| Total current assets | 387,968,371 | 28,615,337 | 82,700,534 | | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Restricted cash (Note 7) | 3,512,023 | 303,090 | 2,261,731 | | |
| Investment with fiscal agent (Note 7) | 14,208,708 | - | - | | |
| Deposits (Note 7) | 919,873 | - | - | | |
| Capital assets (Note 9): | | | | | |
| Land | 14,371,743 | 661,268 | 725,328 | | |
| Buildings, infrastructure and land improvements | 913,208,421 | 88,844,809 | 48,951,904 | | |
| Equipment | 9,619,849 | 4,193,757 | 4,889,771 | | |
| Construction in progress | 72,993,391 | 16,276 | 412,596 | | |
| | 1,010,193,404 | 93,716,110 | 54,979,599 | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 435,007,942 | 44,922,003 | 22,844,254 | | |
| Net capital assets | 575,185,462 | 48,794,107 | 32,135,345 | | |
| Investment in joint ventures (Note 12) | 47,491,705 | | 137,991,502 | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 641,317,771 | 49,097,197 | 172,388,578 | | |
| Total assets | 1,029,286,142 | 77,712,534 | 255,089,112 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Derivative instruments (Note 10D) | 4,307,888 | - | - | | |
| Refunding | 5,098,929 | - | - | | |
| OPEB related items (Note 16) | 100,014 | 21,507 | 8,437 | | |
| Pension related items (Note 13) | 19,385,816 | 4,168,753 | 1,635,349 | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 28,892,647 | 4,190,260 | 1,643,786 | | |

June 30, 2018

| Business-type | Activities-Enterprise Funds | ds |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|----|

| | Water Santa Clara Non-Major | | | Internal Service | |
|----|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Recycling | Stadium Authority | Enterprise | | Funds |
| , | Utility | (as of March 31, 2018) | Funds | | |
| | Ctiffty | (ds of March 31, 2010) | Tunus | TOTAL | (Note 2B) |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 4,945,039 | \$ 28,244,112 | \$ 13,307,658 | \$ 461,227,243 | \$ 16,419,795 |
| | - | 29,891,710 | - | 39,633,409 | - |
| | 920,110 | 11,036,422 | 4,210,965 | 75,703,077 | 557,959 |
| | 18,948 | 85,098 | - | 1,603,883 | - |
| | - | - | 170,708 | 1,913,442 | 193,613 |
| | - | - | 50,916 | 12,063,369 | 1,094,720 |
| | - | - | | 21,505 | |
| | 5,884,097 | 69,257,342 | 17,740,247 | 592,165,928 | 18,266,087 |
| | | | | | |
| | - | - | 1,794,664 | 7,871,508 | - |
| | - | 11,536,235 | - | 25,744,943 | - |
| | - | - | - | 919,873 | - |
| | _ | _ | 3,092,872 | 18,851,211 | _ |
| | 1,257,070 | 825,341,531 | 103,594,105 | 1,981,197,840 | - |
| | - | 1,609,757 | 3,606,491 | 23,919,625 | 36,537,167 |
| | - | 251,799 | | 73,674,062 | - |
| | 1,257,070 | 827,203,087 | 110,293,468 | 2,097,642,738 | 36,537,167 |
| | 58,791 | 61,031,147 | 78,243,703 | 642,107,840 | 23,373,154 |
| | 1,198,279 | 766,171,940 | 32,049,765 | 1,455,534,898 | 13,164,013 |
| | - | - | - | 185,483,207 | - |
| | 1,198,279 | 777,708,175 | 33,844,429 | 1,675,554,429 | 13,164,013 |
| | 7,082,376 | 846,965,517 | 51,584,676 | 2,267,720,357 | 31,430,100 |
| | | | | | |
| | - | - | - | 4,307,888 | - |
| | - | - | - | 5,098,929 | - |
| | 1,058 | - | 5,977 | 136,993 | 5,463 |
| | 205,111 | | 1,158,604 | 26,553,633 | 1,058,819 |
| | 206,169 | | 1,164,581 | 36,097,443 | 1,064,282 |
| | | | | | |

(continued)

June 30, 2018

| | Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Electric Utility | Water Utility | Sewer Utility | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 33,147,297 | 3,907,540 | 120,831 | | |
| Interest payable | 2,986,457 | - | 94,423 | | |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - | | |
| Due to other funds (Note 8B) | - | 165,605 | - | | |
| Deferred rent, current portion | - | - | - | | |
| Accrued compensated absences (Note 2K) | 389,735 | 63,969 | 19,423 | | |
| Current portion of landfill closure liability (Note 11) | - | - | - | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt (Note 10) | 11,897,000 | - | 714,638 | | |
| Current portion derivative financial instruments (Note 10D) | 109,674 | - | - | | |
| Total current liabilities | 48,530,163 | 4,137,114 | 949,315 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| Advance from other funds (Note 8C) | - | - | - | | |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - | | |
| Long-term accrued liabilities | - | - | - | | |
| Long-term portion estimated claims | - | - | - | | |
| Long-term compensated absences (Note 2K) | 4,072,391 | 668,415 | 202,957 | | |
| Landfill closure liability (Note 11) | - | - | - | | |
| Long-term debt (Note 10) | 185,630,418 | - | 9,874,809 | | |
| Long-term derivative financial instruments (Note 10D) | 4,198,214 | - | - | | |
| Net OPEB liability (Note 16) | 16,285,879 | 3,502,140 | 1,373,845 | | |
| Net pension liability (Note 13) | 92,735,319 | 19,941,938 | 7,822,968 | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 302,922,221 | 24,112,493 | 19,274,579 | | |
| Total liabilities | 351,452,384 | 28,249,607 | 20,223,894 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Derivative instruments (Note 10D) | 21,505 | - | - | | |
| Refunding | 403,800 | - | - | | |
| Pension related items (Note 13) | 753,184 | 161,966 | 63,538 | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 1,178,489 | 161,966 | 63,538 | | |
| NET POSITION (Note 18) | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 401,608,451 | 48,794,107 | 21,545,898 | | |
| Restricted for capital projects and other agreements | 3,512,023 | - | 137,991,502 | | |
| Unrestricted | 300,427,442 | 4,697,114 | 76,908,066 | | |
| Total net position (deficit) | \$ 705,547,916 | \$ 53,491,221 | \$ 236,445,466 | | |

Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time.

Net position of business-type activities

June 30, 2018

| Business-type | Activities-En | terprise | Funds |
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------|
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------|

| Water | | Santa Clara | Non-Major | | Internal Service |
|--------------|-----|------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Recycling | | Stadium Authority | Enterprise | | Funds |
| Utility | , | (as of March 31, 2018) | Funds | TOTAL | (Note 2B) |
| Curry | | (as of March 31, 2010) | Tunus | TOTAL | (Note 2B) |
| 1,002, | 211 | 3,492,740 | 3,113,392 | 44,784,144 | 6,590,950 |
| 1,002, | 344 | 7,069,853 | 3,113,392 | 10,150,733 | 0,390,930 |
| | - | 12,757,656 | 1,305,677 | 14,063,333 | - |
| | - | 52,335 | 1,303,077 | 217,940 | 1,941,450 |
| | - | 32,333 | - | 217,940 | 1,941,430 |
| | 382 | - | 14,883 | 488,392 | 21,267 |
| | 502 | _ | 470,000 | 470,000 | 21,207 |
| | _ | 16,074,502 | 470,000 | 28,686,140 | |
| | _ | 10,074,302 | _ | 109,674 | _ |
| | | | | | |
| 1,002, | 726 | 39,447,086 | 4,903,952 | 98,970,356 | 8,553,667 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | 0.881.200 | 0.991.200 | |
| | - | 202 707 571 | 9,881,309 | 9,881,309 | - |
| | - | 393,727,571 | - ` | 393,727,571 | - |
| | - | 4,379,503 | | 4,379,503 | 20.290.107 |
| 2 | - | - | 155 515 | 5 102 272 | 20,380,107 222,226 |
| 3, | 994 | - | 155,515 | 5,103,272 | 222,220 |
| | - | 266 507 110 | 4,301,173 | 4,301,173 | - |
| | - | 366,587,118 | | 562,092,345 | - |
| 170 | 212 | - | 072 225 | 4,198,214 | 990.506 |
| 172, 981, | | | 973,335 | 22,307,512 | 889,506 5.065.040 |
| | | | 5,542,372 | 127,023,783 | 5,065,040 |
| 1,157, | 493 | 764,694,192 | 20,853,704 | 1,133,014,682 | 26,556,879 |
| 2,160, | 219 | 804,141,278 | 25,757,656 | 1,231,985,038 | 35,110,546 |
| | | | | | |
| | _ | - | - | 21,505 | - |
| | _ | _ | _ | 403,800 | _ |
| 7. | 969 | _ | 45,015 | 1,031,672 | 41,138 |
| | 969 | | 45,015 | 1,456,977 | 41,138 |
| | | | ,010 | -,, / / / | ,100 |
| 1,198, | 279 | 412,542,524 | 32,049,765 | 917,739,024 | 13,164,013 |
| ,, | _ | 29,167,798 | 3,923,613 | 174,594,936 | - |
| 3,922, | 078 | (398,886,083) | (9,026,792) | (21,958,175) | (15,821,315) |
| \$ 5,120, | 357 | \$ 42,824,239 | \$ 26,946,586 | 1,070,375,785 | \$ (2,657,302) |

(2,183,064)

\$ 1,068,192,721

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

| | | - | | |
|---|-------------------------|----|------------------|----------------------|
| | Electric Utility | | Water Utility | Sewer Utility |
| Operating revenues: Charges for services Rents, royalties and licensing | \$ 403,698,265 | \$ | 45,312,939 | \$ 47,272,871 |
| Insurance refunds and other Other | - - | | - - | - - |
| Total operating revenues | 403,698,265 | | 45,312,939 | 47,272,871 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 38,633,074 | | 6,621,789 | 3,429,270 |
| Materials, services and supplies | 328,517,606 | | 33,403,183 | 20,833,744 |
| General and administrative | - | | - | - |
| Depreciation | 20,142,727 | | 1,553,209 | 1,058,960 |
| Total operating expenses | 387,293,407 | _ | 41,578,181 | 25,321,974 |
| Operating income (loss) | 16,404,858 | | 3,734,758 | 21,950,897 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Interest revenue | 4,218,654 | | 306,162 | 1,042,502 |
| Net change in the fair value of investments | (2,634,914) | | (223,032) | (682,832) |
| Rents and royalties | 4,174,371 | | 51,462 | 51,462 |
| Other revenue | 21,241,538 | | 1,320,520 | 2,520,239 |
| Interest expense | (8,103,432) | | - | (231,624) |
| Other expense | (5,809,096) | | - | - |
| Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures | 7,827,938 | | - | 1,096,969 |
| Gain (loss) on retirement of assets | - | | - | - |
| Renewable energy credits | 3,499,127 | | - | - |
| Wholesale resources sales | 34,993,878 | | - | - |
| Wholesale resources purchases | (35,412,937) | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 23,995,127 | | 1,455,112 | 3,796,716 |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | 40,399,985 | | 5,189,870 | 25,747,613 |
| Contributions | - | | - | - |
| Transfers in (Note 8A) | 1,108,000 | | - | - |
| Transfers (out) (Note 8A) | (993,298) | | (871,200) | (640,917) |
| Change in net position | 40,514,687 | | 4,318,670 | 25,106,696 |
| Total net position - beginning | 681,742,944 | | 52,765,833 | 212,748,369 |
| GASB 75 implementation (Note 16) | (16,709,715) | | (3,593,282) | (1,409,599) |
| Total net position - beginning as adjusted (Note 18E) | 665,033,229 | | 49,172,551 | 211,338,770 |
| Total net position - ending | \$ 705,547,916 | \$ | 53,491,221 | \$ 236,445,466 |

Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

| Water Santa Clara Non-Major | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | Recycling | Santa Ciara Stadium Authority | Enterprise | | Internal Service |
| | • • | • | Enterprise Funds | Total | |
| | Utility | (as of March 31, 2018) | runus | 10tai | Funds |
| \$ | 5,425,613 | \$ 65,283,221 43,211,322 | \$ 34,509,908 | \$ 601,502,817 43,211,322 | \$ 14,658,610 |
| | - | - | - | - | 171,957 |
| | - | | 664,568 | 664,568 | |
| | 5,425,613 | 108,494,543 | 35,174,476 | 645,378,707 | 14,830,567 |
| | 497,549 | _ | 1,754,083 | 50,935,765 | 2,570,499 |
| | 4,443,413 | 69,288,741 | 31,667,931 | 488,154,618 | 2,362,745 |
| | - | 4,184,899 | - | 4,184,899 | 12,464,667 |
| | 25,141 | 16,637,582 | 2,356,374 | 41,773,993 | 2,536,127 |
| | 4,966,103 | 90,111,222 | 35,778,388 | 585,049,275 | 19,934,038 |
| | 459,510 | 18,383,321 | (603,912) | 60,329,432 | (5,103,471) |
| | | | | | |
| | 66,245 | 10,053,014 | 68,626 | 15,755,203 | - |
| | (43,240) | - | | (3,584,018) | - |
| | - | - | 21,888 | 4,299,183 | - |
| | 53,046 | - | - | 25,135,343 | 590,816 |
| | - | (21,098,455) | (214) | (29,433,725) | - |
| | - | - | - | (5,809,096) | - |
| | - | - | - | 8,924,907 | - |
| | - | - | - | - | (26,628) |
| | - | - | - | 3,499,127 | - |
| | - | | - | 34,993,878 | - |
| | - | - - | - | (35,412,937) | |
| | 76,051 | (11,045,441) | 90,300 | 18,367,865 | 564,188 |
| | 535,561 | 7,337,880 | (513,612) | 78,697,297 | (4,539,283) |
| | _ | 3,544,564 | 64,661 | 3,609,225 | - |
| | _ | - | 27,552 | 1,135,552 | 3,450,000 |
| | - | - | (86,665) | (2,592,080) | (268,316) |
| | 535,561 | 10,882,444 | (508,064) | 80,849,994 | (1,357,599) |
| | 4,761,593 | 31,941,795 | 28,453,315 | | (387,048) |
| | (176,797) | | (998,665) | | (912,655) |
| | 4,584,796 | 31,941,795 | 27,454,650 | | (1,299,703) |
| \$ | 5,120,357 | \$ 42,824,239 | \$ 26,946,586 | | \$ (2,657,302) |
| _ | | | | | |

(1,282,841) \$ 79,567,153

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| | Business-type Activities-Enterprise F | | | Funds | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|
| | Electric Utility | | Water Utility | | Sewer Utility |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 414,938,939 | \$ 45 | 5,888,356 | \$ | 48,443,719 |
| Payments to suppliers | (321,962,395) | | 2,018,946) | • | (20,831,728) |
| Payments to employees for salaries and benefits | (35,765,427) | | 5,928,346) | | (3,222,363) |
| Internal activity - receipts from other funds | - | ` | - | | - |
| Claims paid | - | | _ | | _ |
| Rents, royalties and licenses received | 3,108,072 | | 51,462 | | 51,462 |
| Other receipts | 9,533,804 | 1 | ,320,520 | | 2,520,239 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 69,852,993 | 9 | 0,313,046 | | 26,961,329 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL | | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | |
| Renewable energy credits | 3,499,127 | | _ | | _ |
| Wholesale resources sales | 34,993,878 | | _ | | _ |
| Wholesale resources purchases | (35,412,937) | | _ | | _ |
| Wholesale trading escrow deposit | 163,708 | | _ | | _ |
| Charges for joint project contributions | - | | _ | | (25,536,838) |
| (Increase) in due from other funds | _ | | (17,423) | | (151,584) |
| Decrease in due from other funds | 237,244 | | - | | - |
| Increase in due to other funds | _ | | _ | | _ |
| (Decrease) in due to other funds | - | | (211,878) | | _ |
| Advances from other funds | - | | _ | | _ |
| Increase (Decrease) in restricted cash | 3,512,023 | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers in | 1,108,000 | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers (out) | (993,298) | | (871,200) | | (640,917) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | 7,107,745 | (1 | ,100,501) | | (26,329,339) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | |
| Contribution from Community Facilities District | - | | - | | - |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net | (22,555,110) | (1 | ,746,782) | | (1,465,357) |
| Landfill closure payments | - | | - | | - |
| Principal payments on capital debt | (11,416,000) | | - | | (699,587) |
| Interest paid on capital debt | (8,280,199) | | | | (237,862) |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related | | | | | |
| Financing Activities | (42,251,309) | (1 | ,746,782) | | (2,402,806) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| iternal Service Funds | Inte | Totals | | Non-Major Enterprise Funds | ecycling Stadium Authority En | | Recycling Stadium Aut | |
|--------------------------|------|------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----|--------------------------|--|
| 14 414 025 | ¢ | (27.426.577 | ¢. | 22 572 592 | 0.522.420 | \$ | 5 050 541 | |
| 14,414,035 | \$ | 627,426,577 (484,251,374) | \$ | 33,572,583 | 9,523,439 | Ф | 5,059,541 (4,214,591) | |
| (1,534,976 (2,395,030 | | (484,231,374) | | (31,527,585) (1,635,918) | 3,696,129) | | (4,214,391) | |
| 141,577 | | (47,023,013) | | (1,033,918) | - | | (470,901) | |
| (10,523,634 | | | | | _ | | | |
| (10,525,054 | | 44,915,490 | | 21,888 | 1,682,606 | | | |
| 567,644 | | 14,089,864 | | 662,255 | 1,082,000 | | 53,046 | |
| 307,044 | | 14,009,004 | | 002,233 | | - | 33,040 | |
| 669,616 | | 155,157,542 | | 1,093,223 | 7,509,916 | | 427,035 | |
| | | 133,131,312 | | 1,073,223 | 7,505,510 | | 127,033 | |
| _ | | 3,499,127 | | _ | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | 34,993,878 | | _ | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | (35,412,937) | | - | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | 163,708 | | | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | (25,536,838) | | _ | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | (169,007) | | | _ | | _ | |
| 210,099 | | 299,923 | | 62,679 | _ | | _ | |
| 59,892 | | 24,907 | | 52,079 | 24,907 | | _ | |
| (211,558 | | (211,878) | | _ | ,,, . | | _ | |
| (211,000 | | 433,765 | | 433,765 | _ | | _ | |
| _ | | 3,512,023 | | _ | | | _ | |
| 3,450,000 | | 1,135,552 | | 27,552 | - | | _ | |
| (268,316 | | (2,592,080) | | (86,665) | - | | - | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 3,240,117 | | (19,859,857) | | 437,331 | 24,907 | | | |
| _ | | 3,497,288 | | _ | 3,497,288 | | _ | |
| (4,538,529 | | (26,445,543) | | - | (678,294) | | - | |
| (4,330,329 | | (408,316) | | (408,316) | (070,434) | | - | |
| <u>-</u> | | (59,227,285) | | (+00,510) | 7,111,698) | | - | |
| _ | | (29,616,516) | | - | 1,098,455) | | _ | |
| | | (27,010,310) | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| (4,538,529 | | (112,200,372) | | (408,316) | 5,391,159) | | | |
| (continued) | | | | | | | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| | Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds | | | | | Funds |
|---|---|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----|----------------------|
| | | Electric Utility | | Water Utility | | Sewer Utility |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Net increase in the fair value of investments | | (2,634,914) | | (223,032) | | (682,832) |
| Interest and dividends Payments made by fiscal agent | | 5,531,387 13,976,358 | | 269,056 | | 954,152 |
| Deposits made with fiscal agent | | (14,334,857) | | - | | - |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | 2,537,974 | | 46,024 | | 271,320 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash | | | | | | |
| equivalents | | 37,247,403 | | 6,511,787 | | (1,499,496) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | | 280,530,936 | | 16,027,895 | | 81,988,753 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ | 317,778,339 | \$ | 22,539,682 | \$ | 80,489,257 |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | _ | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 314,266,316 | \$ | 22,236,592 | \$ | 78,227,526 |
| Restricted cash | | 3,512,023 | | 303,090 | | 2,261,731 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 317,778,339 | \$ | 22,539,682 | \$ | 80,489,257 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash | | | | | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 16,404,858 | \$ | 3,734,758 | \$ | 21,950,897 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net | | | | | | |
| cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | (222.020) | | (448-440) | | (44.404) |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to OPEB system | | (523,850) | | (112,649) | | (44,191) |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to retirement system Depreciation | | 3,035,648 20,142,727 | | 652,790 | | 256,081 1,058,960 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | 20,142,727 | | 1,553,209 | | 1,038,900 |
| Receivables, net | | 9,815,450 | | 615,788 | | 1,170,847 |
| Inventory | | (1,503,044) | | 29,740 | | - |
| Restricted Cash | | (3,512,023) | | - | | - |
| Accrued liabilities | | 6,798,291 | | 1,314,126 | | 2,017 |
| Long-term portion estimated claims | | - | | - | | - |
| Compensated absences | | 355,849 | | 153,302 | | (4,983) |
| Unearned revenue | | (767,726) | | - | | - |
| Other receipts | | 25,415,909 | | 1,371,982 | | 2,571,701 |
| Other expenses | _ | (5,809,096) | _ | - _ | | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 69,852,993 | \$ | 9,313,046 | \$ | 26,961,329 |
| NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: | | | | | | |
| Joint Ventures Nonoperating income (loss) | Φ | 7 827 038 | Φ | | \$ | 1 006 060 |
| Capital Contribution | <u>\$</u> \$ | 7,827,938 | <u>\$</u> \$ | | \$ | 1,096,969 |
| Capital Contribution | <u>ф</u> | | Ф | | φ | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

| | Water Santa Clara Non-Major | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|---------------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Recycling Utility | | ium Authority March 31, 2018) | | Enterprise Funds | Totals | | Internal Service Funds | | |
| | (43,240) | | - | | _ | | (3,584,018) | | - | |
| | 60,740 | | 9,992,972 | | 68,412 | | 16,876,719 | | - | |
| | - | | 88,825,839 | | - | | 102,802,197 | | - | |
| | - | | (78,099,499) | | | | (92,434,356) | | | |
| | 17,500 | | 20,719,312 | | 68,412 | | 23,660,542 | | <u>-</u> | |
| | 444,535 | | 2,862,976 | | 1,190,650 | | 46,757,855 | | (628,796) | |
| | 4,500,504 | | 25,381,136 | | 13,911,672 | | 422,340,896 | | 17,048,591 | |
| \$ | 4,945,039 | \$ | 28,244,112 | \$ | 15,102,322 | \$ | 469,098,751 | \$ | 16,419,795 | |
| | | - | | | | 7 | | - | | |
| \$ | 4,945,039 | \$ | 28,244,112 | \$ | 13,307,658 | \$ | 461,227,243 | \$ | 16,419,795 | |
| | - | | <u>-</u> . | | 1,794,664 | | 7,871,508 | | - | |
| \$ | 4,945,039 | \$ | 28,244,112 | \$ | 15,102,322 | \$ | 469,098,751 | \$ | 16,419,795 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 459,510 | \$ | 18,383,321 | \$ | (603,912) | \$ | 60,329,432 | \$ | (5,103,471) | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (5,542) | | - | | (31,307) | | (717,539) | | (28,612) | |
| | 32,119 | | - | | 181,427 | | 4,158,065 | | 165,802 | |
| | 25,141 | | 16,637,582 | | 2,356,374 | | 41,773,993 | | 2,536,127 | |
| | (366,072) | | (830,823) | | (896,087) | | 9,509,103 | | (267,747) | |
| | - | | - | | (1,211) | | (1,474,515) | | 969,909 | |
| | - | | - | | - | | (3,512,023) | | - | |
| | 228,822 | | (916,533) | | 30,793 | | 7,457,516 | | 1,446,303 | |
| | - | | - | | 109,551 | | 109,551 | | 322,210 | |
| | 11 | | - | | (31,953) | | 472,226 | | 38,279 | |
| | | | 14,236,369 | | (42,340) | | 13,426,303 | | - - | |
| | 53,046 | | - | | 21,888 | | 29,434,526 | | 590,816 | |
| _ | - | | | Φ. | 1.002.225 | | (5,809,096) | | - | |
| \$ | 427,035 | \$ | 47,509,916 | \$ | 1,093,223 | \$ | 155,157,542 | \$ | 669,616 | |
| \$ | | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | 8,924,907 | \$ | - | |
| \$ | | \$ | 3,544,564 | \$ | 64,661 | \$ | 3,609,225 | \$ | - | |



CITY OF SANTA CLARA FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

These funds are used to report resources of all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN TRUST FUND

This fund is used to account for the reimbursement of qualified health expenses of former employees of the City.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in trust for community or private organizations, or as an agent for its employees or for assessment districts. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Individual non-major Agency funds may be found in the Supplementary section.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

| | Private Purpose Trust Funds | | OPEB Plan Trust Fund | | | Agency Funds |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------|
| ASSEIS | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments (Note 7) Investments with fiscal agent (Note 7) Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | \$ | 4,120,070 | \$ | 822,409 18,944,775 | \$ | 26,446,064 |
| Interest | | 17,697 | | - | | - |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent (Note 7) Land held for resale | | 2,815,636 20,360,387 | | - | | - |
| Total Assets | | 27,313,790 | | 19,767,184 | _ | 26,446,066 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | | 127,129 | | 81,879 | | 12,540,553 |
| Due to bondholders | | - | | - | | 2,784,179 |
| Due to Other Agencies Due to City (Note 21B) | | 3,550,000 4,355,641 | | - | | - |
| Refundable deposits | | 4,333,041 | | - | | 11,121,334 |
| Total Liabilities | | 8,032,770 | | 81,879 | \$ | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Held in trust for private purpose Held in trust and restricted for OPEB benefits | | 19,281,020 | | 19,685,305 | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 19,281,020 | \$ | 19,685,305 | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA FIDUCIARY TRUST FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | Private Purpose Trust Funds | | _ | PEB Plan Trust Fund |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|----|------------------------|
| ADDITIONS | | | | |
| Employer contributions | \$ | - | \$ | 5,387,417 |
| Investment income: | | | | |
| Interest and rent | | 9,962,622 | | 523,694 |
| Net change in fair value of investments | | (34,697) | | - |
| Less investment expense | | - | | (71,177) |
| Gain from sale of property | | 22,708,682 | | - |
| Other | | - | | (42,404) |
| Total additions | | 32,636,607 | | 5,797,530 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | |
| General and administrative | | 79,327 | | - |
| Benefits paid | | - | | 2,205,093 |
| Pass through to the County of Santa Clara | | 33,796,698 | | - |
| Total deductions | | 33,876,025 | | 2,205,093 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | (1,239,418) | | 3,592,437 |
| Net position held in trust for private purpose and restricted for OPEB benefits: | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 20,520,438 | | 16,092,868 |
| End of year | \$ | 19,281,020 | \$ | 19,685,305 |



NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Santa Clara (City), also known as the Mission City, is a charter city incorporated in 1852 under the laws of the State of California. The City Charter establishes the Council/Manager form of government. The City's citizens elect a City Council of seven citizens, six councilpersons and a Mayor elected at-large, who serve a term of four years each, and who, in turn, appoint a City Manager.

The City is located in the County of Santa Clara, California, approximately 45 miles southeast of San Francisco. It is situated in the northern part of the County and occupies approximately 18.41 square miles. The City's population of 129,604 accounts for 6.6% of the total Santa Clara County estimated population of 1.9 million.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire, library, recreation, community services, public works, parks, sanitation, planning and community development, public improvements, electric, water and sewer services.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activity of the City, which is the primary government presented, along with the financial activities of its component units. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component units which are described below are all blended.

A. City of Santa Clara Sports and Open Space Authority

The City of Santa Clara Sports and Open Space Authority (SOSA) was created by the City Council in 1974 for the acquisition and development of open space within the City. The members of the City Council are also members of SOSA's Board of Directors and, as such, are authorized to transact business and exercise power to purchase, lease or otherwise obtain and dispose of real and personal property, to acquire, construct, maintain, repair, manage and operate real and personal property, including leasing to private operators for commercial purposes, surplus space which is not economical to use for open space planning. The City performs all accounting and administrative functions of SOSA. The operations of SOSA have been included in the Supplementary Information section in the Non-Major Enterprise Funds.

B. City of Santa Clara Public Facilities Financing Corporation

The City of Santa Clara Public Facilities Financing Corporation (PFFC) was formed in 1997 for the purpose of issuing Certificates of Participation (COPs) to provide financing for the construction of the major City facilities. Members of the City Council are also members of the PFFC Board. Debt service on the COPs is secured by lease payments made by the City's General Fund to the PFFC for the use of the constructed facilities for public purposes. In accordance with lease agreements, the PFFC assigns lease payments received from the City to the trustee for payment to the certificate holders. The operations of PFFC have been included in the Supplementary Information section in the Non-Major Governmental Fund. The individual COPs and the related facilities are described in Note 10B.

C. Santa Clara Housing Authority

The Santa Clara Housing Authority (SCHA) was established by the City Council in 2011 to assume the responsibility of housing projects for the former Redevelopment Agency (former RDA). SCHA also assumes the responsibility for housing loans, which are long-term and were made under various programs,

NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

for qualifying individuals and groups. The members of the City Council are also members of SCHA's Board of Directors and, as such, are authorized to transact business and exercise power to plan, engineer, and implement development projects. The City performs all accounting and administrative functions of SCHA. The financial activities of SCHA have been reported in the accompanying Non-Major Governmental fund financial statements.

D. Santa Clara Stadium Authority

The Santa Clara Stadium Authority (SCSA) was established by the City Council in 2011 to provide for development and operation of Levi's Stadium. The members of the City Council are also members of SCSA's Board of Directors and, as such, are authorized to manage the stadium, transact business and exercise power to plan, engineer, and construct the stadium. The City performs all accounting and administrative functions of SCSA. The financial activities of SCSA have been reported in the accompanying Enterprise Fund financial statements.

On November 13, 2012, an amendment was made to the JPA Agreement to change SCSA's fiscal year end date from June 30th to March 31st. As such, the financial activities reported for SCSA are as of fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. In addition, the annual financial report was audited by KPMG, an independent auditing firm, and a copy of the report can be found on the City's website.

NOTE 2 - FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basic Financial Statements

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

The significant accounting policies are described below:

Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Interfund Services provided and used are allocated to governmental and business-type activities, as appropriate. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary-are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, except for fiduciary funds.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the City's enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

B. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets combined with deferred outflows of resources, liabilities combined with deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5% of the aggregate amount to all governmental and enterprise fund for the same item. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Santa Clara Housing Successor Fund - This fund accounts for the activities related to the housing assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency. The activities are governed by Community Redevelopment Law and must be used to provide housing for people with low and moderate incomes.

The City reported the following enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Electric Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's electric utility, a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

Water Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water utility, a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

Sewer Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Water Recycling Utility Fund - This fund accounts for the ongoing maintenance and operations of the City's waste water reclamation system. It is a self-supporting activity that provides services on a user charge basis from the sale of non-potable water for irrigation and landscaping.

Santa Clara Stadium Authority Fund - The Stadium Authority was established to provide for development and operation of Levi's Stadium.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - These funds account for maintenance of vehicles and communication equipment, general liability and workers' compensation claims, all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - These funds account for assets held by the City in trust for community or private organizations, or as an agent for its employees or for assessment districts without city commitment. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Clara (Successor Agency) was created to serve as a custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former RDA. The Successor Agency is a separate public entity from the City, subject to the direction of an Oversight Board. The Oversight Board is comprised of seven-member representatives from local government bodies: two County of Santa Clara (County) representatives; the Mayor of the City of Santa Clara; the County Superintendent of Education; the Chancellor of California Community Colleges; one Santa Clara Valley Water District representative; and one former RDA employee appointed by the Mayor. The City performs all accounting and administrative functions of the Successor Agency. The financial activities of the Successor Agency have been reported in the accompanying basic financial statements in the Private Purpose Trust Fund. See Notes 21 and 22 for information regarding the Successor Agency.

The Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for retiree reimbursement payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the fund category, proprietary, and fiduciary fund category financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *full accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Agency Funds have no measurement focus.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The City allocates certain indirect expenses incurred by the General Government activity to those activities that benefit from services received.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City implemented the following GASB Statements:

The GASB issued Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployments Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans." The objective of this statement is to addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. This standard was adopted for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Please refer to the financial statements and Note 16 for details concerning the fiscal materiality of this pronouncement.

The GASB issued Statement No. 81 "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements." The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The City does not have any Irrevocable Spilt Interest Agreements to disclose.

The GASB issued Statement No. 85 "Omnibus." The objective of this statement is to address practice issues regarding the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending components units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application and postemployment benefits. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Please refer to OPEB required supplementary information for details concerning the fiscal materiality of this pronouncement.

The GASB issued Statement No. 86 "Advance Refunding Resulting in Defeasance of Debt." The objective of this statement is to improve consistency in for in-substance defeasance of debt, improve reporting for prepaid insurance on extinguished debt and financial statements notes regarding defeased debt. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Please refer to the Note 10 for details concerning the reporting of debt.

The City is analyzing the effects of the following pronouncements and plans to adopt them by the effective dates:

The GASB issued Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The objective of this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City is currently evaluating the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities." The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City is currently evaluating the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 87 "Leases." The objective of this statement is to improve guidelines related to the recognition of lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases.

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City is currently evaluating the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement." The objective of this statement is to improve guidelines related to debt disclosure. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City is currently evaluating the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the end of a Construction Period." The objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing and to simplify account for interest cost. This statement becomes effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City is currently evaluating the impact on the financial statements.

D. Cash and Investments

While maintaining safety and liquidity, the City maximizes investment return by pooling its available cash for investment purposes. Unless there are specific legal or contractual requirements to do otherwise, interest earnings are apportioned among funds according to average monthly cash and investment balances. It is generally the City's intention to hold investments until maturity. City investments are stated at fair value (see Note 7).

Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows include pooled cash and investments and cash designated for construction. Transactions with City-wide cash management pools are similar to those with external investment pools; therefore, since pooled cash and investments have the same characteristics as demand deposits in that the City's individual funds and component units may withdraw additional monies at any time without prior notice or penalty, pooled cash and investments are considered essentially demand deposit accounts.

Cash and investments with fiscal agent, a bond reserve investment pool, and amounts classified as deposits are not considered cash and cash equivalents.

E. Interfund Transactions and Balances

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The related receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds," and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Long-term interfund receivables and payables are recorded as Advances to/from other funds in the fund financial statements.

Transactions constituting reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are generally recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as revenue in the fund that is reimbursed.

Internal balances represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities, and are reported only in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Inventory of Materials and Supplies

Inventory of materials and supplies is accounted for using the consumption method and is stated at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption by all departments of the City. The cost is recorded as an expenditure or expense in the appropriate fund at the time individual inventory items are withdrawn for use. The General Fund inventory amount is equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources.

G. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements.

H. Land Held for Development

The Santa Clara Housing Successor, through execution of an assignment and assumption agreement with the City and the former RDA has assumed responsibility for housing projects and parcels of land purchased to develop or redevelop blighted properties within the Redevelopment areas. Such land parcels are accounted for as investments on the balance sheet at the lower of cost or net realizable value or agreed-upon sales price if a disposition agreement has been made with a developer.

Individual parcels which have experienced an other than temporary market value decline are written down to estimated current market value. No appreciation is recorded if the current estimated net realizable value of an individual parcel exceeds cost.

I. Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. The City's policy is to capitalize equipment with costs exceeding \$5,000 and buildings, improvements and infrastructure with costs exceeding \$20,000.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Public domain (infrastructure) assets, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and traffic signals, have been capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation has been calculated on all capital assets, including infrastructure, on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

| | Useful Lives | Capitalization | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|--|
| | Years | Th | reshold | |
| Buildings and improvements | 20-50 | \$ | 20,000 | |
| Land improvements | 20-50 | | 20,000 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 3-25 | | 5,000 | |
| Infrastructure | 10-50 | | 20,000 | |

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Some capital assets may be acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Capital assets and the related obligations acquired under lease/purchase agreements are capitalized and accounted for in accordance with current accounting standards.

J. Joint Ventures

The City participates in several joint ventures. In accordance with GAAP investments in these joint ventures are accounted for on the equity method (see Note 12). If the City's equity in net losses of joint ventures exceeds its investment, use of the equity method is suspended except to the extent that the City is obligated to provide further financial support or has guaranteed obligations of the joint ventures.

The City advances funds to certain of its joint ventures in the form of refundable advances, project advances and operating and maintenance advances. Refundable advances accrue interest at rates stated in the related agreements. Operating, maintenance and project advances are charged to operations when incurred.

Capitalized project costs are charged to operations in the event that a project is determined to be not economically feasible.

K. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and certain benefits that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the Governmental Activities portion of the government-wide financial statements only. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and benefits of proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. Vacation time is earned based on length of service in amounts ranging between 10 and 24 days per year. City employees are allowed to carry over unused vacation earned. The maximum amount of time that can be carried over varies, depending on the employee's rate of accrual, with an upper limit of 400 hours for most employees. Employees are paid for unused vacation and certain benefits upon separation from employment.

In accordance with GAAP a liability for sick leave and benefits is accrued using the vesting method. The vesting method provides that a governmental entity estimates its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. Amounts of sick leave payments that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the Governmental Activities portion of the government-wide financial statements only. No expenditure is reported for these amounts in the governmental fund financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

That portion of compensated absences that is unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement at year end, is an expense and current liability to the respective fund(s) that an employee charges their time to.

The accrual for compensated absences comprised the following at June 30, 2018. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

| | Governmental | | Business-Type | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-----------|-------|------------|
| | | Activities | Activities | | Total | |
| Beginning Balance | \$ | 13,749,698 | \$ | 5,119,439 | \$ | 18,869,137 |
| Additions | | 3,038,417 | | 745,774 | | 3,784,191 |
| Payments | | 1,315,064 | | 273,549 | | 1,588,613 |
| Ending Balance | \$ | 15,473,051 | \$ | 5,591,664 | \$ | 21,064,715 |
| Current Portions | \$ | 1,351,459 | \$ | 488,392 | \$ | 1,839,851 |

L. Risk Management

The City is self-insured up to \$3 million to provide general liability protection. In addition to the City's self-insurance, the City also maintains excess general liability with coverage up to \$63 million.

The City is also self-insured up to \$500,000 per claim for Workers' Compensation Claims. These self-insurance programs are administered by outside agencies. The City also maintains excess workers' compensation insurance for workers' compensation claims over \$500,000 per claim with coverage up to \$5 million with CSAC Excess Insurance Authority.

The City maintains property damage coverage through the Public Entity Property Insurance Program (APIP), which has a plan limit of \$1 billion. The City maintains boiler and machinery property coverage of \$100 million per occurrence in excess of self-insured amounts varying from \$2,500 to \$500,000 per occurrence. No claims settlement amount exceeded the City's insurance coverage in the past four fiscal years.

The City also maintains a Faithful Performance, Crime Coverage Bond with a plan limit of \$15 million through CSAC Excess Insurance Authority.

M. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are reported in the Governmental Activities portion of the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Santa Clara, California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to and deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Accounting for Encumbrances

The City utilizes an encumbrance system of accounting wherein encumbrances outstanding at year end, for which the goods or services have not been received, are not reported as expenditures, but are reported as a component of the fund balance category available for subsequent year expenditures based on the encumbered appropriation authority carried over to the next fiscal year. The City Charter requires recording encumbrances as a charge against appropriations in the accounting period in which a purchase order is issued, rather than in the accounting period when goods or services are received.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with GAAP, expenditures are recorded when the goods or services are received. Adjustments to convert expenditures from the modified accrual basis to the budgetary basis are reflected in the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -budget and actual (non-GAAP legal basis) (see Note 3 and Required Supplementary Information).

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. Net Position and Fund Balance Equity

Fund balances and net position are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. For governmental fund reporting, the City considers restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances (in order of spending). For government-wide reporting, the City considers restricted net position to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred, followed by unrestricted net position.

R. Bond Discounts/Premiums

In governmental funds, bond discounts and premiums are recognized in the current period. Bond discounts and premium for proprietary funds and entity-wide financial statements are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method of accounting.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

S. Property Taxes

The State of California Constitution Article XIII A provides that the combined maximum tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value except for voter approved incremental property taxes adopted prior to the passage of Article XIII A and any additional amount for general obligation debt approved by voters subsequent to the passage of Article XIII A.

Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIII A and may be increased by no more than 2% per year unless there is a new construction on the property or the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from the 1% tax levy among the counties, cities, school districts and other districts.

Santa Clara County (County) assesses properties and bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City as follows:

| | Secured | Unsecured |
|------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Valuation dates | January 1 | January 1 |
| Lien/levy dates | January 1 | January 1 |
| Due dates | 50% on November 1, 50% on February 1 | Upon receipt of billing |
| Delinquent as of | December 10 (for November), April 10 (for | August 31 |
| | February) | |

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on property not secured by liens on real property and generally includes business use personal property.

The City participates in the Teeter Plan offered by the County whereby cities receive 100% of secured property tax levied in exchange for foregoing any interest and penalties collected on delinquent taxes.

Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received from the County. Property taxes expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year are recorded as revenue.

The City's net assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$40 billion, an increase of 9.51% compared to the previous year. The average tax rate was 1.16% per \$100 of assessed valuation.

T. Contribution In-Lieu of Taxes

Contribution in lieu of taxes is a general revenue of the governmental funds. It is levied on receipts of the City-owned and operated Electric Utility (Silicon Valley Power) in accordance with the City Charter. Non-City owned and operated electric utilities pay a franchise fee, which is also a governmental activities general revenue source.

U. Special Assessment Districts with City Commitment

Recognition of revenue related to noncurrent receivables of special assessment district funds is deferred until such receivables become current. There is no reserve for delinquent receivables since liens exist against the

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

related properties and hence the City's management believes the City will ultimately receive value equal to the delinquent receivables. Surplus fund balances remaining at the completion of a special assessment district project are disposed of in accordance with City Council resolutions and with the applicable assessment bond laws of the State of California.

V. Income Taxes

The City falls under the purview of Internal Revenue Code, Section 115 and corresponding California Revenue and Taxation Code provisions. As such, it is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

W. Lease Agreements

Any operating leases with scheduled rent increases are accounted for in accordance with current accounting standards.

X. Arbitrage Rebate Liability

Arbitrage rebate liabilities, if any, are included in accrued liabilities.

Y. Revenue Recognition

Electric, Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Fund revenues are recognized based on cycle billings periodically rendered to customers. Revenues for services provided, but not billed at the end of a fiscal year, are recognized and accrued based on estimated consumption.

Governmental Activities revenues subject to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services.

Z. Non-exchange Transactions

The City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, including grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

AA. Financial Instruments

Financial instruments included in the City's basic financial statements, excluding cash and investments, consisted of accounts receivable, accrued liabilities and bonds payable. The carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

BB. Conditional Grants

The City has several programs under which it extends loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the City's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and moderate-income housing. Certain of these loans provide for the eventual forgiveness of the loan balance if the borrower complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The City accounts for these loans as conditional grants in the City-

NOTE 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

wide financial statements, and provides a reserve against their eventual forgiveness using the straight-line method over the life of the respective loan. As of June 30, 2018, conditional grants of \$13,277,680 were offset by reserves of \$7,111,800.

CC. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

DD. Vehicle Registration Fee

On November 2, 2010, Santa Clara County voters approved Measure B, which levies a \$10 annual vehicle registration fee (VRF). The statue requires that fees collected be used only to pay for programs and projects that have a relationship or benefit to the owners of motor vehicles paying the fee and are consistent with the regional transportation plan. All revenue collected through the VRF is allocated on a population basis to cities in Santa Clara County. The City has committed and used the revenue from Measure B towards various street maintenance and traffic signal timing upgrade projects. The Vehicle Registration Fees are reported in the Governmental fund, Streets and Highways Improvement.

As of June 30, 2018, the balance of the Vehicle Registration Fees are as follows:

| | Vehi | cle Registration | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------------------|--|--|
| | Fee | | | |
| Beginning Balance July 1, 2017 | \$ | 2,240,766 | | |
| Intergovernmental revenue | | 761,457 | | |
| Interest | | 30,938 | | |
| Expenditures | | (122,735) | | |
| Ending Balance June 30, 2018 | \$ | 2,910,426 | | |

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The budget of the City is a detailed operating plan that identifies estimated costs and activities in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes: (1) the projects, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated revenue available to finance the operating plan, and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan.

The budget process is the mechanism through which policy decisions are made, implemented and controlled. The City Charter requires that the City establish a budgetary system for general operations and prohibits expending funds for which there is no legal appropriation. The City is required to adopt a budget on or before June 30 for the ensuing fiscal year that begins July 1. Activities of the General Fund, the Santa Clara

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (continued)

Housing Successor, and the Maintenance Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated operating budget. The procedures followed to establish the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying required supplementary information to the basic financial statements are as follows:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. This includes a Five-Year Financial Plan to aid in the planning and funding of operations and capital projects over the next five years.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments.
- 3. The operating and capital budgets are legally enacted through the passage of a minute order.

From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the applicable governmental funds. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the department level. The operating budget is presented at the object category level within programs of departments. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within the same object category of a department within the same fund without approval from the City Council. All other transfers require City Council approval, including a transfer from one object category to another object category of the same department.

Budget information is presented on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by adjustments authorized during the year. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations and transfers during the year. Budget amounts in the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances-budget and actual, include supplemental appropriations approved by the City Council during the year.

All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. For the actual GAAP basis financial statements, encumbered appropriations are not reported as expenditures, but are reported as a reservation of fund balance available for subsequent year expenditures, based on the encumbered appropriation authority carried over to the next fiscal year.

In addition to the annual Operating Budget, each year the City Council adopts a project length Capital Improvement Project budget.

NOTE 4 – LEASE AGREEMENTS

A. Original City Leases

<u>Irvine Company Disposition and Development Agreement With Ground Lease (DDA) for Office Park Development</u>

In April 2000, the former RDA entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with Ground Lease with The Irvine Company (Developer) for development of the site as an office/R&D complex. The DDA contemplated the former RDA obtaining title to the entire property from the City prior to entering into ground leases with the Developer. The site is subdivided into three parcels to accommodate the phased development of the project. Only Parcel 2 was conveyed to the former RDA. Parcels 1 & 3 were always held by the City and not subject to terms of the subsequent RDA dissolution.

NOTE 4 – LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

In March 2006, the DDA and the Ground Lease were amended to update the status of conditions precedent; amend the schedule of performance; and clarify terms and conditions relating to Parcel 1 and Parcel 3. In October 2012, the City entered into two ground leases with the Irvine Company for Parcels 1 and 3. The term of both leases is 80 years after the effective date of October 31, 2012, and therefore both leases shall expire on October 31, 2092. The rent commencement date is November 1, 2012. Under the terms of the leases the City will receive specified amounts for minimum rent subject to certain events or time periods and then inflationary adjustments at times specified in the leases. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Lessee paid rent of \$2.3 million for Parcel 1 and \$1.1 million for Parcel 3.

The following schedule summarizes the minimum future lease revenues to be received by the City from the leases of Parcels 1 and 3:

| Fiscal Year | Parcel 1 | | Parcel 3 | | | Total |
|-------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----|-------------|
| 2019 | | 2,259,022 | | 1,089,174 | | 3,348,196 |
| 2020 | | 2,259,022 | | 1,089,174 | | 3,348,196 |
| 2021 | | 2,259,022 | | 1,089,174 | | 3,348,196 |
| 2022 | | 2,259,022 | | 1,089,174 | | 3,348,196 |
| 2023 | | 2,259,022 | | 1,089,174 | | 3,348,196 |
| Thereafter | 1 | 56,625,497 | | 75,516,081 | | 232,141,578 |
| Total | \$ 1 | 67,920,607 | \$ | 80,961,951 | \$ | 248,882,558 |

B. City Leases Pursuant to the Terms of the January 8, 2016 Settlement Agreement

On March 8, 2011, the City and the former RDA adopted resolutions authorizing the execution of property conveyance agreements for the conveyance of certain real property owned by the former RDA. The agreements conveyed the properties subject to existing leases to the City. Properties included California's Great America Theme Park, Techmart, Hyatt Regency, and Hilton Hotel.

The actions taken by the former RDA related to the asset transfers were validly authorized and conformed with the requirements of the Community Redevelopment Law as it existed at the time of the actions. Pursuant to ABx1 26, the Redevelopment Dissolution Law, the State Controller's Office is to review any asset transfers that occurred between a redevelopment agency and any other public agency after January 1, 2011 and if the assets have not been contractually committed to a third party and to the extent allowed by state and federal law, the Controller, after completing its review is to order the return of the assets to the Successor Agency. The Successor Agency received a Controller's order on September 10, 2013 ordering the City to transfer the assets back to the Successor Agency. The validity of that order was the subject of litigation in Sacramento Superior Court (Sharma vs. City of Santa Clara). Additionally, on July 26, 2013, the Court granted the County of Santa Clara, the Santa Clara Unified School District, and the Santa Clara County Office of Education (Petitioners) motion for a preliminary injunction (temporary restraining order), restricting the City from selling, transferring, encumbering, spending, or otherwise depleting or wasting any real property interests received from the former RDA.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

On January 8, 2016 the City executed a Settlement Agreement in Sharma vs the City of Santa Clara. This Settlement Agreement calls for the City to return to the Successor Agency certain properties that the former Redevelopment Agency transferred to the City prior to dissolution. The properties returned are as follows: The Great America Theme Park Property, the Hilton Hotel Property, the North/South Parking Lots, the Gateway Parcel 2 Property, the Hyatt Hotel Property, The Techmart Property, and the Martinson Childcare Center Property. The Settlement Agreement requires the City to forego the long term lease revenues generated by the properties. Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016 have been passed on to the Successor Agency. Additional information concerning the Settlement Agreement can be found in Note 22.

The Settlement Agreement provides clarity that the City retains title to the main parking lot property for the Great America Theme Park and the Hyatt Hotel Ballroom Space. The agreement provides that rental income from these properties beginning July 1, 2015 is the property of the City.

California's Great America Theme Park Parking Lot Lease

The City and Cedar Fair entered into various agreements to operate and manage the theme park. As agreed in the Settlement Agreement, the Great America Theme Park Main Parking Lot is and always has been owned by the City and the City is entitled to any lease revenues generated from the Main Parking Lot after June 30, 2015. Pursuant to the Fourth Amendment of the ground lease, the City allows Cedar Fair to use certain City property adjacent to the Theme Park property for parking. Under the terms of the amended Ground Lease, Cedar Fair pays the City annually for use of such property for parking. Lease payments remitted for the year ended June 30, 2018, totaled \$108,094.

Future lease payments for the parking lot (terms are February 1 to January 31) to be made by Cedar Fair are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | P | arking Lot |
|-------------|----|------------|
| 2019 | \$ | 121,606 |
| 2020 | | 121,606 |
| 2021 | | 121,606 |
| 2022 | | 121,606 |
| 2023 | | 121,606 |
| Thereafter | | 608,029 |
| Total | \$ | 1,216,059 |
| | | |

Hyatt Ballroom Lease Agreement

In April 1985, the former RDA entered into various agreements for the development of a certain piece of land for the eventual operation of a high quality hotel and related facilities, including a ballroom. The resulting lease agreement pertaining to the City owned ballrooms for an initial term of 50 years. The Lessee has options to renew the lease for four additional periods of ten years each and one additional period of nine years. In 2013, Hyatt Equities, LLC. sold its interest to Inland American Lodging Acquisitions, Inc., the terms and conditions of the lease agreements remain in effect.

NOTE 4 – LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

The minimum rent of the Ballroom lease is adjusted every three years according to the April 1985 agreement. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Lessee paid \$342 thousand in rents for the Ballroom lease.

The following schedule summarizes the approximate minimum future revenues to be received from this lease:

| | Ballroom Lease | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | | Amount | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 344,160 | | | |
| 2020 | | 344,160 | | | |
| 2021 | | 344,160 | | | |
| 2022 | | 344,160 | | | |
| 2023 | | 344,160 | | | |
| Thereafter | | 4,072,560 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 5,793,360 | | | |

NOTE 5 - ENTERPRISE FUND MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

A. Santa Clara Convention and Visitors Bureau and Convention Center

In March 1984, the City entered into two separate management agreements with the Santa Clara Chamber of Commerce and Convention/Visitors Bureau, Inc. (Chamber). The first agreement with the Chamber is for the management of the operations of the Santa Clara Convention/Visitors Bureau. In fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City paid the Chamber \$1.48 million under this contract. The second management agreement between the City and the Chamber is for the management of the operations of the Santa Clara Conference and Convention Center (Convention Center). Under the terms of this agreement, the Chamber will receive for its services an annual management fee identified in the Convention Center budget and approved by the City Council. In fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Convention Center paid the Chamber \$133,000. Each agreement is extendible for an additional year at the end of each year. Either party may terminate the agreements by providing 180 days written notice.

B. American Golf Corporation

In May 1987, Sports and Open Space Authority (SOSA) entered into a management agreement with American Golf Corporation (AGC) to manage the operations of the Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club (SCG&TC). Subsequent five-year extensions of the agreement with minor changes in language were made on June 4, 2002 through June 30, 2007; on March 20, 2007 through June 30, 2012; and on May 8, 2012 effective through June 30, 2017. On June 27, 2017, the City extended the management agreement for the operation and maintenance of the SCG&TC from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019, and up to three, one-year extensions and a 6 month termination notice at any time to accommodate the other City's projects. Under the contract, AGC develops an annual business plan that is reviewed and approved by SOSA. AGC receives an annual administrative fee not to exceed \$54,000. In addition, AGC receives a fixed management fee \$181,555 in fiscal year 2017-18 that increases annually by Consumer Price Index, plus 3% of certain operating revenues. In fiscal year 2017-18, the City paid a total of \$297,000.

NOTE 6 – SANTA CLARA STADIUM AUTHORITY

Credit Agreement

The Restated Credit Agreement dated as of June 19, 2013 was entered into by and among Stadium Funding Trust (FinanceCo), SCSA, and Goldman Sachs Bank. Under the Restated Credit Agreement, FinanceCo is issuing private placement notes and obtaining a loan from a consortium of lenders and will loan SCSA up to \$450 million and StadCo up to \$400 million. Additionally SCSA and StadCo entered into The Restated StadCo Obligations Agreement on June 19, 2013 under which StadCo will loan up to \$500 Million to SCSA to pay costs associated with the development of Levi's Stadium.

Management Agreement

The Stadium Management Agreement dated as of March 28, 2012 was entered into by and among the SCSA, Forty Niners Stadium Management Company LLC (Management), and StadCo. The SCSA and StadCo selected ManagementCo to provide management services for the Stadium on each entity's behalf on a continual, year-round basis, including overseeing the day-to-day operations and maintenance of the Stadium. The Stadium Management Agreement has an initial term of 25 years, plus a 15 year renewal option. On November 13, 2012 the First Amendment to the Stadium Management Agreement was approved. This First Amendment establishes incentive management fees, clarifies certain responsibilities of ManagementCo, preserves the amount of concessions income earned by SCSA and StadCo, and addresses liability issues regarding a possible Solar Site License Agreement with NRG.

The Stadium Management Agreement gives ManagementCo the responsibility to oversee the concessions agreements but not to enter into the concessions agreements without SCSA and StadCo's prior consent. The Concessions Operating Agreement dated February, 2018 was reviewed by SCSA and StadCo and entered into by and between ManagementCo and Levy Premium Foodservice Limited Partnership (Levy). The Concessions Operating Agreement has an initial term of 12 years which runs from April 16, 2018 through April 15, 2030 and it grants Levy the exclusive right to provide food and beverage services and merchandise services at all events at Levi's Stadium.

Ground Lease

On February 28, 2012, the SCSA entered into a lease (the Ground Lease) with the City whereby the City leases the Stadium site to the SCSA. The Ground Lease was amended on June 19, 2013.

The Ground Lease has an initial term of 40 years. The first lease year commenced on the first day following the substantial completion of construction (August 1, 2014) and ended on the next following March 31st. The subsequent lease years will start on April 1st and end on the following March 31st. The SCSA will have five successive extension options, each four years in duration, which would commence following the initial term expiration date.

The Ground Lease provides that the City will receive a fixed ground rent (Fixed Ground Rent) of \$180 thousand for the first year of Stadium operations payable by the Stadium Authority. Beginning in the second year of Stadium operations and annually thereafter through the tenth year of Stadium operations, the Fixed Ground Rent will increase annually by \$35 thousand. Beginning in the 11th year of Stadium operations, Fixed Ground Rent will be increased to equal \$1 million, and thereafter will be increased by \$100 thousand every five years through the end of the initial term of the Ground Lease. If the term of the Ground Lease is extended, then, during the first extension term, the Fixed Ground Rent will equal \$1.58 million; and if and to the extent the Ground Lease is further extended, the Fixed Ground Rent will be increased by \$80 thousand

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – SANTA CLARA STADIUM AUTHORITY (continued)

every four years thereafter through the expiration of the term of the Ground Lease. While the Fixed Ground Rent payments vary over the course of the Ground Lease, Ground Lease expense is recorded on a straight-line basis. Therefore \$979 thousand of ground lease expense was reported in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018.

The Ground Lease also provides that the City will receive a performance based rent equal to fifty percent of the net income from non-NFL events, less certain credits, payable by the SCSA. If certain of the credits are not used within the year incurred or the next five succeeding years, the credits will expire.

The following schedule summarizes the minimum future payments due under this lease:

| Fiscal Year | Ground Lease | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|--|
| Ending March 31 | Amount | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 320,000 | |
| 2020 | | 355,000 | |
| 2021 | | 390,000 | |
| 2022 | | 425,000 | |
| 2023 | | 460,000 | |
| Thereafter | 3 | 37,995,000 | |
| Total | \$ 3 | 39,945,000 | |

Stadium Lease

On March 28, 2012, the SCSA entered into a lease with StadCo whereby the Stadium Authority leases the Stadium to StadCo. On June 19, 2013, the same parties entered into an Amended and Restated Stadium Lease Agreement (the Stadium Lease).

The Stadium Lease has an initial term of 40 years commencing on the first day following the substantial completion of construction (August 1, 2014) and includes five successive options to extend the term by four years each. The Stadium Lease is divided into two seasons:

- the Tenant Season, which includes the NFL season (including preseason, regular season and postseason NFL games) and runs from August 1 through January 31; and
- the Stadium Authority Season, which runs from February 1 through July 31.

Pursuant to the Stadium Lease, the Stadium Authority and StadCo will be entitled to receive and collect separate revenues. Rent payable by StadCo to the Stadium Authority will be \$24.5 million per year. This amount was established pursuant to the Stadium Lease in connection with the take-out financing, which occurred on June 19, 2013. The Stadium Lease allowed for one opportunity to adjust the rent if operating expenses or debt service are either more or less than projected in determining the initial rent. As of March 31, 2018 this analysis is ongoing (see note 20E). The lease also provides for a fair market rent adjustment in year 33. The Stadium Authority received \$24.5 million in stadium rent from StadCo in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018.

NOTE 6 – SANTA CLARA STADIUM AUTHORITY (continued)

The SCSA may elect to expand the Tenant Season to consist of the entire lease year, from April 1 through the next succeeding March 31 (Stadium Authority Put Right), by delivering written notice to StadCo. The Stadium Authority Put Right may be exercised at any time during lease year 13, or at any time that the Management Company Revolving Loan balance exceeds \$20 million. The expansion of the Tenant Season will be effective as of the applicable Tenant Season Expansion Date as set forth in the Stadium Lease. Effective from and after the Tenant Season Expansion Date, and continuing through the remainder of the Stadium Lease term, the Tenant Season will consist of the entire lease year.

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Pooled Cash and Investments

The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent. Allocable portions of the pooled portfolio for each fund type are reported under the captions "Pooled cash and investments" and "Restricted Cash". Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to various funds based on average cash balances of each fund unless there are specific legal or contractual requirements to do otherwise.

Total cash and investments of the City was \$895.7 million as of June 30, 2018. This amount includes the City's cash and cash equivalents of \$807.9 million, and cash and investments with fiscal agents of \$87.8 million.

Of the City's total cash and investments, the following shows the allocation as presented on the accompanying statements of net position:

| Statement of Net Position | |
|--|-------------------|
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 753,153,487 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - current | 39,633,667 |
| Restricted cash | 22,396,411 |
| Deposits | 919,873 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent | 26,453,329 |
| Fiduciary Funds | |
| Pooled cash and investments | 31,388,543 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - current | 2 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent | 2,815,636 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - OPEB | 18,944,775 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 895,705,723 |
| | |

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The City's cash and investments balances in Governmental Funds, Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, Private Purpose Trust, and Agency Funds were as follows:

| | | | Internal | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----|------------|----------------|
| | Governmental | Enterprise | Service |] | Fiduciary | |
| | Funds | Funds | Funds | | Funds | Total |
| Pooled cash and | | | | | | |
| investments | \$ 275,506,449 | \$ 461,227,243 | \$ 16,419,795 | \$ | 31,388,543 | \$ 784,542,030 |
| Investments with fiscal | | | | | | |
| agent - current | 258 | 39,633,409 | - | | 2 | 39,633,669 |
| Restricted cash | 14,524,903 | 7,871,508 | - | | - | 22,396,411 |
| Investments with fiscal | | | | | | |
| agent - noncurrent | 708,386 | 25,744,943 | - | | 2,815,636 | 29,268,965 |
| Investments with fiscal | | | | | | |
| agent - OPEB | - | - | - | | 18,944,775 | 18,944,775 |
| Deposits | - | 919,873 | - | | - | 919,873 |
| Total cash and | | | | | | |
| investments | \$ 290,739,996 | \$ 535,396,976 | \$ 16,419,795 | \$ | 53,148,956 | \$ 895,705,723 |

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment strategy is to invest cash not required for current obligations in U.S. government securities, federal government agency securities, highly rated money market instruments and other investments in accordance with the City's investment policy for a maximum term of five years for the General Fund portfolio. The City Council has authorized the purchase of securities with maturities greater than five years, specifically for the Electric Cost Reduction Account. This strategy allows the City to minimize its exposure to credit, market, and liquidity risk while maintaining a reasonable return on its portfolio.

The City's investment policy, in compliance with the City of Santa Clara Charter, Article IX, Section 904 (d) and (h), and the California Government Code authorizes the City to invest in securities that are consistent with the City's cash management strategy and long-term goals and objectives. The City is authorized to invest in the following types of instruments, and the table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the City's investment policy where it is more restrictive:

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

| Authorized Investment Type | Maximum Maturity | Minimum Credit Quality | Maximum Percentage of Portfolio | Maximum Investment In One Issuer |
|--|---------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | 5 years | Top three | None | None |
| U.S. Agency Securities (1) | 5 years | ratings categories Top three ratings categories | 80% | 40% |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 1 year | N/A | 25% | 5% |
| Bankers Acceptances | 180 days | N/A | 25% | 5% |
| Commercial Paper | 270 days | A | 25% | 10% |
| California Local Agency Investment Fund | N/A | N/A | None | \$65M Per A/C |
| Repurchase Agreements | 60 days | N/A | 50% | 20% |
| Reverse Repurchase Agreements (requires City Council approval) | 92 days | N/A | 20% | 10% |
| Securities of Local Agencies of | 5 years | N/A | 20% | 5% |
| California Medium Term Corporate Notes | 5 years | Top three ratings categories | 15% | 5% |
| Mutual Funds | N/A | Top rating category | 20% | 10% |
| Joint Powers Authority Investment Pools | N/A | N/A | None | None |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes mortgage backed securities or collateralized mortgage obligations and includes securities issued by the Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), local agencies and other U.S. government - sponsored enterprises. Callable securities are limited to 60% of the portfolio.

C. Investments with Fiscal Agents

The City invests bond proceeds restricted for construction in instruments that are stated in the Investment Policy and in various return-guaranteed investment agreements. These investments are invested in accordance with bond indentures and the maturities of each investment should not exceed the final maturity of each bond. Bond proceeds investments are reported monthly to the City Council.

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The City also maintains required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code 53601 (L) allows these funds to be invested in accordance with the statutory provisions governing the issuance of those bonds, indebtedness, other agreements, or certificates of participation in accordance with the ordinance, resolution, indenture, or agreement of the local agency providing for the issuance.

Former RDA and Electric Reserve Fund bond proceeds restricted for construction projects are invested and held by the trustee as fiscal agent investments. All funds have been invested as permitted under the Code. These investments are usually scheduled to mature when cash is needed to fulfill the requirements of the underlying bond and trust agreements.

D. Pension Rate Stabilization Program

In February 2017, the City Council approved a Pension Rate Stabilization Program, (PRSP) Trust administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The PRSP is an irrevocable trust and qualifies as an Internal Revenue Section 115 trust. This trust will assist the City in mitigating the CalPERS contribution rate volatility. Investments of funds held in Pension Rate Stabilization Program (PRSP) are governed by the Investment Guideline Document for the investment account and by the agreement for administrative services with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), rather than the general provisions of the California Government code or the City's investment policy. The City elected a discretionary investment approach which allows the City to maintain oversight of the investment management, control on target yield and the portfolio' risk tolerance. The assets in this program will eventually be used to fund Pension Plan obligations.

E. Interest Rate, Credit Risks and Fair Value Measurement

Interest rate risk is the risk that an investment's value will be adversely affected by a change in interest rates. In general, the longer the time to maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To reduce interest rate risk, the City diversifies the portfolio into a wide range of investments with different maturities, and maintains a reasonable average maturity of less than three years. This approach significantly mitigates adverse market volatility and maximizes returns.

The average maturity of the City's pooled investment portfolio at June 30, 2018 was approximately 2.17 years and the City has the ability to and generally intends to hold all investments to maturity. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the investment table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity.

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented on the next page is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements and the actual rating as of June 30, 2018 for each investment type:

| | | | | Maturity | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| | C re dit | Under 180 | 181 - 365 | 1 - 3 | 3 - 5 | Over 5 | Fair |
| Type of Investment | Rating | Days | Days | Years | Ye a rs | Ye a rs | Value |
| Cash and Investments | | | | | | | |
| City Treasury: | | | | | | | |
| Cash | N/A | \$ 103,285,543 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 103,285,543 |
| U.S. Treas ury notes | Aaa | - | 4,963,475 | 9,788,675 | 110,820,710 | - | 125,572,860 |
| Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Bank Federal National Mortgage | Aaa Aaa | 29,955,750 19,943,870 | 4,965,090 | 72,799,988 40,468,881 | 19,508,330 19,378,695 | - | 122,264,068 84,756,536 |
| Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage | Aaa | 7,498,568 | 21,365,552 | 128,769,219 | 32,067,561 | - | 189,700,900 |
| Corporation | Aaa | 9,961,990 | 38,773,355 | 25,455,483 | 9,831,230 | - | 84,022,058 |
| Mutual Fund - Fidelity | Aaam | 30,914,553 | | - | - | - | 30,914,553 |
| State Investment Pool (LAIF) | Not Rated | 50,593,069 | | | <u>-</u> | _ | 50,593,069 |
| Investments - City Treas ury | | 252,153,343 | 70,067,472 | 277,282,246 | 191,606,526 | | 791,109,587 |
| Cash and Investments - Other: | | | | | | | |
| Cash (Debt Fund) Federal Farm Credit Bank | N/A | 327 | - | - | - | - | 327 |
| (Bentzien Trust) Federal Home Loan Bank | Aaa | 34,994 | - | - | - | - | 34,994 |
| (Bentzien Trust) | Aaa | - | 149,585 | 139,132 | 98,273 | 104,507 | 491,497 |
| Municipal Notes (Bentzien Trust) Municipal Notes (Bentzien | Aaa | - | - | - | 95,472 | 53,693 | 149,165 |
| Trust) | Aa | - | - | - | - | 178,043 | 178,043 |
| Municipal Notes (Bentzien Trust) Corporate Notes (Bentzien | A | - | - | 169,326 | 49,736 | 105,439 | 324,501 |
| Trust) Corporate Notes (Bentzien | A | 34,999 | - | 25,774 | - | - | 60,773 |
| Trust) | Ваа | - | - | 49,950 | 49,887 | - | 99,837 |
| Corporate Notes (Bentzien Trust) Corporate Stock (Bentzien | В | - | - | 36,180 | - | - | 36,180 |
| Trust) Corporate Stock (Bentzien | A & B | 902,617 | - | - | - | - | 902,617 |
| Trust) | Not Rated | 12,942 | - | - | - | - | 12,942 |
| | | | | | | | (continued) |

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

| | Maturity | | | | | | _ |
|---|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| | C re dit | Under 180 | 181 - 365 | 1 - 3 | 3 - 5 | Over 5 | Fair |
| Type of Investment | Rating | Days | Days | Years | Years | Years | Value |
| Cash and Investments - Other: | | | | | | | |
| Mutual Fund - Dreyfus Money Market | | | | | | | |
| (Bond Proceeds) Mutual Fund - Fidelity | Aaam | 2,074,732 | - | - | - | - | 2,074,732 |
| Money Market | | | | | | | |
| (Bond Proceeds) Mutual Fund - Blackrock Money | Aaam | 285,453 | - | - | - | - | 285,453 |
| Market (Debt Fund) Mutual Fund - Money | Aaam | 708,644 | - | - | - | - | 708,644 |
| Market Funds (Debt Fund) Mutual Fund - Federated | Aaam | 23,950,080 | - | - | - | - | 23,950,080 |
| Prime (Bentzien Trust) Mutual Fund - Federated | Aaam | 181,289 | - | | - | - | 181,289 |
| Intercontinental (Bentzien Trust) Mutual Fund - Federated | Not Rated | 102,880 | | - | - | - | 102,880 |
| Total Return Bond (Bentzien Trust) Mutual Fund - Vanguard | Not Rated | 146,920 | | | - | - | 146,920 |
| GNMA Fund (Bentzien Trust) OP EB P lan Trust Fund | Not Rated | 94,286 | | - | - | - | 94,286 |
| (Money Market Fund) OP EB P lan Trust Fund | Not Rated | 579,143 | - | - | - | - | 579,143 |
| (Mututal Fund) Pension Rate Stabilization Investment | Not Rated | 18,365,632 |) . | - | - | - | 18,365,632 |
| (Money Market Fund) Pension Rate Stabilization | Not Rated | 546,846 | - | - | - | - | 546,846 |
| Investment (Mutual Fund) | Not Rated | 15,066,070 | - | - | - | - | 15,066,070 |
| US Treasury Notes (Bentzien Trust) US Treasury Notes (Debt | Aaa | - | - | - | 121,074 | 147,609 | 268,683 |
| Fund) Collateral Obligations | Aaa | - | - | 3,625,408 | 35,389,321 | - | 39,014,729 |
| (JP Morgan & Others) | Not Rated | 919,873 | | - | <u> </u> | _ | 919,873 |
| Investments - Other | | 64,007,400 | 149,585 | 4,045,770 | 35,803,763 | 589,291 | 104,596,136 |
| Total Cash and Investments | | \$ 316,160,743 | \$ 70,217,057 | \$ 281,328,016 | \$ 227,410,289 | \$ 589,291 | \$ 895,705,723 |

The City accounts for investments in accordance with GAAP, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value based on quoted market information obtained from recognized sources. The City has reported its investments at fair value with the exception of its share of external investment pools and mutual funds, the carrying value of which approximates fair value. In determining the change in fair value of its investments, the City used an aggregate method of calculation.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

| | Fair Value Measurements | | | |
|---|--|--|---|-------------|
| | Investments and Derivative Instruments Measured at Fair Value 6/30/2018 | Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2 | Exempt (1) |
| Investments by Fair Value Level | | | | |
| Short Term Investments | | | | |
| Federal Farm Credit Banks | \$ 122,264,068 | \$ - | \$ 122,264,068 | \$ - |
| Federal Home Loan Banks | 84,756,536 | - | 84,756,536 | - |
| Federal National Mortgage Association | 189,700,900 | - | 189,700,900 | - |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp | 84,022,058 | - | 84,022,058 | - |
| Mutual Fund - Fidelity Money Market | 30,914,553 | - | | 30,914,553 |
| Total Short Term Investments | 511,658,115 | - | 480,743,562 | 30,914,553 |
| Debt Securities and Other | | | | |
| Federal Farm Credit Bank (Bentzien Trust) | 34,994 | - | 34,994 | - |
| Federal Home Loan Banks (Bentzien Trust) | 491,497 | - | 491,497 | - |
| Municipal Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 149,165 | - | 149,165 | - |
| Municipal Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 178,043 | - | 178,043 | - |
| Municipal Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 324,501 | - | 324,501 | - |
| Corporate Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 60,773 | - | 60,773 | - |
| Corporate Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 99,837 | - | 99,837 | - |
| Corporate Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 36,180 | - | 36,180 | - |
| Mutual Fund - Dreyfus Money Market (Bond Proceeds) | 2,074,732 | - | - | 2,074,732 |
| Mutual Fund - Fidelity Money Market (Bond Proceeds) | 285,453 | - | - | 285,453 |
| Mutual Fund - Blackrock Money Market (Debt Fund) | 708,644 | - | - | 708,644 |
| Mutual Fund - Money Market Funds (Debt Fund) | 23,950,080 | - | - | 23,950,080 |
| Mutual Fund - Federated Gov't (Bentzien Trust) Mutual Fund - Federated Intercontinental | 181,289 | - | 181,289 | - |
| (Bentzien Trust) Mutual Fund - Federated Total Return Bond | 102,880 | - | 102,880 | = |
| (Bentzien Trust) | 146,920 | - | 146,920 | - |
| Mutual Fund - Vanguard GNMA Fund (Bentzien Trust) | 94,286 | - | 94,286 | (continued) |

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

| | | Fair Value M | le as ure ments | |
|--|--|--|---|----------------|
| | Investments and Derivative Instruments Measured at Fair Value 6/30/2018 | Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2 | Exe mpt (1) |
| Debt Securities and Other (continued) | | | | |
| OP EB P lan Trust Fund | | | | |
| (Money Market Fund) | 579,143 | - | 564,768 | 14,375 |
| OPEB Plan Trust Fund | | | | |
| (Mututal Fund) | 18,365,632 | 16,091,755 | 2,273,877 | - |
| Pension Rate Stabilization Investment | 516016 | | 500 (51) | 14 15 5 |
| (Money Market Fund) | 546,846 | - | 530,671 | 16,175 |
| Pension Rate Stabilization Investment (Mutual Fund) | 15,066,070 | 13,204,526 | 1,861,544 | _ |
| Collateral Obligations (JP Morgan & Other) | 919,873 | - | - | 919,873 |
| US Treasury Notes (Bentzien Trust) | 268,683 | 268,683 | - | - |
| US Treasury Notes | 125,572,860 | 125,572,860 | - | - |
| US Treasure Notes (Debt Fund) | 39,014,729 | 39,014,729 | | |
| Total Debt Securities and Other | 229,253,110 | 194,152,553 | 7,131,225 | 27,969,332 |
| Equity Securities | | | | |
| Corporate Stock (Bentzien Trust) | 902,617 | 902,617 | - | - |
| Corporate Stock (Bentzien Trust) | 12,942 | 12,942 | | |
| Total Equity Securities | 915,559 | 915,559 | - | |
| Total Investment by Fair Value Level | 741,826,784 | 195,068,112 | 487,874,787 | 58,883,885 |
| Investments Measured at the Amortized Cost | | | | |
| State Investment Pool(LAIF) | 50,593,069 | | | 50,593,069 |
| Total Investments Measured at the Amortized Cost | 50,593,069 | - | | 50,593,069 |
| Total Investments | 792,419,853 | \$195,068,112 | \$ 487,874,787 | \$ 109,476,954 |
| Cash in Banks | 103,285,870 | | | |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$895,705,723 | ı | | |
| Investments Derivative Instruments | | | | |
| Open contract power trading - Asset | \$ 21,505 | | 21,505 | |
| Open contract power trading - Liability | (109,674) | | (109,674) | |
| Interest rate s wap | (4,198,214) | | (4,198,214) | |
| Total Investment Derivative Instruments | \$ (4,286,383) | I | \$ (4,286,383) | |

(I) Accounts in exempt column are Mutual Fund-Money Market, Collateral Obligations, and LAIF investments which are exempt from GASB Statement No. 72 fair value categorization.

The City utilizes a third party pricing service to determine fair market prices for its individually held investments. Evaluations are based on market information available at the time and generated using proprietary evaluated pricing models and methodologies.

Bentzien Trust investment in stocks and U.S. Treasuries are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. All other Bentzien Trust debt securities are valued using a Market Approach methodology by Standard & Poor's Securities Evaluation Inc. The Market Approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities or a group of assets and liabilities.

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pension Rate Stabilization Program Level 1 investments are valued using a marketable actively traded assets closing price for identical assets. Level 2 investments are determined by using quoted prices for similar assets.

Derivative instruments classified as Level 2 on the fair value hierarchy are valued using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the derivative, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the derivative. To measure non-performance risk for a derivative liability, the third party, HedgeStar, uses credit spreads implied by the credit rating for debt issues by entities with similar credit characteristics. This is the best method available under current market conditions since the City has no credit default swaps that actively trade in the marketplace. For a derivative asset, HedgeStar determines the adjustment for non-performance risk of counterparties by analyzing counterparty-specific credit default swaps, if available. If not available, HedgeStar uses credit default swaps in the market for entities of similar type and rating with information found in various public and private information services.

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

Investments in the securities of any individual issuers that represent 5% or more of total Citywide investments are shown in the table below:

| Issuer | Bond-rating | Fair Value | % of Holding |
|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Federal Farm Credit Banks | Aaa | \$122,264,068 | 13.7% |
| Federal Home Loan Banks | Aaa | \$ 84,756,536 | 9.5% |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation | Aaa | \$ 84,022,058 | 9.4% |
| Federal National Mortgage Association | Aaa | \$189,700,900 | 21.2% |

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Under California Government Code Section 53651, depending on specific types of eligible securities, a bank must deposit eligible securities posted as collateral with its Agent having a fair value of 105% to 150% of the City's cash on deposit. All of the City's deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized with pledged securities held in the trust department of the financial institutions.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's Investment Policy limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by requiring that all security transactions entered into by the City, including collateral for repurchase agreements, be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment basis. Securities are to be held by a third party custodian.

NOTE 7 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

H. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations to a greater degree than already disclosed in the Interest Rate Risk Section above.

I. Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF's investment portfolio mainly consists of Treasuries, loans, Federal Agency securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$65 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more. Bond proceeds accounts are subject to one time deposit with no cap and are set up with a monthly draw down schedule. The carrying value of LAIF approximates fair value.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

A. Interfund Transfers

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund that has made expenditures on behalf of another fund. Less often, a transfer may be made to open or close a fund.

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

| Fund Receiving Transfers | Fund Making Transfers | Amount | | - |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|------------|--------|
| General Fund | Non-Major Governmental | \$ | 3,235,971 | A |
| Non-Major Governmental | General Fund | | 14,415,307 | В |
| | Cemetery | | 3,602 | C |
| | Sewer Utility | | 94,917 | C |
| | Solid Waste | | 61,563 | C |
| | Water Utility | | 331,700 | C |
| | Automotive Services | | 243,316 | C |
| | Electric Utility | | 993,298 | D |
| | Special Liability Insurance Claims | | 25,000 | E |
| | Non-Major Governmental | | 1,976,432 | F |
| Special Liability Insurance Claims | General Fund | | 3,450,000 | G |
| Electric Utility | General Fund | | 1,000 | Н |
| | Solid Waste | | 21,500 | Н |
| | Sewer Utility | | 546,000 | Η |
| | Water Utility | | 539,500 | Н |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | General Fund | | 27,552 | I |
| Total Interfund Transfers | | \$ | 25,966,658 | - = |

The reasons for material transfers are set forth below:

- (A) Transfer to general fund from capital project funds to return unspent project funds
- (B) Transfer to fund various capital projects, special programs, and to pay debt service.
- (C) Transfer to fund their respective share of financial, human resources software, utility billing and other projects.
- (D) Transfer to fund their respective share of financial, human resources software, utility billing, street tree planting and other projects.
- (E) Transfer to fund capital project from the insurance deductible reimbursement.
- (F) Transfer Gas Tax fund and impact fee to fund capital project in the Street and Highway projects.
- (G) Transfer to replenish the required reserve balances.
- (H) Transfer to fund Silicon Valley Utility Center and utility billing replacement project.
- (I) Transfer to American Golf to fund the operations.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

B. Current Interfund Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The following is a summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018.

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----------|--|
| General Fund | Santa Clara Stadium Authority | \$ | 2,440,262 | |
| | Receivable by Governmental Funds | | 2,440,262 | |
| Electric Utility | Internal Service Funds | | 1,168,221 | |
| Water Utility | Internal Service Funds | | 134,448 | |
| Cemetery | Internal Service Funds | | 170,708 | |
| Sewer | Internal Service Funds | | 440,065 | |
| | Receivable by Enterprise Funds | | 1,913,442 | |
| Internal Service Funds | Internal Service Funds | | 28,008 | |
| | Water Utility | | 165,605 | |
| | Receivable by Internal Service Funds | | 193,613 | |
| | Total | \$ | 4,547,317 | |

Note: The City uses due to/due from as a balancing mechanism in funds with negative cash balances.

C. Long-Term Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2018, the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year.

| Fund Receiving | Fund Making | I | Amount of | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Advance/Commitment | Advance/Commitment | Advan | ce/Commitment | | | |
| Cemetery | General Fund | \$ | 5,657,176 | | | |
| Santa Clara Golf & Tennis Club | General Fund | | 4,224,133 | | | |
| Parks and Recreation Facilities | General Fund | | 10,227,098 | | | |
| Total | | \$ | 20,108,407 | | | |

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

Cemetery Fund has a \$5,657,175 advance that bears no interest and will be repaid when funds become available. The advance is a long term subsidy of operations pending mausoleum project funding in future years, which is expected to generate additional revenues.

Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club Fund has a \$4,224,133 advance which does not bear interest, and will be repaid in annual installments after completion of capital improvements from income generated by these capital improvements.

Parks and Recreation Facilities Fund has a \$10,227,098 advance that bears interest which is based on the City's weight average portfolio rate and will be repaid to the General Fund in annual installments when Mitigation Fee Act funding become available.

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental, successor agency and business-type activities. The \$2,387,927 net internal balance in the Statement of Net Position is due to the different fiscal year end dates between the City and the Santa Clara Stadium Authority (refer to Note 1D for more information).

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital Assets Summary

Capital Assets at June 30, 2018 are comprised of:

| | Balance | | | | Retirements/ | | | | | Balance | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | June 30, 2017 | | Additions | | Adjustments | | Transfers | | June 30, 2018 | | | |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non Depreciable Assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 108,611,420 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 108,611,420 | | |
| Construction in progress | | 16,377,098 | | 19,174,906 | | | | (11,609,846) | | 23,942,158 | | |
| Total Non Depreciable Assets | | 124,988,518 | | 19,174,906 | | | | (11,609,846) | | 132,553,578 | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | | 22,569,014 | | - | | _ | | 330,651 | | 22,899,665 | | |
| Buildings | | 211,636,306 | | - | | _ | | - | | 211,636,306 | | |
| Infrastructure | | 507,659,966 | | 16,786,910 | | _ | | 10,856,743 | | 535,303,619 | | |
| Machinery & equipment | | 73,331,653 | | 5,296,189 | | (2,552,094) | | 422,452 | | 76,498,200 | | |
| Total Capital assets being depreciated | | 815,196,939 | | 22,083,099 | | (2,552,094) | | 11,609,846 | | 846,337,790 | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | | (13,301,476) | | (1,034,881) | | _ | | - | | (14,336,357) | | |
| Buildings | | (57,070,017) | | (4,183,394) | | - | | - | | (61,253,411) | | |
| Infrastructure | | (259,837,726) | | (13,140,376) | | - | | - | | (272,978,102) | | |
| Machinery & equipment | | (56,544,186) | | (3,773,280) | | 2,520,265 | | | | (57,797,201) | | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | (386,753,405) | | (22,131,931) | | 2,520,265 | | | | (406,365,071) | | |
| Net Depreciable Assets | | 428,443,534 | | (48,832) | | (31,829) | | 11,609,846 | | 439,972,719 | | |
| Governmental Activity Net Capital Assets | \$ | 553,432,052 | \$ | 19,126,074 | \$ | (31,829) | \$ | | \$ | 572,526,297 | | |

91

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

| | Balance June 30, 2017 | Additions | Retirements/ Adjustments | Transfers | Balance June 30, 2018 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
| Non Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 18,851,211 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 18,851,211 |
| Construction in progress | 73,196,951 | 26,516,044 | | (26,038,933) | 73,674,062 |
| Total Non Depreciable Assets | 92,048,162 | 26,516,044 | | (26,038,933) | 92,525,273 |
| Capital Assets being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land Improvements | 23,935,017 | - | - | - | 23,935,017 |
| Buildings | 917,372,345 | - | - | 244,880 | 917,617,225 |
| Infrastructure | 1,014,535,305 | - | - | 25,110,293 | 1,039,645,598 |
| Machinery & equipment | 23,081,201 | 851,372 | (696,708) | 683,760 | 23,919,625 |
| Total Capital Assets being depreciated | 1,978,923,868 | 851,372 | (696,708) | 26,038,933 | 2,005,117,465 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Land Improvements | (21,628,198) | (796,991) | - | - | (22,425,189 |
| Buildings & improvements | (102,918,553) | (18,234,212) | - | - | (121,152,765 |
| Infrastructure | (460,840,291) | (21,673,059) | - | - | (482,513,350 |
| Machinery & equipment | (15,643,513) | (1,069,731) | 696,708 | | (16,016,530 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (601,030,555) | (41,773,993) | 696,708 | | (642,107,840 |
| Net Depreciable Assets | 1,377,893,313 | (40,922,621) | | 26,038,933 | 1,363,009,625 |
| Enterprise Activity Net Capital Assets | \$ 1,469,941,475 | \$ (14,406,577) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,455,534,898 |

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

B. Construction in Progress Summary

Construction in Progress for governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 consisted of the following projects:

| | | | | | | Future |
|--|------------|------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Governmental Projects | Authorized | | Expended | | Co | ommitments |
| Transportation Improvements Parks and Recreation Improvements City Building Improvements | \$ | 39,000,187 | | 3,215,732 9,371,829 11,354,597 | \$ | 12,580,911 29,628,358 3,354,944 |
| Total | \$ | 69,506,371 | \$ | 23,942,158 | \$ | 45,564,213 |

Construction in Progress for business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

| Enterprise Fund Projects | Authorized | Expended | Co | Future ommitments |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|----------------------|
| Electric Projects | \$ 142,333,764 | \$ 72,993,391 | \$ | 69,340,373 |
| Water and Sewer Projects | 3,050,360 | 428,872 | | 2,621,488 |
| Stadium Authority Projects | 1,814,646 | 251,799 | | 1,562,847 |
| Total | \$ 147,198,770 | \$ 73,674,062 | \$ | 73,524,708 |

Details of these projects are available from the City on request.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|---|---|
| General Administration | \$ 1,421,492 |
| City Clerk | 1,622 |
| Finance | 14,088 |
| Public Works | 13,698,379 |
| Parks and Recreation | 1,537,729 |
| Public Safety | |
| Police | 917,890 |
| Fire | 582,232 |
| Planning and Inspection | 36,082 |
| Library | 1,386,290 |
| | 19,595,804 |
| | |
| Capital assets held by the City's Internal Service | |
| Funds are charged to the various functions | |
| based on their usage of the assets | 2,536,127 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 22,131,931 |
| Business-Type Activities: | |
| Utility Funds: | |
| Electric Utility | \$ 20,142,727 |
| Water Utility | 1,553,209 |
| Sewer Utility | 1,058,960 |
| | 25,141 |
| Water Recycling Utility | 20,111 |
| Water Recycling Utility Solid Waste | 6,450 |
| | |
| Solid Waste | 6,450 |
| Solid Waste Cemetery | 6,450 14,700 |
| Solid Waste Cemetery Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | 6,450 14,700 797,635 |
| Solid Waste Cemetery Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club Santa Clara Convention Center | \$ 6,450 14,700 797,635 1,537,589 |

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

A. Summary of Long-Term Obligations

| Type of Indebtedness | Issue Date | Final Maturity | Interest rate |
|--|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Governmental Activity Debt: | | | |
| General Long-Term Debt: | | | |
| 2010 City of Santa Clara Lease Agreement | 7/13/2010 | 7/1/2022 | 3.65% |
| 2013 Refunding Certificates of Participation | 3/28/2012 | 2/1/2032 | 2%-3.75% |
| Unamortized Premium/Discount | | | |
| Subtotal Government Activity Debt | A | | |
| Business Type Activity Debt: | | | |
| Electric Utility: | | | |
| 2008 Series B Revenue Bonds | 5/29/2008 | 7/1/2027 | Adjustable |
| 2011 Series A Revenue Bonds | 3/22/2011 | 7/1/2032 | 5%-6% |
| 2013 Series A Revenue Bonds | 4/24/2013 | 7/1/2028 | 3%-5% |
| 2014 Bank of America Loan Agreement | 6/16/2014 | 7/1/2024 | 2.67% |
| Unamortized Premium/Discount | | | |
| Sewer Utility: | | | |
| 2016 Trimble Road Loan | 3/8/2016 | 2/1/2031 | 2.14% |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority ⁽²⁾ : | | | |
| Stadium Funding Trust Loan: | | | |
| Term A loan | 6/19/2013 | 4/1/2039 | 5% |
| | 0, 2, 2020 | | |
| StadCo CFD Advance ⁽¹⁾ | 4/1/2013 | 12/31/2054 | 5.73% |
| StadCo Subordinated Loan | 3/28/2014 | 3/31/2043 | 5.50% |
| Subtotal Enterprise Activity Debt | | | |

Total Long-Term Debt Obligations

⁽¹⁾ Payments are made as the Mello-Roos tax is collected and transmitted to the Community Facilities District (CFD) by the hotels in the District.

⁽²⁾ Stadium Authority's long-term obligations are based on a March 31 fiscal year end. (see Note 1D)

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

| | | | | | dditions, | | • | 4 4 3* | | | |
|----|-------------|----|---------------------------------|----|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| A | | | Outstanding as of June 30, 2017 | | _ | | nsfers, and mort. of iscounts | bt Retired/ Defeased | | ntstanding as of June 30, 2018 | Current Portion |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 10,207,000 | \$ | 4,966,000 | \$ | - | \$ 921,000 | | 4,045,000 | \$ 956,000 | | |
| | 18,540,000 | | 15,410,000 | | - | 810,000 | | 14,600,000 | 830,000 | | |
| | | | 800,878 | | - | 54,297 | | 746,581 | - | | |
| | 28,747,000 | | 21,176,878 | | - | 1,785,297 | | 19,391,581 | 1,786,000 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 86,600,000 | | 63,705,000 | | - | 4,440,000 | | 59,265,000 | 4,685,000 | | |
| | 54,830,000 | | 54,830,000 | | - | - | | 54,830,000 | - | | |
| | 64,380,000 | | 54,910,000 | | - | 3,575,000 | | 51,335,000 | 3,720,000 | | |
| | 31,569,031 | | 29,891,000 | | - | 3,401,000 | | 26,490,000 | 3,492,000 | | |
| | | | 6,174,995 | | 567,577 | - | | 5,607,418 | - | | |
| | 12,000,000 | | 11,289,034 | | 2 | 699,587 | | 10,589,447 | 714,638 | | |
| | 282,794,108 | | 282,794,108 | | - | - | | 282,794,108 | 12,110,000 | | |
| | 38,000,000 | | 34,414,900 | | 225,247 | 1,805,262 | | 32,834,885 | _ | | |
| | 233,138,533 | | 112,564,310 | | -, | 45,531,683 | | 67,032,627 | 3,964,502 | | |
| | 803,311,672 | | 650,573,347 | | 792,824 | 59,452,532 | | 590,778,485 | 28,686,140 | | |
| \$ | 832,058,672 | \$ | 671,750,225 | \$ | 792,824 | \$ 61,237,829 | \$ | 610,170,066 | \$ 30,472,140 | | |

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

B. City's Long-term Obligations

2010 City of Santa Clara Lease Agreement

On July 13, 2010, the City entered into a new agreement with the PFFC in order to provide funds for the refunding of the City's 1997 Certificates of Participation for the Police Administration building. The PFFC entered into a separate agreement with the assignee, Bank of America, N.A. Debt Service on the new Lease Agreement is secured by lease payments made by the City to the assignee for use of the Police Administration site. On March 22, 2012, Bank of America sold and transferred the agreement to Capital One Public Financing, LLC with no change to the terms, covenants, or conditions of the contract or the payment schedule.

2013 Central Park Library Refunding Certificates of Participation (2013 COPs)

On March 28, 2013, the PFFC issued \$18.54 million to provide funds to refund outstanding 2002A COPs. The 2013 COPs mature annually beginning February 1, 2014 through February 1, 2032 and bear coupon rates ranging from 2% to 3.75%. Debt Service is secured by lease payments to be made by the City to the PFFC for use of the library. The PFFC assigns the lease payments to the certificate owners.

Compliance

Various debt agreements governing the City's bonds contain a number of covenants, including continuing disclosure requirements. The City is in compliance with these specific covenants and all other material covenants governing the particular bond issues. No event of default, as defined in the bond indentures, has occurred or is occurring.

Various debt agreements governing the Enterprise Funds' revenue bonds contain a number of covenants, including those that require the City to maintain and preserve the respective enterprise in good repair and working order, to maintain certain levels of insurance and to fix and collect rates, fees and charges so as to maintain certain debt coverage ratios. The City is in compliance with these specific covenants and all other material covenants governing the particular revenue bond issues. No event of default as defined in the bond indentures has occurred or is occurring.

C. Enterprise Funds

Electric Utility

Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 B

On May 29, 2008, Silicon Valley Power issued \$86.6 million of Variable Rate Demand Subordinated Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B (Electric 2008B Bonds) to refinance \$80.53 million of Electric 1998A Bonds on July 1, 2008. The Electric 2008B Bonds mature annually beginning July 1, 2009 through July 1, 2027. The Electric 2008B Bonds are variable-rate, multi-modal bonds that were initially issued in the weekly mode. Payment of principal and interest on the Electric 2008B Bonds was originally made from proceeds of draws on a Letter of Credit originally provided by Dexia Credit Local. On May 11, 2011, the Letter of Credit provided by Dexia was replaced by a Letter of Credit provided by Bank of America, N.A. In connection therewith, the name of the bonds was changed from "Subordinated Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds" to "Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds". On November 1, 2012, the Letter of Credit provided by Bank of America, N.A. was replaced by a Letter of Credit provided by The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ,

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Ltd with extended expiration date of January 29, 2019. The Electric 2008B Bonds are in a weekly mode and debt service is secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund. SVP is in the process of the refunding the 2008B Bonds, which will include the termination of the interest rate swap agreement discussed in Note 10D below.

Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A

On March 22, 2011, Silicon Valley Power issued \$54.83 million of Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A (Electric 2011A Bonds) to refinance \$49.66 million outstanding principal amount of Electric 2008A Bonds. The Electric 2011A Bonds mature annually beginning on July 1, 2028 through July 1, 2032 and bear coupon rates ranging from 5.00% to 6.00%. Debt service on the Electric 2011A Bonds is secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund.

Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A

On April 24, 2013, Silicon Valley Power issued \$64.38 million of Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A (Electric 2013A Bonds), to provide funds, together with other available moneys, to refinance outstanding Electric 2003A Bonds. The Electric 2013A Bonds mature annually beginning on July 1, 2014 through July 1, 2028 and bear coupon rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. Debt service on the Electric 2013A Bonds is secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund.

Bank of America Loan Agreement, Series 2014

On June 16, 2014, Silicon Valley Power (SVP) entered into a Tax-Exempt Multiple Draw Term Loan with the Bank of America Preferred Funding Corporation (the "Electric 2014 Loan Agreement") to fund the phase-shifting transformer project and the acquisition of property for future utility use. The loan is a tax-exempt multiple draw term loan that allows SVP to draw funds as needed. The first draw occurred on June 16, 2014 for approximately \$24.4 million, which includes \$15.8 million for the Phase Shifting Transformer engineering, equipment purchase, and initial construction activities and \$8.5 million for the land purchase. The second draw occurred on April 15, 2015 for \$6.0 million to cover the construction and commissioning of the Phase Shifting Transformer. The loan terms allow the City to capitalize interest of \$1,134,031 for up to two years with the initial loan payment due July 1, 2016. The loan carries an interest rate of 2.67% and the final payment is due on July 1, 2024. Debt service on the Electric 2014 Loan Agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund on a basis subordinate to the outstanding Electric Revenue Bonds.

Pledges of Future Electric Revenues

The pledge of future Electric Fund revenues ends upon repayment of the \$250.1 million in remaining debt service on the bonds which is scheduled to occur in fiscal year 2032-33. For fiscal year 2017-18, Electric Fund revenues, including operating revenues and non-operating interest earnings, amounted to \$383.7 million and operating costs, including operating expenses, but not interest, depreciation or amortizations, amounted to \$346.8 million. Net revenues available for debt service amounted to \$36.8 million which represents a coverage ratio of 2.01 times debt service of \$18.3 million.

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Sewer Utility

Installment Sale Agreement, Series 2016

On March 8, 2016, the City entered into an Installment Sale Agreement with the PFFC in order to provide funds for the Trimble Road Trunk Sanitary Sewer Improvement Project (the "Project"). The PFFC entered into a separate Assignment Agreement with the DNT Asset Trust, a wholly owned subsidiary of JP Morgan Chase National Association (the "Agreement"), to assign its rights under the Installment Sale Agreement to DNT Asset Trust. The Agreement, in the amount of \$12,000,000, carries an interest rate of 2.14% and the final payment is due February 1, 2031. Installment payments on the Agreement are secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater System. Net revenue of \$21.9 million was available for debt service payments of \$.9 million.

Santa Clara Stadium Authority

Stadium Funding Trust Loan

The Restated Credit Agreement by and among FinanceCo, the Stadium Authority and Goldman Sachs Bank was entered into on June 19, 2013. FinanceCo agreed to loan the Stadium Authority up to \$450 million. Under the Restated Credit Agreement, the loan from FinanceCo consists of the Term A Loan and the Term B Loan. On March 31, 2016, the Stadium Authority paid the remaining amount due on the Term B Loan.

Term A Loan

The Term A Loan was made in the amount of \$282.8 million. This loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.00%, payable semi-annually, with annual principal payments due beginning in April 2018. The Term A Loan has a maturity date of April 1, 2039 and is subject to certain prepayment premiums. The loan was fully drawn at closing. As of March 31, 2018, \$282.8 million was outstanding.

StadCo CFD Advance

In May of 2010, the City of Santa Clara completed the proceedings to establish a Community Facilities District (CFD) for the purpose of financing certain publicly owned facilities and public services associated with Levi's Stadium.

On June 11, 2013, the CFD, the Stadium Authority, and StadCo entered into a Reimbursement Agreement under which the CFD would agree to reimburse the Stadium Authority for costs of certain publicly owned facilities and public services constructed for Levi's Stadium. The reimbursement can only be made from a special tax generated by the CFD, as and when received by the CFD.

StadCo has agreed to advance to the Stadium Authority funds to pay for the CFD Infrastructure (StadCo CFD Advance). To evidence the Stadium Authority's obligation to repay the StadCo CFD Advance, the Stadium Authority and StadCo also executed a note on June 11, 2013. The StadCo CFD Advance has a maximum principal of \$38 million and an interest rate of 5.73%.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, as the special CFD tax was submitted to the Stadium Authority, a number of payments were made on the StadCo CFD Advance. These payments were made mid-way through each quarter. The interest that accrued between the last StadCo CFD Advance payment and the end of the year is added to principal. These payments totaled \$3.5 million, which included \$1.7 million in interest and

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

\$1.8 million in principal. As of March 31, 2018, \$32.8 million was outstanding which includes \$0.2 million of interest added to principal.

StadCo Subordinated Loan

The Restated StadCo Obligations Agreement dated as of June 19, 2013 was entered into by and between StadCo and the Stadium Authority as part of the take-out financing process. Under the Restated StadCo Obligations Agreement, StadCo will loan the Stadium Authority an amount not to exceed \$500 million with a fixed 5.50% interest rate. Required principal repayments started in March 2016 and the Stadium Authority may prepay the loan at any time.

Payments totaling \$50.6 million were made on the loan. This included the required principal payment of \$3.8 million, a \$41.8 million principal prepayment, and \$5 million in interest. As of March 31, 2018, \$67 million was outstanding.

D. Derivative Instruments

Under hedge accounting, the increase (decrease) in the fair value of a hedge is reported as a deferred cash flow hedge on the statement of net position. For the reporting period, all of SVP's derivatives meet the hedge effectiveness tests defined by GAAP.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements – Electric 2008 Series B Bonds

Pursuant to the Interest Rate Hedging Policy adopted by the City Council in 2006, as a means to lower borrowing costs, the City has a variable-to-fixed interest rate Swap Agreement with JPMorgan Chase related to the Electric 2008 Series B Bonds. Under the Swap Agreement, Santa Clara is obligated to make payments to the Swap Provider calculated on the basis of a fixed rate of 3.47% and receives from the Swap Provider payments equal to 65% of the one month London InterBank Offering Rate(LIBOR). Santa Clara's obligation to make any net regularly scheduled payments due to the Swap Provider under the Swap Agreement is payable from subordinated net revenues of the electric system on a parity with its other outstanding subordinated electric bonds. The effective date of the swap was May 29, 2008 and the scheduled termination date is July 1, 2027.

| | N | otional | | City Receives Floating | |
|---------------|----|---------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | A | mount | City Pays Fixed | Rate From Counterparty | City Pays Variable |
| | ((| 000's) | Rate to Counterparty | 06/30/18 | Rate on Bond 06/30/18 |
| | | | | Weekly Mode - 65% of | Weekly Mode - |
| 2008 Series B | \$ | 56,600 | 3.47% | LIBOR=1.35866% | SIFMA=1.373% |

The swap is classified as a debt instrument and had a negative fair value of \$4,198,214 (including accrued interest \$93,838) as of June 30, 2018, and a deferred outflow change of \$2,479,293 from June 30, 2017. The swap is classified as a deferred outflow of resources and derivative financial instrument on the statement of net position. The fair values of the derivative were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the derivative, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. The standard applied to the valuation of the derivative is fair value as defined by GAAP. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell the asset (exit price) or transfer a liability in a hypothetical transaction under orderly market conditions

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

between informed market participants on the valuation date. As of June 30, 2018, the fair value of the interest rate SWAP of negative \$4,104,376 along with the accrued interest of \$93,838 are classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Rollover Risk

SVP is exposed to rollover risk on hedging derivative instruments that are hedges of debt because SVP can terminate the interest rate swap prior to the maturity of the bond. The risk of the swap is terminated will be to re-expose SVP to the risks being hedged by the interest rate swap. SVP currently has no plans to terminate the swap prior to maturity in 2027 unless the hedged variable rate debt is refunded for a fixed rate debt prior to its maturity.

Interest Rate Risk/Basis Risk

SVP is exposed to interest rate risk on its swap agreement. SVP's net payment on the SWAP increases as the LIBOR swap index decreases. With respect to basis risk, under the swap, the City receives 65% of the weighted average on weekly mode LIBOR and pays the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) rate to bondholders of the City's Electric 2008B bonds. The basis risk is the difference between the two rates. As of June 30, 2018, 65% of the weighted average on weekly mode LIBOR was 1.35866% and the SIFMA rate was 1.373%.

Using rates as of June 30, 2018, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

| Year ending | Variable-Rate Bond | | Interest Rate | |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Swaps, Net | Total |
| 2019 | \$ 4,685,000 | \$ 813,708 | \$ 1,251,284 | \$ 6,749,993 |
| 2020 | 4,945,000 | 749,383 | 1,152,368 | 6,846,751 |
| 2021 | 5,215,000 | 681,489 | 1,047,962 | 6,944,451 |
| 2022 | 5,495,000 | 609,887 | 937,856 | 7,042,743 |
| 2023 | 5,795,000 | 534,440 | 821,838 | 7,151,278 |
| 2024-2028 | 33,130,000 | 1,399,568 | 2,152,192 | 36,681,759 |
| | \$ 59,265,000 | \$ 4,788,475 | \$ 7,363,500 | \$ 71,416,975 |

Notional Amounts and Fair Values-SVP Future Derivative Instruments

SVP maintains a Market Risk Management Policy, which among other things, sets forth the guidelines for the purchase and sale of certain financial instruments defined as hedge instruments in support of market power purchase and sales transactions. The primary goal of these guidelines is to provide a framework for the operation of an energy price hedging program to better manage SVP's risk exposure in order to stabilize pricing and costs for the benefit of SVP and its customers.

Consistent with hedge accounting treatment meeting effectiveness tests, changes in fair value are reported as deferred flows of resources on the statement of net position until the contract expiration that occurs in conjunction with the hedged expected energy purchase/sales transaction. When hedging contracts expire, at

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

the time the purchase/sales transactions occur, the deferred balance is recorded as a component of Purchased Power. For energy derivatives, fair values are estimated by comparing contract prices to forward market prices quoted by third party market participants.

SVP had the following future derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2018 with Archer Daniels Midland Company to hedge cash flows on sales of excess resources in CAISO market in the future months.

| Notic Amount | | | | | Fair V | alue | Change in F | air Value |
|-----------------|-------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Effective | Maturity | Average | | | | |
| Long | Short | Date | Date | Price | Classification | Amount | Classification | Amount |
| | | | | | Derivative | | Deferred | _ |
| 19,200 | | Various | Sep-18 | \$51.50 | Instrument | \$(109,674) | outflow | \$(109,674) |
| | | | | | Derivative | | Deferred | |
| 21,600 | | Various | Aug-18 | 51.50 | Instrument | 21,505 | inflow | 21,505 |
| | | | | | | \$ (88,169) | - - | \$ (88,169) |

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on its obligations. SVP is exposed to credit risk if hedging instruments are in asset positions. As of June 30, 2018, SVP was exposed to credit risk for the 21,600 MWH open contract derivative. It was the only open derivative contract in an asset position, and the fair values of all other open contracts and the swap are negative. The swap and open contract counterparties were rated A- and A2, respectively, by S&P at June 30, 2018.

SVP's policy for requiring collateral on hedging instruments varies based on individual contracts and counterparty credit ratings. Under the interest rate swap agreement, collateral is required based on the counterparty rating and dollar threshold on the mark-to-market value of the swap. Under the brokerage agreements with Archer Daniels Midland Company, the accounts are prefunded by SVP. If the account value falls below zero, margin calls are invoked. At June 30, 2018, SVP had posted collateral of \$211,916 on the interest rate swap and \$707,957 was deposited with CAISO and Archer Daniels Midland Company for wholesale trading.

It is also SVP's policy to negotiate netting arrangements whenever it has entered into more than one derivative instrument transaction with counterparty. Under the terms of these arrangements, should one party become insolvent or otherwise default on its obligations, the non-defaulting party may accelerate and terminate all outstanding transactions and net their fair values so that a single amount will be owed by (or to) the non-defaulting party.

Termination Risk

The swap may be terminated by the City at any time. If the swap is terminated, the City may be required to make a termination payment to the Swap Provider if the swap has a negative fair market value. The cost to terminate would be the fair market value of the swap at the time of termination. Any such termination payment owed by the City would be payable from net revenues of the electric system subordinate to the City's outstanding electric revenue bonds. If the swap had a positive fair market value, the Swap Provider

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

would be required to make a termination payment to the City. Futures contracts are traded over the counter and have no termination risk.

Price Risk

With respect to price risk under these future contracts, on purchase contracts (long positions), SVP receives the CAISO NP15 average daily rate at settlement and pays the fixed contracted rate entered into on the trade date; on sales contracts (short positions), SVP pays the CAISO NP15 average daily rate at settlement and receives the fixed contracted rate entered into on the trade date. SVP is exposed to risk because the contract prices are different from the settlement prices.

E. Repayment Requirements

As of June 30, 2018, the debt service requirements to maturity for the City's long-term obligations, with determinable payment dates and the funds from which payment will be made are as follows:

| | Government Activities | | | Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------|----------|------------|--|
| For the Year Ending | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30 | | Principal | I | nterest | | Principal | Interest | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 1,786,000 | \$ | 709,994 | \$ | 12,611,638 | \$ | 6,869,816 | |
| 2020 | | 1,859,000 | | 641,553 | | 13,170,013 | | 6,504,888 | |
| 2021 | | 1,930,000 | | 570,344 | | 13,756,719 | | 6,123,661 | |
| 2022 | | 2,005,000 | | 496,438 | | 14,355,763 | | 5,725,549 | |
| 2023 | | 980,000 | | 420,275 | | 14,998,152 | | 5,309,841 | |
| 2024-2028 | | 5,580,000 | | 1,435,606 | | 71,337,202 | | 20,610,645 | |
| 2029-2033 | | 4,505,000 | > | 389,581 | | 62,279,960 | | 8,624,010 | |
| | \$ | 18,645,000 | \$ | 4,663,791 | \$ | 202,509,447 | \$ | 59,768,410 | |

| Reconciliation of Long-term Obligations | |
|---|-------------------|
| Principal Outstanding as Reported in Government Activities | \$ 18,645,000 |
| Principal Outstanding as Reported in Business Type Activities | 202,509,447 |
| Total Principal Outstanding as Reported | 221,154,447 |
| Principal Outstanding - Stadium Authority ⁽¹⁾ | 382,661,620 |
| Unamortized Discount/Premium | 6,353,999 |
| Total Long-term Obligations | \$ 610,170,066 |

⁽¹⁾ The principal outstanding for Stadium Authority is as of March 31, 2018. Please refer to Santa Clara Stadium Authority's separately issued Financial Statements Note 5 for details.

F. Debt Limitations and Restrictions

The amounts of the City's legal debt limit and debt margin (as defined by Section 1309 of the City Charter) as of June 30, 2018, is \$6.00 billion. There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM DEBT AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations, covenants and restrictions.

G. Arbitrage

According to the regulations set forth by the U. S. Treasury Department, for bond issues subject to arbitrage rebate, earnings in excess of the stated bond rate must be rebated to the federal government every five years. As of June 30, 2018, the City has ten outstanding bond issues that are subject to the arbitrage rebate regulations. The City monitors the earnings on each of these issues and records any accrued rebate liability at the end of each individual bond year.

NOTE 11 - SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE

The City of Santa Clara All Purpose Landfill (Landfill) was closed in September 1993. Federal and state laws and regulations require closure activities such as removal of landfill structures, decommissioning of environmental control systems, site security, and final cover construction and postclosure care such as ongoing monitoring of environmental impact. The City's postclosure plan (Plan) accepted by the California Integrated Waste Management Board, which is now the California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle), addresses all the attendant issues. Based on the Plan and pertaining laws and regulations, an estimated Landfill Postclosure Care Cost Obligation is recorded and updated annually. The postclosure care liability is accrued in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund in accordance with GAAP. This obligation is payable from solid waste user fees.

The City also has a Pledge of Revenue Agreement establishing financial assurance for postclosure maintenance of the Landfill with CalRecycle, which was adopted on October 12, 1999. Financial assurance in the amount of \$600,000 will be maintained in a separate account. In addition, the agreement requires funds to be pledged annually for post-closure maintenance and corrective action costs.

The City has pledged \$866,000 for postclosure maintenance expenses and \$734,000 for corrective action in 2018-19. These amounts are subject to annual inflation factors, as stipulated by CalRecycle.

At June 30, 2018, a liability in the amount of \$4,771,173 was reported based on the estimated remaining postclosure care costs to meet the regulatory requirements. During fiscal year 2018, the City incurred postclosure expenses of \$831,824 and increased the liability by \$423,508 based on revised estimates of future costs. The estimated liability is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of postclosure care and corrective action may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES

A. Investments in Joint Venture

The City participates in significant joint ventures: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), the Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC), San Jose-Santa Clara Water Pollution Control Plant and Clean Water Financing Authority (SJSC), M-S-R Energy Authority (MSR EA), M-S-R Public Power Agency (MSR PPA) and Silicon Valley Animal Control Authority (SVACA).

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

The separately issued financial statements of these joint ventures (as noted below) are available on request.

| | Date of latest audited financial statement | Joint Venture's address |
|---------|--|---|
| NCPA | 6/30/2017 | 651 Commerce Dr. Roseville, CA 95678 |
| TANC | 6/30/2017 | P.O. Box 15129 Sacramento, CA 95851 |
| SJSC | 6/30/2017 | 200 E. Santa Clara St. San Jose, CA 95113 |
| MSR EA | 12/31/2017 | P.O. Box 4060 Modesto, CA 95352 |
| MSR PPA | 12/31/2017 | P.O. Box 4060 Modesto, CA 95352 |
| SVACA | 6/30/2017 | 3370 Thomas Road Santa Clara, CA 95051 |

The City's basic financial statements reflect the following investments in joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 (latest information available):

| | Participating percentage | Investment | Method of accounting |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| NCPA | | | |
| Geothermal | 44.39% | | |
| Hydroelectric | 37.02% | \$45,701,000 | Equity |
| Combustion Turbine | 41.67% | \$45,701,000 | Equity |
| Lodi Energy Center | 25.75% | | |
| TANC | 8.61% | 1,790,705 | Equity |
| SJSC (1) | 19.33% | 137,991,502 | Equity |
| MSR EA | 33.40% | - | Suspended |
| MSR PPA | 35.00% | - | Suspended |
| SVACA | 59.19% | 4,868,620 | Equity |
| Total | | \$190,351,827 | |

⁽¹⁾ The investment in San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility includes the current year contribution.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

B. Contingent Liability

Under the terms of the various joint venture agreements, the City is contingently liable for a portion of the long-term debt of the entities under take-or-pay agreements, letters of credit, guarantees or other similar agreements. Based on the most recent audited financial statements of the individual joint ventures as of June 30, 2017, the City was contingently liable for long-term debt as follows (in thousands):

| | | Total | | Participating | Contingent | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-----------|---------------|------------|---------|--|
| | | Debt | | Share | Liability | | |
| NCPA | | \$ | 776,517 | 32.50% | \$ | 252,365 | |
| TANC | | | 208,395 | 9.70% | | 20,210 | |
| SJSC | | | 27,240 | 19.33% | | 5,266 | |
| MSR PPA | | | 136,055 | 35.00% | | 47,619 | |
| | Total | \$ | 1,148,207 | | \$ | 325,460 | |

In addition, the City would, under certain conditions, be liable to pay a portion of the costs associated with the operations of the entities. Under certain circumstances, such as default or bankruptcy of the other participants, the City may also be liable to pay a portion of the debt of these joint ventures on behalf of those participants and seek reimbursement from those participants.

Take-or-Pay commitments expire upon final maturity of outstanding debt for each project. Final fiscal year debt expirations as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

| | | Entitlement | Debt Service |
|--|-----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Project | Debt Expiration | Share % | Share % |
| NCPA - Geothermal Project (NGP) | July-2024 | 44.3905% | 44.3919% |
| NCPA - Hydroelectric Project (NHP) | July-2032 | 37.0200% | 37.0200% |
| NCPA - Lodi Energy Center (NLEC) (1) | June-2040 | 25.7500% | 30.3620% |
| TANC - CA-OR Transmission Project (COTP) | May-2039 | 8.6051% | 9.6981% |
| MSR PPA - San Juan Plant | July-2022 | 35.0000% | 35.0000% |

⁽¹⁾ The SVP's debt service share in NLEC on issue one is 46.1588%, on issue two is 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

A summary of the City's "Take-or-Pay" contracts and related projects and its contingent liability for the debt service including principal and interest payments at June 30, 2017 is as follows (latest information available):

| Fiscal Year | NGP | NHP | NLEC COTP | | COTP | OTP MSR PPA | | Total | | |
|-------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|------|-------------|----|------------|----|-------------|
| 2018 | \$ 2,112,424 | \$ 14,300,656 | \$ | 7,715,539 | \$ | 805,216 | \$ | 10,451,000 | \$ | 35,384,835 |
| 2019 | 2,191,001 | 14,302,720 | | 7,714,299 | | 838,994 | | 11,081,700 | | 36,128,714 |
| 2020 | 2,191,513 | 14,066,048 | | 7,715,751 | | 576,705 | | 11,279,450 | | 35,829,467 |
| 2021 | 2,195,431 | 14,081,763 | | 7,715,414 | | 603,700 | | 11,269,650 | | 35,865,958 |
| 2022 | 2,197,534 | 14,025,488 | | 7,715,164 | | 633,717 | | 11,151,700 | | 35,723,603 |
| 2023-2027 | 5,286,447 | 60,361,462 | | 38,580,203 | | 3,616,764 | | - | | 107,844,876 |
| 2028-2032 | - | 39,494,274 | | 38,618,380 | | 4,594,921 | | - | | 82,707,575 |
| 2033-2037 | - | 9,333,087 | | 38,620,016 | | 5,816,277 | | - | | 53,769,380 |
| 2038-2041 | - | - | | 30,250,231 | | 2,724,043 | | - | | 32,974,274 |
| Total | \$ 16,174,350 | \$ 179,965,498 | \$ | 184,644,997 | \$ | 20,210,337 | \$ | 55,233,500 | \$ | 456,228,682 |

C. Northern California Power Agency (NCPA)

NCPA was formed in 1968 as a joint powers agency in the State of California. Its membership consists of fourteen public agencies. NCPA is generally empowered to purchase, generate, transmit, distribute and sell electrical energy. Members participate in the projects of NCPA on an elective basis. Therefore, the participation percentage varies for each project in which it participates.

A Commission comprised of one representative for each member governs NCPA. The Commission is responsible for the general management of the affairs, property, and business of NCPA. Under the direction of the General Manager, the staff of NCPA is responsible for providing various administrative, operating and planning services for NCPA and its associated power corporations.

Project Financing and Construction

NCPA's project construction and development programs have been individually financed by project revenue bonds collateralized by NCPA's assignment of all payments, revenues and proceeds associated with its interest in each project. Each project participant has agreed to pay its proportionate share of debt service and other costs of the related project, notwithstanding the suspension, interruption, interference, reduction or curtailment of output from the project for any reason. Certain of the revenue bonds are additionally supported by municipal bond insurance credit enhancements.

Hydroelectric Project

NCPA is contracted to finance, manage, construct, and operate Hydroelectric Project Number One for the licensed owner, Calaveras County Water District (CCWD). In exchange, NCPA has the right to the electric output of the project for 50 years from February 1982. NCPA also has an option to purchase power from the project in excess of the CCWD's requirements for the subsequent 50 years, subject to regulatory approval.

Geothermal Project

The NCPA Geothermal Plants have historically experienced greater than anticipated declines in steam production from the existing geothermal wells. Although initially operated as baseload generation projects at

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

full capability (238MW), NCPA changed its steam field production from baseload to load-following and reduced average annual steam production. Along with other steam field operators in the area, the Agency began implementing various operating strategies to further reduce the rate of decline in steam production. The Agency has modified both steam turbine units and the associated steam collection system to enable generation with lower pressure steam at higher mass-flow rates to optimize the utilization of the available steam resource.

Based upon current operation protocols and forecasted operations, NCPA expects average annual generation and peak capacity to decrease further, reaching approximately 66 MW by the year 2039.

Combustion Turbine Project No. 1

NCPA owns five dual (natural gas and fuel oil) combustion turbine units, each of which is nominally rated at 25 MW, which are collectively known as the Combustion Turbine Project No. 1. These units were completed in 1986 and are designed to provide peak power and reserve requirements and emergency support. Each purchaser is responsible under its power sales contract for paying an entitlement share in Combustion Turbine Project No. 1 of all NCPA's costs of such project.

Lodi Energy Center

On May 24, 2010, Santa Clara entered into an agreement with NCPA for a 25.75% interest in the Lodi Energy Center, a 280 MW combined cycle natural gas fired power plant, located in Lodi, California. The project received approval from the California Energy Commission in April 2010 and was placed into operation in November 2012.

D. Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)

TANC was organized under the California Government Code pursuant to a joint powers agreement entered into by 15 Northern California utilities. The purpose of TANC is to provide electric transmission or other facilities for the use of its members through its authority to plan, acquire, construct, finance, operate and maintain facilities for electric power transmission. The joint powers agreement provides that the costs of TANC's activities can be financed or recovered through assessment of its members or from user charges through transmission contracts with its members. Each TANC member has agreed to pay a pro-rata share of the costs to operate TANC and for payment of debt service, and has the right to participate in future project agreements.

The joint powers agreement remains in effect until all debt obligations and interest thereon have been paid, unless otherwise extended by the members.

California-Oregon Transmission Project

TANC is a participant and also the Project Manager of the California-Oregon Transmission Project (Project), a 340-mile long, 500-kilovolt alternating current transmission project between Southern Oregon and Central California. As Project Manager, TANC is responsible for the overall direction and coordination of all Project operations and maintenance, additions and betterments, and for general and administrative support.

The Project was declared commercially operable on March 24, 1993, with a rated transfer capability of 1,600 megawatts and provides a third transmission path between the electric systems of the Pacific Northwest and those in California. The Project has successfully met and completed the major environmental requirements.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

As of June 30, 2017, the most recent data available, TANC's investment in the Project was \$542.6 million, less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$272.2 million.

In connection with its participation in the Project, TANC has an entitlement balance of the Project's transfer capability of approximately 1,362 megawatts and is obligated to pay an average of approximately 80% of the operating costs associated with the Project. TANC incurred and initially capitalized all costs for project construction since they were expected to be recovered through reimbursement from Project participants and from the successful operations of the Project's transmission lines. The Project agreement among the participating members provides that each member agrees to make payments, from its revenues, to TANC for project costs incurred and for payment of debt service.

Santa Clara has historically been obligated to pay 20.47% of TANC's COTP operating and maintenance expenses and 20.70% of TANC's COTP debt service and 22.16% of the Vernon acquisition debt. Santa Clara has also been entitled to 20.4745% of TANC's share of COTP transfer capability (approximately 278 MW net of third party layoffs of TANC) on an unconditional take-or-pay basis. Starting on July 1, 2014 Santa Clara laid-off 147 MWs of this entitlement to other TANC members under a 25 year agreement. During the term of this agreement the parties taking on the entitlement will pay all associated debt service, operations and maintenance costs, and all administrative and general costs. Santa Clara's portion of the operating and maintenance expenses and the COTP debt service is 10.004 %.

E. San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility and Clean Water Financing Authority (SJSC)

The City and the City of San Jose jointly own the San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility, (RWF). The RWF provides wastewater treatment services to Santa Clara, San Jose, and seven other tributary agencies. The City of San Jose is the administering agency for the RWF. The San Jose/Santa Clara Clean Water Financing Authority (Authority) was created in 1981 to provide financing for capital improvements at the RWF.

In 1959, the City and the City of San Jose entered into an agreement to construct and operate the RWF, (formerly referred to as the San Jose/Santa Clara Water Pollution Control Plant). Under the terms of the agreement, the cities own an undivided interest in the RWF and share in the capital and operating costs on a pro rata basis, determined by the ratio of each city's assessed valuation to the sum of both cities assessed valuations. Such percentages are determined annually and applied to the capital and operating costs of the RWF, determined on an accrual basis. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City's portion of the plant capacity was approximately 19.33%, which is also its interest in the net position of the RWF.

Zero Waste Energy Development Company Ground Lease

On June 21, 2011, the San Jose City Council approved a ground lease with Zero Waste Energy Development Company (ZWED) to lease a portion of the former Nine Par landfill, which is a part of the San Jose/Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility lands. ZWED would lease the property in three phases. Under the terms of the proposed lease, ZWED will lease 40.7 acres from the City of San Jose for an initial term of seven years from the date of execution for all three leaseholds. The base rent for the initial phase (Phase 1) of the property would be payable as a proportional credit against the expenditure of site development costs estimated at \$11.8 million or as a payment of \$850,000 per year. Rent for the subsequent phases will be based on the amount of organic waste processed at the facility. Over the 30-year life of the lease, the estimate payment is a minimum of \$16.5 million. The incoming revenue will be distributed between the City

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

of Santa Clara, City of San Jose, and the tributary agencies to the RWF based on the master agreements with each agency.

South Bay Water Recycling Program

The South Bay Water Recycling Program (SBWR), a regional water reclamation program, is part of an action plan adopted by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) which limits the RWF on the amount of effluent discharged into San Francisco Bay in order to prevent conversion of salt marsh and destruction of endangered species habitat. Flow limits are not included in the current five year permit from the RQWCB. SBWR has a master plan to guide the continued operation and potential expansion of the SBWR in the absence of the previous regulatory drivers. The master plan was completed in December of 2014 and accepted by the City of San Jose and the Santa Clara Valley Water District during fiscal year 2014-15.

Under the previously approved action plan, SBWR was required to reclaim 21.1 million gallons per day (MGD) of plant effluent for nonpotable use by November 1, 1997, (Phase 1) and an additional 24.30 MGD by December 31, 2000 (Phase 2). The action plan also requires assessment of alternatives for potable reuse, including a potable pilot plant to be coordinated with the Santa Clara Valley Water District. In addition to habitat preservation, the project reduces the mass trace contaminates discharged to the San Francisco Bay and provides a reliable source of water to offset potable water demands. The current master plan recognizes that primary drivers for the continued operation and expansion of the recycled water system are based in the need for water supply, rather than wastewater discharge reduction.

The SBWR distribution system includes approximately 67 miles of pipe, a four million gallon reservoir, a transmission pump station, and two booster pump stations. These facilities were constructed between 1996 and 1998 at a capital cost of approximately \$140 million funded by the tributary agencies, grants and bond proceeds. Santa Clara's share of Phase 1 costs was approximately \$20.07 million. Seven miles of distribution mains were added to the system in 2010 and 2011.

Proceeds from the City of San Jose 1995 Series A and B Bonds and other funds were used to pay for the City of San Jose's share of Phase 1. The City contributed existing capital reserves, existing recycled water distribution system, and additional construction of system extensions. Other sources for funding of Phase 1 include U.S. Bureau of Reclamation grants, State of California Revolving Fund loans, \$6.45 million transferred in fiscal year 1995 from the Clean Water Financing Authority to the City of San Jose Wastewater Treatment Plant Capital Fund, and cash contributions from other participating agencies. The 2010 and 2011 extensions of the distribution system were funded in part by a combination of grants from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) and the United State Bureau of Reclamation totaling \$10.4 million.

In June 1997, the RWQCB approved the Proposed Revision to the South Bay Action Plan (the Plan), which describes the projects necessary to reduce average dry weather effluent flow from the RWF to below 120 MGD and protect salt marsh habitat for endangered species in the South Bay as required by RWQCB Order 94-117. These projects include expanding the Phase 1 nonpotable water distribution system by extending additional piping, placing greater emphasis on water conservation programs, reducing infiltration inflow, augmenting stream flow, and creating wetlands. The estimated costs of \$127.5 million has been funded through a combination of State Revolving Fund loans, Equipment Replacement Reserves, Sewage Treatment Plant Connection Fees, federal grants, in-kind services and cash contributions.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

F. M-S-R Public Power Agency (MSR PPA)

MSR PPA is a joint power agency formed in 1980 by the Modesto Irrigation District, the City and the City of Redding, California, to develop or acquire and manage electric power resources for the benefit of the members. The personnel of its members and contract professional staff perform the administrative and management functions of MSR PPA. The member's income and expense sharing ratio is as follows: Modesto Irrigation District – 50%; City of Santa Clara – 35%; and City of Redding – 15%.

The City's equity in MSR PPA's net losses exceeds its investment and, therefore, the equity method of accounting for the investment has been suspended. As of December 31, 2017, the date of the latest available audited financial statements, the City's unrecognized share of member's deficit of MSR PPA was \$33 million. Under the joint exercise of power agreement, which formed MSR PPA, the City is responsible for funding up to 35% of MSR PPA's operating cost, to the extent such funding is necessary. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City made no contributions to fund its share of operating deficits. If there were such contributions, they would be included in the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund expenses.

MSR PPA's principal activity is a 28.8% ownership interest in a 507-megawatt unit of a coal-fired electricity generating plant located in New Mexico (San Juan Plant). The San Juan plant was jointly owned by the Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM) (38.5%), MSR PPA (28.8%) and other municipal power entities (32.7%). MSR PPA was also a participant in the Southwest Transmission Project, a 500-kilovolt alternating current transmission project between Central Arizona and Southern California, which provides firm transmission from the San Juan plant into California. MSR PPA has transmission contracts to complete the path to bring power to the Members' distribution systems. The Members share in the income and expense of the San Juan Plant and the Southwest Transmission Project in the ratio of the MSR PPA ownership percentages. On May 25, 2016, MSR PPA sold its interest in the Southwest Transmission Project. On December 31, 2017, MSR PPA divested its ownership interest in the San Juan plant.

In 2006, MSR PPA entered into a Wholesale Purchase and Sale Agreement and a Shaping and Firming Agreement with Avangrid Renewables, Inc. to provide renewable wind energy to the Members from the Big Horn I Wind Energy Project (Big Horn I Project) with a nominal installed capacity of approximately 199.5 MW. The City receives the power purchased by MSR PPA from the Big Horn I Project. The City's share equates to approximately a 105 MW share of the output at a cost comparable to combined cycle gas-fuel generation. Power deliveries commenced on October 1, 2006 and will continue through September 30, 2026. Through an amendment of the original agreements MSR PPA has an obligation to continue to take the same output through September 30, 2031, or if the Big Horn Project is repowered MSR PPA will have a right of first offer to negotiate a long-term power purchase for such repowered project. The participation in this project is as follows: Modesto Irrigation District – 12.5%; City of Santa Clara – 52.5%; and City of Redding – 35%.

In 2009, MSR PPA entered into a Power Purchase Agreement and Redelivery Agreement with Avangrid Renewables Inc. to purchase additional wind power energy from the same site, called Big Horn II, with a nominal installed capacity of 50 MW for a twenty-year period. Deliveries of energy under this project began on November 1, 2010. The participation in this project is as follows: Modesto Irrigation District – 65%; City of Santa Clara – 35%.

M-S-R PPA San Juan

In 2015, the MSR PPA Commission approved a number of agreements (the "San Juan Restructuring Agreements") to provide for the interests of MSR PPA and certain other San Juan Participants (the "exiting

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

participants") in the San Juan Generation Station to be transferred to the remaining San Juan Participants effective December 31, 2017. In addition to the ownership divesture, the San Juan Restructuring Agreements provide for, among other things, the allocation of ongoing responsibility for decommissioning costs, mine reclamation costs and any environmental remediation obligations among the exiting participants and the remaining San Juan Participants, and the establishment and funding of mine reclamation and plant decommissioning trust funds. The San Juan Restructuring Agreements were subsequently executed by all nine San Juan Generation Station owners and PNM Resources Development Company (a non-utility affiliate of PNM) and, following receipt of regulatory approvals, became effective on January 31, 2016. Various other implementing agreements and amendments to existing San Juan project agreements to effect the restructuring have also been executed. Closing of the ownership restructuring of the San Juan Generation Station and the divestiture of MSR PPA's interests in San Juan Unit No. 4 was completed on schedule on December 31, 2017.

G. M-S-R Energy Authority (MSR EA)

MSR EA is a joint power agency formed in 2008 by the Modesto Irrigation District, the City of Santa Clara, and the City of Redding, California, to develop or acquire and manage natural gas resources for the benefit of the members. The personnel of its members and contract professional staff perform the administrative and management functions of MSR EA. The member's income and expense sharing ratio is as follows: Modesto Irrigation District – 33.3%; City of Santa Clara – 33.4%; and City of Redding – 33.3%.

The City's equity in MSR EA's net losses exceeds its investment and, therefore, the equity method of accounting for the investment has been suspended. As of December 31, 2017, the date of the latest available audited financial statements, the City's unrecognized share of member's deficit of MSR EA was \$27.2 million. Under the joint exercise of power agreement, which formed MSR EA, the City is responsible for funding up to 33.4% of MSR EA's operating cost, to the extent such funding is necessary. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City made no contributions to fund its share of operating deficits. If there were such contributions, they would be included in the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund expenses.

In 2009, the City of Santa Clara, along with the Cities of Modesto and Redding participated in the M-S-R Energy Authority Gas Prepay Project. The Gas Prepay Project provides the City of Santa Clara, through a Gas Supply Agreement with MSR EA dated September 10, 2009, a secure and long-term supply of natural gas of 7,500 MM Btu (Million British thermal unit) daily or 2,730,500 MM Btu annually through December 31, 2012, and 12,500 MM Btu daily, or 4,562,500 MM Btu annually thereafter until September 30, 2039. The agreement provides this supply at a discounted price below the spot market price (the Pacific Gas & Electric City gate index) over the next 30 years. As of December 31, 2017, bonds issued by MSR EA to finance the City's share of the Gas Prepay Project were outstanding in the principal amount of \$500,200,000. These bonds were initially sold on August 27, 2009. Under the Gas Supply Agreement, MSR EA will bill the City for actual quantities of natural gas delivered each month on a "take-and-pay" basis. MSR EA has contracted with Citigroup Energy, Inc. ("CEI") to use the proceeds of the Gas Prepay bond issue to prepay CEI for natural gas. CEI has guaranteed repayment of the bonds, and responsibility for bond repayment is non-recourse to the City of Santa Clara. Moreover, any default by the other Gas Prepay Project participants is also non-recourse to the City.

H. Silicon Valley Animal Control Authority

The City is a member of the Silicon Valley Animal Control Authority, (SVACA), established in 2000 to deliver animal control and sheltering services to three communities: the cities of Santa Clara, Campbell, and Monte Sereno. SVACA provides field and shelter services and staffing to support adoption and spay/neuter

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

programs. SVACA purchased and retrofitted an existing cold-shell office building in Santa Clara that became a fully operating animal shelter. The shelter opened in the third quarter of 2006. SVACA is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed Councilmember from each of the four member cities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Santa Clara contributed \$1,046,238 to SVACA. The City's equity interest in SVACA was \$4,868,620 at June 30, 2017 (the most recent audited information available). Audited financial statements are available from SVACA, located at 3370 Thomas Road, Santa Clara, CA 95051.

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan, which is a public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalPERS offers a menu of benefit provisions and other requirements that are established by State statutes within the Public Employee Retirement law. The City selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The City's defined benefit pension plans for Miscellaneous and Safety employees with CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All permanent (full-time and part-time) and eligible "as-needed" hourly City employees are required to participate in CalPERS. Employees fall under two categories, Classic and PEPRA. Employees hired on or before December 31, 2012 are considered Classic PERS members. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 fall into the PEPRA PERS members.

B. Pension Plan Benefits

On September 12, 2012, the State of California passed Assembly Bill (AB) 340, which created the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA). PEPRA implemented new benefit formulas and final compensation period, as well as new contribution requirements for new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 who meet the definition of new member under PEPRA. Please refer to the Pension Reform section of the CalPERS website for more information regarding when an employee will be considered a new member under PEPRA.

Benefits for employees in the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan vest after five years of CalPERS credited service. The retirement benefits are based on the retiree's age, years of CalPERS credited service, and benefit factor of 2.7% at 55 for the Classic Miscellaneous Plan members and 3% at 50 for the Classic Safety Plan members. For members under PEPRA, the benefit factor is reduced to 2.0% at 62 for the Miscellaneous Plan and 2.7% at 57 for the Safety Plan.

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Miscellaneous Plan

Participants in this plan are eligible for service retirement and receive graduated benefits upon attaining the age of 50 and with at least five years of credited service with a CalPERS employer. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor (2.7% at 55 for Classic members or 2% at 62 for PEPRA members), years of service, and final compensation (monthly average of member's highest 12 or 36 (for new members) consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay). The service retirement benefit final compensation for this group is not capped for Classic members. PEPRA members have an annual compensation limit on reportable earnings. The compensation limit for calendar year 2018 is \$121,388 for employees covered by Social Security and is adjusted annually with the CPI for all Urban Consumers.

Safety Plan

Participants in this plan are eligible for service retirement upon attaining the age of 50 and with at least five years of credited service with a CalPERS employer. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor (3% at 50 for Classic members or 2.7% at 57 for new members), years of service, and final compensation. For Classic Fire Safety employees, the final compensation is the monthly average of member's highest 36 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay for both Classic and new members, and for Classic Police Safety employees, it is the monthly average of the member's highest 12 or 36 (for new members) consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay.

The service retirement benefit for the Safety Plan group is capped at 90% of final compensation for the Classic members. PEPRA members have an annual compensation limit on reportable earnings. The compensation limit for calendar year 2018 is \$145,666 for employees not covered by Social Security and is adjusted annually with the CPI for all Urban Consumers.

The Plans provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

| | Miscel | laneous | Sat | fety |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Prior to | On or After | Prior to | On or After |
| Hire date | January 1, 2013 | January 1, 2013 | January 1, 2013 | January 1, 2013 |
| The date | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 |
| Benefit formula | 2.7% @ 55 | 2.0% @ 62 | 3.0% @ 50 | 2.7% @ 57 |
| Benefit vesting schedule | 5 years service | 5 years service | 5 years service | 5 years service |
| Benefit payments | monthly for life | monthly for life | monthly for life | monthly for life |
| Retirement age | 50 - 55 | 52 - 67 | 50 | 50 - 57 |
| Monthly benefits, as a % of | | | | |
| eligible compensation | 2.00% - 2.70% | 1.00% - 2.50% | 3.00% | 2.00% - 2.70% |
| Required employee contribution rates | 8.00% | 5.75% | | |
| Public Safety - Fire | | | 9.00% | 10.50% |
| Public Safety - Police | | | 9.00% | 10.50% |
| Required employer contribution rates | 9.893% | 9.893% | 19.184% | 19.184% |
| Required unfunded liability contribution | \$14,70 | 60,225 | \$11,57 | 75,587 |

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Beginning in fiscal year 2015-16, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the miscellaneous plan's unfunded liability was \$14,760,225 in fiscal year 2017-18. The City's required contribution for the safety plan's unfunded liability was \$11,575,587 in fiscal year 2017-18.

Employees Covered

At the valuation date, June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefits terms for each Plan:

| | Miscellaneous | Safety |
|--|---------------|--------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 903 | 447 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 408 | 57 |
| Active employees | 636 | 286 |
| Total | 1,947 | 790 |

C. Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City's contributions to the miscellaneous and safety plans were \$25,256,224 and \$22,002.506, respectively.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plans' fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2017, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

| | All Plans | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Valuation Date | June 30, 2016 | | | |
| Measurement Date | June 30, 2017 | | | |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry-Age Normal Cost Method | | | |
| Actuarial Assumptions: | | | | |
| Discount Rate (3) | 7.15% | | | |
| Inflation | 2.75% | | | |
| Payroll Growth | 3.00% | | | |
| Projected Salary Increase | Varies by Entry-Age and Service | | | |
| Investment Rate of Return (1) | 7.15% | | | |
| | Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power | | | |
| Post Retirement Benefit Increase | applies, 2.75% thereafter | | | |
| Mortality (2) | Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds | | | |

- (1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; including inflation
- (2) The morality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of morality improvement using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS' 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS' website
- (3) Change in Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actual assumption used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the prior 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website under Actual Assumptions.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' assets classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans, or PERF A, B and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted the CalPERS Board effective on July 1, 2014.

| | Current Target | urrent Target Real Return | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Years 1 - 10 (1) | Years 11+ (2) |
| Global Equity | 47.00% | 4.90% | 5.38% |
| Global Fixed Income | 19.00% | 0.80% | 2.27% |
| Inflation Sensitive | 6.00% | 0.60% | 1.39% |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 6.60% | 6.63% |
| Real Estate | 11.00% | 2.80% | 5.21% |
| Infrastructure and Forestland | 3.00% | 3.90% | 5.36% |
| Liquidly | 2.00% | -0.40% | -0.90% |
| | 100.00% | | |

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

In December 2016, CalPERS' Board of Directors voted to lower the discount rate used in its actuarial valuations from 7.5% to 7.0% over three fiscal years, beginning in fiscal year 2018. The change in the discount rate will affect the contribution rates for employers beginning in fiscal year 2019, and result in increases to employers' normal cost and unfunded actuarial liabilities.

NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

E. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net | | Net Pension | | | |
| | | Liability | Position | | Liability/(Asset) | |
| Balance at June 30, 2016 measurement date | \$ | 639,763,768 | \$ | 397,796,602 | \$ | 241,967,166 |
| Changes in the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 11,975,850 | | - | | 11,975,850 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 47,384,580 | | - | | 47,384,580 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 37,018,109 | | - | | 37,018,109 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | |
| experience | | (2,176,270) | | - | | (2,176,270) |
| Plan to plan resource movement | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 22,015,885 | | (22,015,885) |
| Contributions - employees | | - | | 5,247,078 | | (5,247,078) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 44,308,442 | | (44,308,442) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (35,744,281) | | (35,744,281) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (587,320) | | 587,320 |
| Net changes | | 58,457,988 | | 35,239,804 | | 23,218,184 |
| Balance at June 30, 2017 measurement date | \$ | 698,221,756 | \$ | 433,036,406 | \$ | 265,185,350 |

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Safety Plan:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Total Pension Plar Liability | | Plan Fiduciary Net | | Net Pension | |
| | | | Position | | Liability/(Asset) | |
| Balance at June 30, 2016 measurement date | \$ | 668,790,729 | \$ | 446,012,109 | \$ | 222,778,620 |
| Changes in the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 13,111,358 | | - | | 13,111,358 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 49,741,737 | | - | | 49,741,737 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 40,842,398 | | - | | 40,842,398 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | |
| experience | | (1,814,831) | | - | | (1,814,831) |
| Plan to plan resource movement | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 19,580,881 | | (19,580,881) |
| Contributions - employees | | - | | 4,913,868 | | (4,913,868) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 49,621,113 | | (49,621,113) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (37,370,686) | | (37,370,686) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (658,507) | | 658,507 |
| Net changes | | 64,509,976 | | 36,086,669 | | 28,423,307 |
| Balance at June 30, 2017 measurement date | \$ | 733,300,705 | \$ | 482,098,778 | \$ | 251,201,927 |
| Combined Total | \$ | 1,431,522,461 | \$ | 915,135,184 | \$ | 516,387,277 |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | | scellaneous | Safety | | |
|-----------------------|----|-------------|-------------------|--|--|
| 1% Decrease | | 6.15% | 6.15% | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 353,276,969 | \$ 349,597,462 | | |
| Current Discount Rate | | 7.15% | 7.15% | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 265,185,350 | \$ 251,201,927 | | |
| 1% Increase | | 8.15% | 8.15% | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 191,832,442 | \$ 170,451,693 | | |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

F. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$34,338,846 for the Miscellaneous Plan and \$31,402,864 for the Safety Plan.

At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan:

| | Defe | erred Outflows | Deferred Inflows | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| | of Resources | | of | Resources | |
| Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date | \$ | 25,256,224 | \$ | - | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 24,678,739 | | - | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | (2,153,804) | |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings | | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 5,500,592 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 55,435,555 | \$ | (2,153,804) | |
| | | _ | | _ | |
| Safety Plan: | | | | | |
| | Defe | erred Outflows | Def | erred Inflows | |
| | O | f Resources | of | Resources | |
| Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date | \$ | 22,002,506 | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 31,560,035 | | (3,214,242) | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | (4,299,691) | |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings | | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 6,492,491 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 60,055,032 | \$ | (7,513,933) | |
| Combined Total | \$ | 115,490,587 | \$ | (9,667,737) | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PLAN – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

The reported \$25,256,224 for the Miscellaneous Plan and \$22,002,506 for the Safety Plan deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| Measurement Period | Miscellaneous Plan | | S | Safety Plan | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|--|-------|-----------------|
| Ended June 30 | Annual Amortization | | Annual Amortization | | Annual Amortization | | Annua | al Amortization |
| 2018 | \$ | 10,582,494 | \$ | 4,180,579 | | | | |
| 2019 | | 18,318,146 | | 15,057,243 | | | | |
| 2020 | | 2,391,861 | | 11,401,940 | | | | |
| 2021 | (3,266,974) | | | (101,169) | | | | |

NOTE 14 – RETIREMENT PLAN - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City's Public Agency Retirement System Plan (PARS Plan) is a compulsory retirement plan that qualifies under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code covering City employees who are not members of CalPERS. Under the provisions of the PARS Plan, the City makes no contributions; however, all administrative costs of the plan are funded by the City. The PARS Plan administrator is Phase II Systems. The total assets of the PARS Plan are held in trust for the employees and are not included in the City's assets or equity.

NOTE 15 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The City's single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Trust Fund, which was established by City Council in fiscal year 2007-08 in accordance with GAAP, provides reimbursements to retirees for qualified expenses. Employees who have retired from the City with at least ten years of service and meet certain criterion based upon retirement date, household income in the most recent calendar year and age are entitled to reimbursements for qualified expenses. Annual maximum reimbursement amounts differ depending on when an employee retired from City service. The majority of retirees may be eligible for a maximum of \$4,170 in annual reimbursements. Amendments to benefit provisions are negotiated by the various bargaining units at the City and must be approved by Council. In fiscal year 2007-

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

08, the City established an irrevocable exclusive agent multiple-employer defined benefit trust which is administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The City is the Plan administrator, and PARS administers the investment trust for the City's Plan. The trust is used to accumulate and invest assets necessary to reimburse retirees. Separate financial reports are issued by PARS for the OPEB Plan Trust. The report can be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660, or by calling 1-800-540-6369.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan and additions to and deduction from the OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same bases. For this purpose OPEB benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are report at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reporting results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For the fiscal year 2017-18 the following time frames were used.

Measurement Date June 30, 2018

Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Actuarial valuation date (1) June 30, 2016

(1) Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability from the valuation date to the measurement date.

B. Plan Membership

As of June 30, 2018, membership in the plan consisted of the following:

| | Number of |
|---|-------------------|
| | Covered Employees |
| Inactive employees currently receiving benefits | 635 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments | 196 |
| Active employees | 996 |
| Total | 1,827 |

C. Contributions

The OPEB Plan trust annual contributions are based upon actuarial determine contributions. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. Plan members do not make contributions to the plan; the plan is funded entirely by employer contributions. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 the City cash contributions were \$5,387,417 in payments to the trust and the estimated implied subsidy was \$912,000 resulting in total payments of \$6,299,417.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

D. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2016, rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard actuarial methods, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant Actuarial Assumptions Used in Total OPEB Liability

| Actuarial Assumption | June 30, 2018 Measurement Date | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2016 | | | |
| Discount rate | 5.25% at June 30, 2018 | | | |
| | Crossover analysis showed benefit payments always fully | | | |
| Inflation | 3.00% | | | |
| Salary increases | Aggregate -3% | | | |
| Investment rate of return | 5.25% at June 30, 2018 | | | |
| Funding policy | Full pre-funding to PARS trust | | | |
| | PARS portfolio: Moderately Conservative | | | |
| Mortality, Disability, | | | | |
| Termination, and Retirement | CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study | | | |
| | Mortality improvement projection with Scale MP-14 with 15 | | | |
| Mortality Improvement | year convergence in 2022 | | | |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | Non-Medicare - 6.5% for 2018 scaling down to 5.0% for year | | | |
| | Medicare - 6.7% for 2018 scaling down to 5.0% for year 2021 | | | |
| Healthcare participation for future | | | | |
| retirees - Cash subsidy | Currently covered: 80% | | | |
| | Waived: 60% | | | |

E. Investments Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investment was 3.26%, net of investment expense. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

F. Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability were 5.25% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rate equal to the actuarially determined contributions rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefor the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

| | Target | Long-Term Expected |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Mutual Funds - Equity | 30% | 4.82% |
| Mutual Funds - Fixed Income | 65% | 1.47% |
| Cash and equivalent | 5% | 0.06% |
| | 100% | |
| Expected Inflation | | 3.00% |
| Discount Rate | | 5.25% |

G. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the Net OPEB liability and Fiduciary Net Position are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability (In Thousands)

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 65,516 | \$ 63,011 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | (18,945) | (15,228) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ 46,571 | \$ 47,783 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a | | |
| percentage of the Total OPEB Liability | 28.9% | 24.2% |

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The changes in Net OPEB details as follow:

Changes in Net OPEB Liability (In Thousands)

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Total OPEB | | Plan Fiduciary | | Net Pension | |
| | L | Liability | | Net Position | | lity/(Asset) |
| Balance at June 30, 2017 measurement date | \$ | 63,011 | \$ | 15,228 | \$ | 47,783 |
| Changes in the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 2,198 | | - | | 2,198 |
| Interest | | 3,343 | | - | | 3,343 |
| Contributions - employer (1) | | - | | 6,300 | | (6,300) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 524 | | (524) |
| Benefit payments | | (3,036) | | (3,036) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (71) | | 71 |
| Net changes | | 2,505 | | 3,717 | | (1,212) |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 measurement date | \$ | 65,516 | \$ | 18,945 | \$ | 46,571 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes implied subsidy of \$912

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 5.25%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

| | | (In Thousands) | | | | | |
|--------------------|----|--------------------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|--|
| | 1 | 1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increase | | | | | |
| | | (4.25%) | | (5.25%) | | (6.25%) | |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 55.312 | \$ | 46,571 | \$ | 39,440 | |

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as of June 30, 2018, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Care Trend Rates

| | | (In Thousands) | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----|----------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | 1% I | 1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Inc | | | | | |
| | (5.5% N | (5.5% Non-Medicare (6.5% Non-Medicare | | | (7.5% Non-Medicare | | |
| | 5.7% | 5.7% Medicare 6.7% Medicare | | | 7.79 | 6 Medicare | |
| | decreasi | decreasing to 5.0%) | | asing to 5.0%) | decrea | sing to 5.0%) | |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 37,573 | \$ | 46,571 | \$ | 57,836 | |

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense as follows:

OPEB Expense (In Thousands)

| | 2 | 018 |
|--------------------|----|-------|
| Fund level expense | \$ | 5,387 |
| Actuarial Expense | | (585) |
| OPEB Expense | \$ | 4,802 |
| | | |

As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows as of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows Balance (In Thousands)

| | Deferred Outflow | Deferred Inflows |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | of Resources | of Resources |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings | | |
| on OPEB plan investments | \$ 286 | \$ - |
| Total | \$ 286 | \$ - |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources in Future OPEB Expense (In Thousands)

| For the Year ending June 30 | Amount | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|----|--|
| 2019 | \$ | 72 | |
| 2020 | | 72 | |
| 2021 | | 72 | |
| 2022 | | 70 | |

NOTE 17 – ELECTRIC UTILITY - SILICON VALLEY POWER (SVP)

The City's Electric Utility Department provides electricity to City residents and businesses under the name Silicon Valley Power (SVP).

A. Long-term Power Purchase Contracts

The City purchases wholesale electric power from various participants of the Western Systems Power Pool (WSPP), NCPA, MSR Public Power Agency (Note 12), Western Area Power Administration, and other sources to supply the power requirements of the City's electric utility customers. The City actively manages the financial risks inherent in these long-term contracts, including the risks arising from the changing spot market prices that move above and below the contract prices and from contract disputes that may arise from time to time. The cost of power is included in enterprise fund materials, services and supplies expense.

B. Restructuring of the California Electric Industry

Deregulation Legislation and Direct Access

The passage of AB1890 in 1998 triggered fundamental changes in the structure of the electric industry in California. Generally, AB1890 provided for creation of the California Power Exchange (Cal PX), which was to be a clearinghouse for energy transactions among investor-owned utilities, independent generators and power marketers, who in turn would serve so called direct-access customers. AB1890 also created the California Independent System Operator (CAISO), which was to manage the state's bulk transmission grid.

However, in 2000 and 2001, the price of electricity at the Cal PX became extremely high, and investor-owned utilities were unable to pay for the energy that they needed from the Cal PX. Eventually the Cal PX filed for bankruptcy and was dismantled. Investor-owned utility PG&E and several energy marketers would also file for bankruptcy and over a decade of litigation ensued.

The CAISO, however, continues to manage the state's bulk electric system and the day-ahead and day-of markets, and it has implemented various price controls and tariffs in an effort to avoid repeating the mistakes of 2000 and 2001. Along with balancing control area responsibility, the CAISO has also announced that it will take on the role of reliability coordinator for the region.

NOTE 17 – ELECTRIC UTILITY – SILICON VALLEY POWER (SVP) (continued)

Energy Wholesale Trading and Risk Management

SVP participates in the wholesale gas and power market and the CAISO's centralized market. Since CAISO's Market Redesign and Technology Upgrade (MRTU), CAISO has become the ultimate buyer and seller in the California day ahead market. Therefore, SVP engages in the trading of commodity forward contracts (gas and electric energy contracts) to secure fuel supply and hedge daily power purchase/sales from/to CAISO. Activities during the fiscal year were substantially considered hedging transactions and, as such, have been accounted for using the settlement method of accounting. Accordingly, related gross purchases and sales totaling \$35.4 million and \$35 million, respectively, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, have been separately reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The restructured electric wholesale market exposes SVP to various risks including market, credit and operational risks. Active and effective management of these risks associated with the power trading activity is critical to its continued success and contribution to the entire utility. A Risk Management Committee, separate from the units that create the risk exposures, overseen by a Risk Oversight Committee that reports ultimately to the City Council, administers and monitors compliance with the risk policies and procedures on a regular basis. The City and SVP believe that it has the resource commitment, and effective policies and procedures, and is continuing to improve the control structure and oversight for evaluating and controlling the market and credit risks to which it is exposed.

Credit Arrangements

The City of Santa Clara electric utility maintains credit policies, procedures, and systems that help mitigate credit risk and minimize overall credit risk exposure. The policies include transacting only with investment grade counterparties, evaluating potential counterparties' financial condition and assigning credit limits as applicable. These credit limits are established based on risk and return considerations under terms customarily available in the industry. Additionally, SVP is a signatory to the WSPP netting agreement supplement and otherwise, enters into master netting arrangements whenever possible and, where appropriate, obtains collateral prior to trade execution. Master netting agreements incorporate rights of setoff that provide for the net settlement of subject contracts with the same counterparty in the event of default.

NOTE 18 – NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY

Net Position is measured on the full accrual basis and presented in the Government-wide Financial Statements, while Fund Balance is measured on the modified accrual basis and presented in the Governmental Funds Financial Statements.

A. Government-wide Financial Statements - Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflow of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the government—wide level, and are described below:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot

NOTE 18 – NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (continued)

unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate-income purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted as to use.

B. Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Fund Balances

The City categorizes fund balance in accordance with GAAP. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by federal, state, county, local laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed Fund Balance

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through resolutions. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specific uses through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. These Council actions must occur prior to June 30th of the applicable fiscal year.

Assigned Fund Balance

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent are to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the City Manager per Ordinance 1784, September 16, 2003.

Unassigned Fund Balance

These are either residual positive net resources of the General Fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories in the General Fund, or negative balances in all other funds. The Unassigned Fund Balance includes the Budget Stabilization (Emergency) and Capital Projects Reserves, and other undesignated fund balances. The balances in these accounts are \$55 million, \$31 million, and \$22 million, respectively. Additional information is described in the Stabilization Arrangement section of this note.

Under the City's encumbrance system of accounting, a portion of fund balance that has been encumbered for a specific future use is classified in the appropriate fund balance component based on the nature of the encumbrance.

NOTE 18 – NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (continued)

Fund Balance Classification

| Fund Darance Classification | M ajo | or Funds | _ | | |
|--|--|----------------|--|--|--|
| | General Santa Clara Fund Housing Successor | | Non-Major Governmental Funds | Fund Balance June 30, 2018 | |
| Nonspendable: Receivables, inventory & prepaid Advances to other Funds Loans to Successor Agency | \$ 538,259 20,108,407 4,355,641 | \$ - - - | \$ - - - | \$ 538,259 20,108,407 4,355,641 | |
| Total Nonspendable | 25,002,307 | - | - | 25,002,307 | |
| Restricted For: | | | | | |
| Gas tax programs Housing & Community Maintenance districts Operating grants | - | 29,523,103 | 11,348,829 10,412,935 854,964 794,411 | 11,348,829 39,936,038 854,964 794,411 | |
| Debt service | _ | _ | 1,487,827 | 1,487,827 | |
| Environmental enforcements | 184,158 | _ | -, , | 184,158 | |
| Parks & recreation Streets and highway | - | - | 15,044,767 18,003,563 | 15,044,767 18,003,563 | |
| Public safety | 763,908 | - | 29,666 | 793,574 | |
| Library | 141,431 | - | - | 141,431 | |
| Public facilities | - | - | 2,209,124 | 2,209,124 | |
| Special assessments | | - | 1,068,343 | 1,068,343 | |
| Donations | 289,664 | - | - | 289,664 | |
| Pension rate stabilization program | 12,205,978 | - | 512.005 | 12,205,978 | |
| Storm drain | | - | 512,807 | 512,807 | |
| Total Restricted | 13,585,139 | 29,523,103 | 61,767,236 | 104,875,478 | |
| Committed to: Housing programs | | | 2,971,325 | 2,971,325 | |
| Parks & recreation | | _ | 12,632,454 | 12,632,454 | |
| Streets and highway | _ | _ | 4,846,319 | 4,846,319 | |
| Storm drain | _ | _ | 1,576,938 | 1,576,938 | |
| Public safety | - | - | 533,878 | 533,878 | |
| Library | _ | _ | 1,305,483 | 1,305,483 | |
| Public facilities | - | - | 16,252,170 | 16,252,170 | |
| Streets beautification | - | - | 354,317 | 354,317 | |
| Building inspection | 12,741,482 | - | - | 12,741,482 | |
| Land investment | 29,085,401 | - | - | 29,085,401 | |
| Historical preservation | 87,112 | | | 87,112 | |
| Total Committed | 41,913,995 | _ | 40,472,884 | 82,386,879 | |
| Assigned to: | | | | | |
| General Government | 5,835,921 | - | - | 5,835,921 | |
| Community activities | 1,608,087 | - | - | 1,608,087 | |
| Other purposes | 29,261 | - | - | 29,261 | |
| Total Assigned | 7,473,269 | - | | 7,473,269 | |
| Unassigned: | 107,799,790 | | | 107,799,790 | |
| Total Unassigned | 107,799,790 | | | 107,799,790 | |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ 195,774,500 | \$ 29,523,103 | \$ 102,240,120 | \$ 327,537,723 | |
| 1 oral I und Dulunco | Ψ 1,5,77 1 ,500 | Ψ 27,323,103 | Ψ 102,270,120 | Ψ 321,331,123 | |

NOTE 18 – NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (continued)

C. Fund Balance Policy

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the City's Fund Balance Policy reduces all Governmental Funds Balances in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned fund balances unless disallowed by City Council or legal requirements.

Stabilization Arrangement

Maintaining financial stabilization is a necessity for sound financial management and fiscal accountability. Its purpose is to ensure funds are available to cover occasional budgetary shortfalls (i.e., when general unrestricted revenues decline) or other unexpected urgent events. The City's Budget Stabilization Reserves (Emergency) and Capital Projects Reserves are maintained for these purposes. As of June 30, 2018, the Budget Stabilization and Capital Projects Reserves were \$55 million and \$31 million, respectively, and are a component of the General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance.

In 1985-86, the City Council established a policy regarding the City's General Contingency Reserve, under which two separate reserves were established.

- The Budget Stabilization Reserve is set aside primarily for weathering economic downturns, emergency financial crisis, or disaster situations. The reserve target is equal to the cost of the City's General Fund operations for three months (90-days or 25% General Fund operating budget).
- The Capital Projects Reserve, earmarks funds for a five-year capital improvement program. The minimum target for this reserve is \$5 million.

One of the strategic objectives on the 2017-18 Council Goals and Strategic Objectives list is to continue to replenish City reserves and maintain strong, fiscally-sound management policies of City revenues with long term goals in mind.

Pension Rate Stabilization Program Trust

In fiscal year 2016-17, the City established an irrevocable trust account with PARS to pre-fund retirement plan obligations. The contributions placed in the trust will reduce the City's net pension liability for financial purposes as required by GAAP. As of June 30, 2018, the balances in the pension rate stabilization program trust for the General Fund and Electric Fund were \$12 million and \$3.5 million, respectively.

NOTE 18 – NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (continued)

D. Net Position/Fund Balance Deficits

The funds listed below had an accumulated deficit as of June 30, 2018:

| Fund Name | A | Accumulated Deficit | | | |
|--|----|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Enterprise Funds: | | | | | |
| Cemetery | \$ | 3,212,457 | | | |
| Solid Waste | \$ | 1,885,537 | | | |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | \$ | 2,997,123 | | | |
| Internal Service Funds: | | | | | |
| Special Liability Insurance Claims | \$ | 690,902 | | | |
| Workers' Compensation Insurance Claims | \$ | 16,723,730 | | | |

The City's long term plans include construction of additional facilities that will help bring the Cemetery Enterprise Fund closer towards recovery. The Solid Waste deficit is mainly due to liabilities incurred for landfill postclosure care and is expected to be funded by charges for services in future years. The Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club deficit is due to the lower revenues from the current year operation while the expenses remain the same as the previous fiscal year. The Workers Compensation Insurance Claims' and Special Liability Insurance Claims' Internal Service Fund accumulated deficits are expected to be offset by future charges to the General Fund and the proprietary funds.

E. Prior Period Adjustments

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2018.

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 75). The purpose of this statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions and improve the information about financial support provided by other entities. This statement replaces Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended; and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans.

The implementation of the above Statement required the City to make prior period adjustments. As a result, the beginning net positions of the Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and the Internal Service Fund were reduced by \$24,894,942, \$22,888,058, and \$912,655, respectively.

NOTE 19 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, errors and omissions, general liability, injuries to employees and unemployment claims. The City currently reports all of its risk management activities in its Internal Service Funds. Claims, expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss

NOTE 19 – RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated using actuarial methods or other estimating techniques. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

This liability is the City's best estimate based upon available information which is included in accrued liabilities.

Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 2016 resulted from the following:

| Special | 1 | Workers' | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|
| Liability | Co | mpensation | | Total |
| | | | | |
| \$ 2,117,694 | \$ | 23,642,145 | \$ | 25,759,839 |
| 6,433,608 | | 1,922,425 | | 8,356,033 |
| (5,595,423) | | (3,650,632) | | (9,246,055) |
| \$ 2,955,879 | \$ | 21,913,938 | \$ | 24,869,817 |
| 8,394,396 | | 3,997,788 | | 12,392,184 |
| (5,890,962) | | (4,632,672) | | (10,523,634) |
| \$ 5,459,313 | \$ | 21,279,054 | \$ | 26,738,367 |
| | | | | |
| \$ 3,166,402 | \$ | 3,191,858 | \$ | 6,358,260 |
| 2,292,911 | | 18,087,196 | | 20,380,107 |
| \$ 5,459,313 | \$ | 21,279,054 | \$ | 26,738,367 |
| \$ \$ \$ | \$ 2,117,694 6,433,608 (5,595,423) \$ 2,955,879 8,394,396 (5,890,962) \$ 5,459,313 \$ 3,166,402 2,292,911 | \$ 2,117,694 \$ 6,433,608 (5,595,423) \$ 2,955,879 \$ 8,394,396 (5,890,962) \$ 5,459,313 \$ \$ 3,166,402 \$ 2,292,911 | Liability Compensation \$ 2,117,694 \$ 23,642,145 6,433,608 1,922,425 (5,595,423) (3,650,632) \$ 2,955,879 \$ 21,913,938 8,394,396 3,997,788 (5,890,962) (4,632,672) \$ 5,459,313 \$ 21,279,054 \$ 3,166,402 \$ 3,191,858 2,292,911 18,087,196 | Liability Compensation \$ 2,117,694 \$ 23,642,145 \$ 6,433,608 1,922,425 (5,595,423) (3,650,632) \$ 2,955,879 \$ 21,913,938 \$ 8,394,396 3,997,788 (5,890,962) (4,632,672) \$ 5,459,313 \$ 21,279,054 \$ \$ 3,166,402 \$ 3,191,858 \$ 2,292,911 18,087,196 |

With respect to the Special Liability accrual of \$5.4 million, the City has numerous unsettled lawsuits filed or claims asserted against it as of June 30, 2018. The City has reviewed these claims and lawsuits in order to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the City and to arrive at an estimate of the amount or ranges of potential loss to the City. As a result of such review, the City has categorized the various claims and lawsuits as "probable," "reasonably possible," and "remote" loss contingencies, as defined by current accounting standards.

The City has determined that the City's probable loss contingencies, which are accrued for as the estimated liability for claims and lawsuits as of June 30, 2018, are approximately \$5.4 million. The final outcome of claims and lawsuits, which have been categorized as reasonably possible loss contingencies, is not presently determinable and any associated potential loss cannot be estimated. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying basic financial statements relative to the potential outcome of such claims and lawsuits. However, the ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits is not expected to have a material effect on the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Electricity Purchase Contracts

The City has future commitments under electricity purchase contracts as discussed in Note 17A, and is contingently liable under joint venture agreements discussed in Note 12B.

NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

B. Grant Programs

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Encumbrances

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled (executory contracts; and open purchase orders). Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but, rather, as restricted or committed governmental fund balance. As of June 30, 2018, total governmental fund encumbrance balances for the City are as follows:

| General Fund | \$ 5,835,921 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 20,242,467 |
| Total Governmental Funds | \$ 26,078,388 |

D. Bay Area Water Supply and Conservation Agency Revenue Bonds Surcharge

The City contracts with the City and County of San Francisco for the purchase of water from the Hetch Hetchy System operated by the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC). The City is also a member of the Bay Area Water Supply and Conservation Agency (BAWSCA) which represents the interests of all the 24 cities and water districts, as well as two private utilities, that purchase wholesale water from the SFPUC.

In 2009 the City entered into a new 25 year agreement with the SFPUC. One of the ways that the new agreement differs from the old is in how facilities constructed by the SFPUC that benefit the regional customers are treated from a rate and financial perspective. Under the old agreement, facilities were built, capitalized, and added to the rate base with a rate of return (interest), and then paid for over their useful lives through wholesale rates. Under the new agreement, the SFPUC issues revenue bonds and the debt service (which also includes an interest component) is paid for through rates over the life of the bonds.

During the transition from the old to the new contracts, one of the issues addressed was how to deal with the \$370 million in assets that were still being paid for by the wholesale customers under the old agreement. The assets were transferred to the new agreement, assigned a life with an agreed upon rate of return of 5.13%. Also negotiated was a provision to allow the wholesale customers to prepay any remaining existing assets' unpaid principal balance without penalty or premium. This prepayment was executed through the issuance of bonds by BAWSCA which provide a better interest rate given the favorable rate environment.

BAWSCA issued Revenue Bonds in the principal amount of \$335,780,000 in January 2013 to prepay the capital cost recovery payment obligation and fund a stabilization fund. The Bonds mature in October 2034 and are secured by surcharges to the monthly water purchase charges imposed upon the participating

NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

members. The Bonds are not a debt obligation of any member, and BAWSCA's failure to pay its Bonds would not constitute a default by any participating member.

Should any participating member fail to pay its share, BAWSCA will rely on the stabilization fund and will pursue all legal remedies to collect the shortfall from the delinquent member. In the interim, other participating members may have their portion adjusted to insure the continued payment of the debt service surcharge.

The risk of bearing the debt service expense of a defaulting member is not significantly different than the risk each member assumes currently for fluctuations in water purchase charges. Under the Bond indenture, BAWSCA maintains a stabilization fund. If surcharge revenues collected are less than needed (due to a member's failure to pay timely), BAWSCA uses the stabilization fund to fund the debt service deficiency, and increases the surcharge in the subsequent year to make up for the prior year shortfall and reimburse the stabilization fund account. Also, given that each participating agency's governing body adopted a Resolution to participate in the Bond issue, Management believes that default is generally very unlikely.

The annual debt service surcharges are a fixed amount for each participant and are calculated by taking the subsequent fiscal year's debt service, multiplied by each participant's actual water purchase as a percent of total wholesale customer water purchases from the prior fiscal year. One-twelfth of the annual surcharge is included in the monthly bill from SFPUC. Because each participant's share of the debt service surcharge is proportional to the amount of water purchased during the prior fiscal year, the City's share of the debt service will fluctuate from year to year.

The City paid its surcharge of \$681,648 during fiscal year 2017-18, which is included as a component of purchased water expenses in the Water Enterprise Fund. The surcharge for fiscal year 2018-19 is estimated to be \$515,328.

E. Santa Clara Stadium Authority – Stadium Facility Rent Arbitration

Based on the changes to the projected operating and debt service expenses, the provisions for a one-time rent adjustment as described in note 6 were triggered. At the Stadium Authority Board (Board) meeting held on March 22, 2016, StadCo presented a financial model showing that a rent of \$20.25 million per year is sufficient, when combined with other Authority revenues, to cover debt service and operating expenses in each of the 40 years of the Stadium Lease. The Board decided not to adjust the rent, and instead passed a motion to pursue the informal dispute resolution procedures and to proceed to the arbitration process if necessary. Thereafter, on May 3, 2016, StadCo filed for arbitration with the Stadium Authority.

On June 18, 2018, the arbitrator entered an Interim Arbitration Award in favor of the Stadium Authority and against StadCo. This award adjusted the facility rent from \$24.5 million to \$24.8 million, an increase of \$262,000. This increase is retroactive to the first lease year resulting in a total amount owed of \$1 million for the first four lease years, through March 31, 2018. In addition to the adjustment to the facility rent, the Stadium Authority will be entitled to reimbursement of its attorney's fees and other costs, the amount of which is to be determined by the arbitrator.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 21 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

A. Defeased Bonds

Bayshore North Project 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 11, 2011, the former RDA issued \$31.41 million of Bayshore North Project 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds (RDA 2011 Bonds) with an interest rate ranging from 2% to 7.86%, and a final maturity of 2026, to finance various redevelopment activities associated with the former RDA's Bayshore North Project Area. The 2011 Bonds were defeased on June 1, 2017.

The following schedule summarizes the defeased 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds:

| | Ptincipal | | Redemption | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 2011 Series | Issued | Date Issued | Defeased | Maturities Defeased | Date |
| Current Interest Bonds | \$ 11,440,000 | May 18, 2011 | \$ 11,315,000 | June 1, 2026 | June 1, 2021 |
| Canital Approximation Panda | 10.071.205 | May 19 2011 | 5 006 252 | From June 1, 2017 to June 1, 2021 | NIA |
| Capital Appreciation Bonds | 19,971,295 | May 18, 2011 | 5,996,353 | From June 1, 2022 to | NA |
| | | | 10,643,264 | June 1, 2026 | June 1, 2021 |
| | \$ 31,411,295 | | \$ 27,954,617 | | |

B. Enforceable Obligations

AB 1484 allows the following notes to be reestablished with the approval of the Oversight Board.

Franklin Mall Cooperation and Reimbursement Reentry Agreement

The City has made long-term advances to the former RDA. On May 18, 2012, the Oversight Board authorized the Successor Agency to reenter into the Loan Agreement with the City. On May 22, 2012, the agreement to reenter into a Loan Agreement was approved by the City and the Successor Agency. The outstanding commitment from the Successor Agency totaled \$2.40 million on June 30, 2018.

Agreement Reentering into Promissory Note to Facilitate Implementation of the Affordable Housing Program

The City has made long-term advances to the former RDA for implementation of the former RDA's affordable housing program. On May 18, 2012, the Oversight Board authorized the Successor Agency to reenter into the Loan Agreement with the City. On May 22, 2012, the agreement reentering into a Loan Agreement was approved by the City and the Successor Agency. The outstanding commitment from the Successor Agency totaled \$1.96 million as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 22 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY LEASE AGREEMENTS

On January 8, 2016 the City executed the Settlement Agreement for Sharma vs Successor Agency to Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Clara. This Settlement Agreement calls for the City to return to the Successor Agency certain properties that the former Redevelopment Agency transferred to the City prior to dissolution. The properties transferred are as follows: the Great America Theme Park Property (not including the parking lot, see Note 4B), the Hilton Hotel Property, the North/South Parking Lots, the Gateway Parcel 2 Property, the Hyatt Hotel Property (not including the ballroom, see Note 4B), the Techmart Property, and the Martinson Childcare Center Property. All the properties, other than the Martinson Childcare Center Property will be sold by the Successor Agency. Until the properties are sold the rent revenues will be used to pay the Successor Agency's enforceable obligations. The Settlement Agreement requires the City to forego the long term lease revenues generated by the properties.

A. California's Great America Theme Park Ground Lease

In June 1985, the former RDA acquired the Great America Theme Park (Theme Park) and entered into a management agreement with Kings Entertainment Company (Kings) to manage the Theme Park operations. The former RDA also entered into a Ground Lease and Assets Option Agreement (Option Agreement) with Kings Great America, Inc. (KGA), a wholly owned subsidiary of Kings.

In June 1989, the former RDA sold the Theme Park operations to Kings pursuant to the Option Agreement, as amended. The sale was effective retroactive to January 1, 1989. In addition to the Theme Park buildings, rides and equipment, Kings purchased all other operating assets and assumed all operating liabilities of the Theme Park as of January 1, 1989. Concurrent with the sale of the Theme Park, the former RDA as lessor, entered into a Ground Lease with First Refusal Purchase Rights (Ground Lease) with Kings pursuant to the Option Agreement, as amended, to lease the real property used in the operations of the Theme Park.

In August 1992, the former RDA assigned the Ground Lease to Paramount Parks, Inc. (Paramount) concurrent with Paramount's purchase of the operating assets of Kings. Paramount assumed the Ground Lease with no amendments or modifications. For the duration of the Ground Lease, and for 3 years after its expiration or termination, Paramount has the right to match any bona fide offer to buy or lease all or a portion of the leased property if the leased property is sold or leased for use as a theme park.

On May 22, 2006, Paramount's parent companies entered into a Purchase Agreement with Cedar Fair, L.P. (Cedar Fair), pursuant to which Cedar Fair agreed to purchase all of the outstanding capital stock of Paramount. Cedar Fair assumed the Ground Lease with no amendments or modifications.

The initial term of the Ground Lease expired on December 31, 2009. The Ground Lease has an option to extend for 3 additional terms of ten (10) years each. Cedar Fair exercised the first ten (10) year renewal option by letter notification to the former RDA received in December 2007. The City and Cedar Fair entered into the Fourth Amendment to Ground Lease with First Refusal Purchase Rights on January 1, 2012. Pursuant to the Fourth Amendment, Cedar Fair has additional options to extend the lease term until 2074.

The base rent under the Ground Lease is \$5.3 million annually, payable in quarterly installments of \$1.325 million, plus additional rent equal to the sum of 5% of the annual gross revenues of the Theme Park in excess of \$56 million up to \$100 million plus 7.5% of the annual gross revenues in excess of \$100 million. If Cedar Fair exercises the first option to renew pursuant to the Fourth Amendment, annual base rent will increase to \$5,697,500. If Cedar Fair exercises the second option to renew pursuant to the Fourth Amendment in 2054 for an additional term of 10 years, annual base rent will increase to \$5,982,375. If Cedar Fair exercises the third option to renew pursuant to the Fourth Amendment in 2064 for an additional ten years, basic rent will

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 22 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

increase to \$6,281,494. Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$29,147,612 were passed on to the Successor Agency.

North South Parking Lot Revenue

Pursuant to the Fourth Amendment, Cedar Fair is allowed to use certain North South parcels adjacent to the Theme Park property for parking. Under the terms of the Ground Lease as amended by the Fourth Amendment, Cedar Fair pays annually for use of such property for parking. The lease payments for parking lots terms are from February 1 to January 31. Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$133,000 were passed on to the Successor Agency. On May 22, 2018, the City Council authorized the City Manager to make an offer to purchase the Successor Agency-owned North South Parcel and further authorized the execution of a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the property. The transfer of the property was settled on July 24, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Cedar Fair paid base rent of \$5.3 million, additional rent of \$1,181,898, and parking lot rent of \$26,600.

The following schedule summarizes the approximate future minimum lease revenues to be received from the Theme Park ground lease prior to December 31, 2019, when the current option expires:

| | Ground Lease | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Amount | | | | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 5,300,000 | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 2,650,000 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 7,950,000 | | | | | |

B. Techmart Office Building Ground Lease

In May 1998, the former RDA entered into a long-term ground lease of the Techmart parcel with CarrAmerica. The lease has a 55 year term with options for two additional ten-year terms. The former RDA received \$1 million annual rent for each of the first ten years of the lease, which lease revenues were paid by the former RDA to the City pursuant to the First Amended Cooperation Agreement. Rent increases are scheduled as follows: 10% in the eleventh year and every five years thereafter during the initial term and 15% in the first and sixth year of each option term. Under the terms of the lease, CarrAmerica assumed responsibility for all taxes and assessments levied against the Techmart parcel and the Lessor's interest in the ground lease is unsubordinated to any other financing. On July 13, 2006, CarrAmerica merged with Nantucket Acquisition, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of The Blackstone Group; the terms and conditions of the lease agreement remain in effect.

Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$6,050,000 were passed on to the Successor Agency. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Lessee paid rent of \$1,230,167.

The following schedule summarizes the future lease payments to be received from the Techmart lease agreement:

NOTE 22 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

| Fiscal Year | Amount |
|-------------|---------------|
| 2019 | \$ 1,331,000 |
| 2020 | 1,331,000 |
| 2021 | 1,331,000 |
| 2022 | 1,331,000 |
| 2023 | 1,342,092 |
| Thereafter | 56,370,204 |
| Total | \$ 63,036,296 |

C. Hyatt Regency Hotel Ground Lease and Ballroom Lease

In April 1985, the former RDA entered into a long-term ground lease with SCCC Associates (Lessee) for the development of a certain portion of that piece of land – the Bayshore North Redevelopment Project Area, and eventual operation of a high quality hotel and related facilities, amenities and improvements including one of the Ballrooms in the Convention Center. The lease is for an initial term of 50 years. The Lessee has options to renew the lease for four additional periods of ten years each and one additional period of nine years. In 2005, SHC New Santa Clara, LLC, the successor-in-interest to SCCC Associates at that time, sold the interest to Hyatt Equities, LLC. In 2013, Hyatt Equities, LLC. sold its interest to Inland American Lodging Acquisitions, Inc.; the terms and conditions of the lease agreements remain in effect. Under the terms of the lease, the former RDA is entitled to receive a specified amount of minimum rent subject to adjustment at times specified in the lease. Lessee may also have an obligation for additional rent calculated as a predetermined percentage of the hotel gross revenues which exceed the amount specified in the lease.

The Settlement Agreement states that a portion of the ground lease payments from the Hyatt Hotel are derived from the Convention Center Ballroom space rental and are not related to the Hyatt Hotel ground lease. The Settlement Agreement states the City shall retain all revenues generated from the Ballroom Agreement starting July 1, 2015. Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015 in the amount of \$921,270 were passed on to the Successor Agency. Additional information concerning the Ballroom Lease can be found in Note 4B.

Lease revenues collected from Hyatt from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$8,654,573 were passed on to the Successor Agency. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Lessee paid minimum rent of \$400,000 and \$1,625,545 in the additional rent.

NOTE 22 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

The following schedule summarizes the approximate minimum future revenues to be received from this lease:

| | Ground Lease | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Amount | | | | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 400,000 | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 400,000 | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 400,000 | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 400,000 | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 400,000 | | | | | |
| Thereafter | | 4,733,333 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 6,733,333 | | | | | |

D. Hilton Hotel Ground Lease

In July 1999, the former RDA entered into a long-term ground lease with Santa Clara Hotel, LLC (Lessee) for the development of a certain portion of that piece of land – the North Parcel, and eventual operation of a high quality hotel and related facilities, amenities and improvements (Hilton Hotel). The lease is for an initial term of 55 years. The Lessee has options to renew the lease for three additional periods of ten years. Under the terms of the lease, the former RDA is entitled to receive a specified amount of minimum rent subject to adjustment at times specified in the lease. Beginning with the third lease year, the former RDA is also entitled to receive additional rent at an amount equal to a specified percentage of the gross revenues if the hotel exceeds the total amount of minimum rent for the applicable lease year.

On June 13, 2017, the Successor Agency adopted a Resolution authorizing the City Manager/Executive Officer to execute a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Ontario Airport hotel Corporation for the sale of Santa Clara Hilton Parcel located at 4949 Great America Parkway (Property) and all documents necessary to accomplish the transfer of the property. The transaction was authorized by the Oversight Board on June 30, 2017. The transfer of the property was settled on July 18, 2017.

Lease revenues collected from July 1, 2012 to July 31, 2017 in the amount of \$4,772,501 were passed on to the Successor Agency.







CITY OF SANTA CLARA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This part of the City of Santa Clara's Comprehensive Annual Report provides detailed information to better understand the data presented within the financial statements and note disclosures.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Discloses the changes and components of the net pension liability and related ratios, including the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability, and the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN

Contains information of the employer's contractually required contribution rates, contributions to the pension plan and related ratios.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Discloses the changes and components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including OPEB's Plan Trust Fund net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability, and the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB PLAN

Contains information of the employer's contractually required contribution rates, contributions to the OPEB Plan and related ratios.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - OPEB PLAN TRUST FUND

Contains information for the money-weighted rate of return for the OPEB Plan Trust Fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Presents the accompanying budget and actual comparison schedules in accordance with the budgetary process.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MISCELLANEOUS PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 $^{(1)}$

Miscellaneous Plan

| | 2017 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|--|-------------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|-------------------|
| Total Pension Liability | _ | | | | | _ |
| Service cost | \$ 11,975,850 | \$ | 10,415,730 | \$ | 9,909,421 | \$ 10,345,749 |
| Interest | 47,384,580 | | 46,283,869 | | 44,755,550 | 42,969,016 |
| Changes of assumptions | 37,048,109 | | - | | (10,233,178) | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (2,176,270) | | (2,265,081) | | 108,957 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (35,744,281) | | (33,491,738) | | (31,858,297) | (29,847,146) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 58,487,988 | | 20,942,780 | | 12,682,453 | 23,467,619 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 639,763,768 | | 618,820,988 | | 606,138,535 | 582,670,916 |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ 698,251,756 | \$ | 639,763,768 | \$ | 618,820,988 | \$ 606,138,535 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 22,015,885 | \$ | 18,464,042 | \$ | 15,625,285 | \$ 14,887,751 |
| Contributions - employee | 5,247,078 | | 5,151,548 | | 4,755,791 | 5,439,513 |
| Net investment income | 44,308,442 | | 2,186,435 | | 9,037,882 | 61,358,126 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (35,744,281) | | (33,491,738) | | (31,858,297) | (29,847,146) |
| Plan to plan resource movement | - | | (788) | | (368) | - |
| Administrative expense | (587,320) | | (247,274) | | (457,051) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 35,239,804 | | (7,937,775) | | (2,896,758) | 51,838,244 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 397,796,602 | | 405,734,377 | | 408,631,135 | 356,792,891 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ 433,036,406 | \$ | 397,796,602 | \$ | 405,734,377 | \$ 408,631,135 |
| Net Pension Liability - ending | \$ 265,215,350 | \$ | 241,967,166 | \$ | 213,086,611 | \$ 197,507,400 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 62.02% | | 62.18% | | 65.57% | 67.42% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 64,427,859 | \$ | 61,287,024 | \$ | 57,336,229 | \$ 57,193,591 |
| Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll | 411.60% | | 394.81% | | 371.64% | 345.33% |

Notes to schedule:

(1) Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation.

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2016.

Changes in assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect a discount rate adjustment from 7.5% (net of administrative expenses) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5% discount rate.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

MIS CELLANEOUS PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (1)

| Wiscentificous I full | | | | | |
|--|------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 25,256,224 | \$ 21,613,984 | \$ 18,543,534 | \$ 15,257,771 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially | | | | | |
| determined contributions | | (25,256,224) | (21,613,984) | (18,543,534) | (15,257,771) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | \$ _ | \$ - |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 75,515,390 | \$ 71,285,526 | \$ 61,942,363 | \$ 58,051,406 |
| Contributions as a percentage of | | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 33.45% | 30.32% | 29.94% | 26.28% |

6/30/2015

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period 28 years as of valuation date
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Miscellaneous Plan

Notes to schedule

Valuation date

Salary increases 3.2% to 12.2% depending on age, service, and type of employment

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011

6/30/2014

6/30/2013

6/30/2012

Mortality (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

(1) Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation.

(2) The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SAFETY PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 (1)

Safety Plan

| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|--|------|--------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|-------------------|
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 13,111,358 | \$ | 10,985,005 | \$ | 10,678,931 | \$ 10,748,085 |
| Interest | | 49,741,737 | | 48,410,844 | | 46,944,730 | 45,454,864 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 40,842,398 | | - | | (11,249,844) | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (1,814,831) | | (3,491,487) | | (3,604,245) | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (37,370,686) | | (35,868,203) | | (34,372,454) | (33,072,631) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 64,509,976 | | 20,036,159 | | 8,397,118 | 23,130,318 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 668,790,729 | | 648,754,570 | | 640,357,452 | 617,227,134 |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ | 733,300,705 | \$ | 668,790,729 | \$ | 648,754,570 | \$ 640,357,452 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 19,580,881 | \$ | 16,679,012 | \$ | 14,692,277 | \$ 12,839,821 |
| Contributions - employee | | 4,913,868 | | 4,376,079 | | 4,079,023 | 4,866,079 |
| Net investment income | | 49,621,113 | | 2,362,110 | | 10,236,992 | 70,347,760 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (37,370,686) | | (35,868,203) | | (34,372,454) | (33,072,631) |
| Plan to plan resource movement | | - | | 788 | | - | - |
| Administrative expense | | (658,507) | | (279,579) | | (516,273) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 36,086,669 | | (12,729,793) | | (5,880,435) | 54,981,029 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 446,012,109 | | 458,741,902 | | 464,622,337 | 409,641,308 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ | 482,098,778 | \$ | 446,012,109 | \$ | 458,741,902 | \$ 464,622,337 |
| Net Pension Liability - ending | \$ | 251,201,927 | \$ | 222,778,620 | \$ | 190,012,668 | \$ 175,735,115 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 65.74% | | 66.69% | | 70.71% | 72.56% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 42,666,314 | \$ | 40,211,601 | \$ | 39,002,668 | \$ 37,666,322 |
| Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll | | 588.76% | | 554.02% | | 487.18% | 466.56% |

Notes to schedule:

(1) Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation.

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2016.

Changes in assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect a discount rate adjustment from 7.5% (net of administrative expenses) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5% discount rate.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

SAFETY PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (1)

| Safety Plan | | | | | | l Year Ending | | | |
|--|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|---------------|------|--------------|--|
| | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 22,002,506 | \$ | 19,735,867 | \$ | 17,365,058 | \$ | 14,776,850 | |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially | | | | | | | | | |
| determined contributions | | (22,002,506) | | (19,735,867) | | (17,365,058) | | (14,776,850) | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | - | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 47,569,993 | \$ | 47,064,869 | \$ | 41,116,053 | \$ | 38,909,866 | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 46.25% | | 41.93% | | 42.23% | | 37.98% | |
| Notes to schedule Valuation date | | 6/30/2015 | | 6/30/2014 | | 6/30/2013 | | 6/30/2012 | |

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period 28 years as of valuation date
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.4% to 20.% depending on age, service, and type of employment

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011

Mortality (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

(1) Fiscal year 2014-15 was the first year of implementation.

(2) The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

OPEB PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 $^{(1)}$ (In Thousands)

| | 2018 | 2017 | | |
|---|---------------|------|---------|--|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 2,198 | \$ | 2,134 | |
| Interest | 3,343 | | 3,194 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | | - | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | | - | |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | | - | |
| Benefit payments including refunds | (3,036) | | (2,034) | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 2,505 | | 3,294 | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 63,011 | | 59,717 | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ 65,516 | \$ | 63,011 | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 6,300 | \$ | 2,733 | |
| Net investment income | 524 | | 738 | |
| Benefit payments including refunds | (3,036) | | (2,034) | |
| Administrative expense | (71) | | (73) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 3,717 | | 1,364 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 15,228 | | 13,864 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ 18,945 | \$ | 15,228 | |
| Net OPEB Liability - ending | \$ 46,571 | \$ | 47,783 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 28.9% | | 24.2% | |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 135,297 | \$ | 102,468 | |
| Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll | 34.4% | | 46.6% | |

Notes to schedule:

(1) Fiscal year 2016-17 was the first year of implementation.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

OPEB PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30⁽¹⁾ (In Thousands)

| | 20 | 018 | 2017 |
|--|----|---------|---------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 5,466 | \$ 2,981 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially | | | |
| determined contributions | | 6,300 | 2,981 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | (834) | \$ |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 135,297 | \$ 102,468 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 4.7% | 2.9% |

Notes to schedule:

(1) Fiscal year 2016-17 was the first year of implementation.

15

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

Notes to Schedule of Employer Contribution (OPEB Plan)

| Methods and Assumption | ons for 2017-18 Actuarially Determine Contributions |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2016 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll |
| Amortization method | Level percent of payroll |
| | 30 years (closed period) for initial UAAL |
| Unfunded liability amortization | (22 Years remaining on June 30, 2017 |
| | 15 years (open period) for method, assumption, plan changes, |
| | and gains and losses |
| | Maximum 30-year combined period |
| | Investment gains and losses spread over a 5-year rolling period. |
| Asset valuation method | Not less that 80% nor greater than 120% of market value |
| Discount rate | 5.25% |
| General inflation | 3.00% |
| | Non-Medicare - 6.5% increase in 2018 |
| Healthcare trend | scaling down to 5.0% in 2021 |
| | Medicare - 6.7% increase in 2018 |
| | scaling down to 5.0% in 2021 |
| Mortality | CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study |
| | Mortality improvement projection with Scale MP-14 |
| Mortality improvement | with 15 year convergence in 2022 |

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

OPEB PLAN, AN AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years for the Measurement Periods Ended June $30^{(1)}$

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Annual money-weighted rate of return, | | |
| net of investment expense | 3.26% | 5.10% |
| | | |

Notes to schedule:

(1) Fiscal year 2016-17 was the first year of implementation.

GENERAL FUND

S CHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP LEGAL BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2018

| | Budgeted | Budgeted Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget | |
|--|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis | Positive (Negative) | |
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ 59,047,475 | \$ 59,047,475 | \$ 55,881,563 | \$ (3,165,912) | |
| Ad valorem | 51,359,000 | 51,359,000 | 55,008,929 | 3,649,929 | |
| Transient occupancy | 20,600,000 | 20,600,000 | 21,419,237 | 819,237 | |
| Other | 5,116,300 | 5,116,300 | 6,231,016 | 1,114,716 | |
| Licenses, permits, fines and penalties | 10,065,300 | 10,065,300 | 8,695,325 | (1,369,975) | |
| Intergovernmental | 1,310,000 | 1,315,000 | 4,821,068 | 3,506,068 | |
| Charges for services | 41,271,526 | 41,271,526 | 42,261,843 | 990,317 | |
| Contributions in-lieu of taxes | 21,661,903 | 21,661,903 | 21,985,803 | 323,900 | |
| Interest and rents | 13,019,497 | 13,019,497 | 12,289,431 | (730,066) | |
| Other | 415,920 | 443,767 | 605,266 | 161,499 | |
| Total Revenues | 223,866,921 | 223,899,768 | 229,199,481 | 5,299,713 | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General Government: | | | | | |
| General Administration: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 536,192 | 6,852,091 | 5,923,347 | 928,744 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 15,468,937 | 15,651,442 | 14,437,881 | 1,213,561 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 173,779 | 173,779 | 173,779 | - | |
| Capital outlay | - | 4,195 | 4,195 | | |
| Total General Administration | 16,178,908 | 22,681,507 | 20,539,202 | 2,142,305 | |
| City Clerk: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 1,204,521 | 1,076,940 | 989,006 | 87,934 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 121,286 | 384,601 | 270,791 | 113,810 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 23,970 | 23,970 | 23,970 | | |
| Total City Clerk | 1,349,777 | 1,485,511 | 1,283,767 | 201,744 | |
| City Attorney: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 1,588,047 | 1,588,047 | 1,554,727 | 33,320 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 81,571 | 81,571 | 112,013 | (30,442) | |
| Internal service fund charges | 49,414 | 49,414 | 49,414 | | |
| Total City Attorney | 1,719,032 | 1,719,032 | 1,716,154 | 2,878 | |
| Human Resources: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 2,748,494 | 2,583,297 | 2,459,896 | 123,401 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 679,391 | 679,391 | 679,320 | 71 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 52,091 | 52,091 | 52,091 | | |
| Total Human Resources | 3,479,976 | 3,314,779 | 3,191,307 | 123,472 | |
| | | | | | |

GENERAL FUND

S CHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP LEGAL BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2018 (continued)

| | Budgeted A | Budgeted Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis | (Negative) | |
| Finance: | | | <i>V</i> | | |
| Salary & benefits | 9,828,521 | 9,198,917 | 8,837,727 | 361,190 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 1,216,705 | 1,216,702 | 1,217,228 | (526) | |
| Internal service fund charges | 410,769 | 410,769 | 410,769 | | |
| Total Finance | 11,530,995 | 10,901,388 | 10,541,548 | 359,840 | |
| Total General Government | 34,258,688 | 40,102,217 | 37,271,978 | 2,830,239 | |
| Public Works: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 18,763,636 | 17,868,649 | 17,209,580 | 659,069 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 3,839,532 | 3,839,532 | 3,800,787 | 38,745 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 1,672,858 | 1,672,858 | 1,672,858 | - | |
| Capital outlay | 147,400 | 147,400 | 87,734 | 59,666 | |
| Total Public Works | 24,423,426 | 23,528,439 | 22,770,959 | 757,480 | |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 12,937,392 | 12,369,059 | 12,026,184 | 342,875 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 4,493,376 | 4,499,076 | 4,657,861 | (158,785) | |
| Internal service fund charges | 867,431 | 867,431 | 867,431 | - | |
| Capital outlay | 128,000 | 128,000 | 98,100 | 29,900 | |
| Total Parks and Recreation | 18,426,199 | 17,863,566 | 17,649,576 | 213,990 | |
| Public Safety: Police: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 63,147,065 | 60,882,858 | 59,173,533 | 1,709,325 | |
| Material, service & supplies | 4,981,044 | 5,091,039 | 3,832,149 | 1,258,890 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 4,185,634 | 4,185,634 | 4,185,634 | | |
| Total Police | 72,388,743 | 70,236,430 | 67,321,748 | 2,914,682 | |
| Fire: | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 41,334,233 | 42,948,062 | 43,313,999 | (365,937) | |
| Material, service & supplies | 1,423,745 | 1,423,745 | 1,020,296 | 403,449 | |
| Internal service fund charges | 2,392,301 | 2,392,301 | 2,392,301 | - | |
| Capital outlay | 114,000 | 139,248 | 147,699 | (8,451) | |
| Total Fire | 45,264,279 | 46,903,356 | 46,874,295 | 29,061 | |
| Total Public Safety | 117,653,022 | 117,139,786 | 114,196,043 | 2,943,743 | |
| | | | | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA GENERAL FUND

S CHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

${\bf BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ (NON\text{-}GAAP\ LEGAL\ BAS\ IS)}$

For the year ended June 30, 2018 (continued)

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with Final Budget |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis | Positive (Negative) |
| Planning and Inspection: | Original | | Dudgetary Dasis | (Tregutive) |
| Salary & benefits | 10,297,244 | 9,051,162 | 8,326,627 | 724,535 |
| Material, service & supplies | 3,422,919 | 3,422,919 | 2,213,834 | 1,209,085 |
| Internal service fund charges | 247,001 | 247,001 | 247,001 | - |
| Capital outlay | 196,000 | 196,000 | 102,436 | 93,564 |
| Total Planning and Inspection | 14,163,164 | 12,917,082 | 10,889,898 | 2,027,184 |
| Library: | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | 7,818,876 | 7,538,167 | 7,362,943 | 175,224 |
| Material, service & supplies | 2,279,498 | 2,279,498 | 2,325,849 | (46,351) |
| Internal service fund charges | 126,896 | 126,896 | 126,896 | |
| Total Library | 10,225,270 | 9,944,561 | 9,815,688 | 128,873 |
| Total Expenditures | 219,149,769 | 221,495,651 | 212,594,142 | 8,901,509 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 4,717,152 | 2,404,117 | 16,605,339 | 14,201,222 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | \wedge | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,441,379 | 3,508,687 | 3,345,970 | (162,717) |
| Transfers (out) | (11,843,762) | (18,202,597) | (17,640,281) | 562,316 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (10,402,383) | (14,693,910) | (14,294,311) | 399,599 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND | | | | |
| OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - BUDGETARY BASIS | \$ (5,685,231) | \$ (12,289,793) | \$ 2,311,028 | \$ 14,600,821 |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO BUDGETARY BASIS: | | | | |
| Prior year encumbrances recognized on the GAA | | | (3,133,805) | |
| Current year encumbrances recognized on the budgetary basis | | | 5,835,921 | |
| Net change in receivables recognized on the GAAP basis | | | (452,125) | |
| Net change in accrued liabilities recognized on the | | | 223,241 | |
| Net change in funds for GAAP Basis not include | ed in annual budget | | (552,609) | |
| Beginning Fund balance | | | 191,542,849 | |
| Ending Fund balance | | : | \$ 195,774,500 | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA SANTA CLARA HOUSING SUCCESSOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP LEGAL BASIS)

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | • | Variance | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|------|-----------|---------|----------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| | Original | | | Final | | ual Amount getary Basis | | Positive Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and rents | \$ | 42,000 | \$ | 42,000 | \$ | 260,294 | \$ | 218,294 |
| Other | | 602,564 | | 602,564 | | 1,539,415 | | 936,851 |
| Total Revenues | | 644,564 | | 644,564 | | 1,799,709 | | 1,155,145 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | | | | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | | 254,315 | | 254,315 | | 131,916 | | 122,399 |
| Material, service & supplies | | 425,874 | | 535,874 | | 521,887 | | 13,987 |
| Capital outlay | | 600,000 | | 600,000 | | | | 600,000 |
| Total General Administration | | 1,280,189 | _ | 1,390,189 | | 653,803 | | 736,386 |
| Total Expenditures | | 1,280,189 | | 1,390,189 | | 653,803 | | 736,386 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | | (635,625) | | (745,625) | - | 1,145,906 | | 1,891,531 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES ANI | D | | | | | | | |
| OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| AND OTHER USES | \$ | (635,625) | \$ | (745,625) | | 1,145,906 | \$ | 1,891,531 |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO BUDGETARY BASIS: | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures of prior year encumbrances re- | cogni | zed on the | GA A | AP basis | | (28,156) | | |
| Current year encumbrances recognized on the budgetary basis | | | | | 225,000 | | | |
| Net change in accrued liabilities recognized on the GAAP basis | | | | | | (44,648) | | |
| Beginning Fund balance | | | | | | 28,225,001 | | |
| Ending Fund balance | | | | | \$ | 29,523,103 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The results of operations are presented in the budget and actual comparison statement in accordance with the budgetary process (budgetary basis) to provide a meaningful comparison with the budget.

The major differences between the budgetary basis actual and GAAP basis actual are as follows:

- Year-end encumbrances are recognized as the equivalent of expenditures in the budgetary basis
 financial statements, while encumbered amounts are not recognized as expenditures on the GAAP
 basis until the liability is incurred.
- Expenditures of prior year encumbrances are recognized on the GAAP basis in the current year, while on the budgetary basis prior year encumbrances were recognized in the prior year.
- Accrued liabilities and compensated absences are recognized on the GAAP basis, while the budgetary basis does not recognize accrued liabilities.
- Revenues considered susceptible to accrual on the GAAP basis are not recognized on the budgetary basis until received.
- Special item resulted from dissolution of the Agency are included in the City's GAAP basis financial statements. However, formal budgets are not prepared for non-cash transactions, and as such are excluded from the budgetary basis financial schedules.
- Increases to certain GAAP basis advances to other funds are treated as expenditures for budgetary basis financial statements.
- Component units and proprietary funds included in the City's basic financial statements, for which no annual budgets are prepared, are excluded from the budgetary basis financial statements.







CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

GAS TAX

The fund accounts for revenues and expenditures received from the State under Street and Highways Codes Sections 2105 (Gas Tax 2105), 2106 (Collier-Unruh) and 2107 (Special Gas Tax) and from the State under the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 under the Streets and Highways Code Section 2030. The allocations must be spent for street maintenance or construction and a limited amount for engineering.

HUD PROGRAMS

This fund accounts for grant funds received from other governmental agencies for the purpose of developing viable urban communities.

CITY AFFORDABLE HOUSING

This fund accounts for the City's Below Market Housing Program for low and moderate income residents.

SANTA CLARA HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND

On February 22, 2011, the Santa Clara Housing Authority (SCHA), a special revenue fund, was established to account for housing loans to assist in providing affordable housing. On March 8, 2011, the City, former RDA, and the SCHA executed an assignment and assumption agreement whereby the SCHA assumed responsibility for housing loans for qualifying individuals and groups. Loans assigned were made under various programs; substantially all are long-term in nature.

MAINTENANCE

This fund accounts for the maintenance of two Parking Districts located near the City's Convention Center and the downtown area. Funds are received by means of a Special Benefit Assessment levied against the property owners in the respective districts.

OPERATING GRANTS FUND

This fund accounts for grant funds received from other governmental agencies for various operating activities.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING CORPORATION (PFFC)

This fund accumulates monies for the repayment of Certificates of Participation, which are financed by lease payments made by the City's General Fund to the PFFC for use of the Police Administration Building and Library sites.



CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES

This fund was established to account for revenues, contributions and reimbursements received and costs incurred in connection with the acquisition and construction of the City parks.

STREETS AND HIGHWAYS IMPROVEMENT

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to road construction and traffic improvements.

STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENT

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the construction or modification of the City's storm drainage system.

FIRE DEPARTMENT IMPROVEMENT

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the construction or modification of City fire stations.

LIBRARY DEPARTMENT IMPROVEMENT

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the construction or modification of the City's library facilities.

PUBLIC FACILITIES

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the construction, acquisition or modification of public improvements not accounted for in another Capital Projects Fund.

STREET BEAUTIFICATION

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the landscaping of City streets.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Special Assessment District funds are used to finance public improvements deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are made.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018

S PECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

| | Gas Tax | | HUD Programs | | City Affordable Housing | |
|--|---------|------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments: | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 11,804,729 | \$ | 1,741,595 | \$ | 8,680,355 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - current | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted cash | | - | | - | | - |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | - | | - | | - |
| Loans | | - | . 1 | 1,970,377 | | 26,292,136 |
| Intergovernmental | | 469,471 | | 1,492,754 | | - |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 12,274,200 | \$ 1 | 5,204,726 | \$ | 34,972,491 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ | 925,371 | \$ | 286,407 | \$ | 48,716 |
| Advances from other funds | | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 925,371 | | 286,407 | | 48,716 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - Loans | | - | 1 | 1,970,377 | | 26,292,136 |
| Unavailable revenue - Grants | | | | 1,166,646 | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | 1 | 3,137,023 | | 26,292,136 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | 11,348,829 | | 1,781,296 | | 8,631,639 |
| Committed | | | | | | |
| Total Fund Balances | | 11,348,829 | | 1,781,296 | | 8,631,639 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| and Fund Balances | \$ | 12,274,200 | \$ 1 | 5,204,726 | \$ | 34,972,491 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018

| | SPECI | DEBT SERVICE FUND | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Santa Clara Housing Authority | | Maintenance | | | perating ants Fund | Public Facilities Financing Corp. | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 3,021,793 | \$ | 661,522 | \$ | 324,843 | \$ | 779,183 | |
| | - | | - | | - | | 258 | |
| | - | | 244,193 | | - | | - | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| | 6,986,991 | | - | | - | | - | |
| | - | | - | | 546,036 | | - | |
| | | | - | | | | 708,386 | |
| \$ | 10,008,784 | \$ | 905,715 | \$ | 870,879 | \$ | 1,487,827 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 50,468 | \$ | 50,751 | \$ | 76,468 | \$ | | |
| φ | 50,408 | φ | 50,751 | φ | 70,400 | Ψ | _ | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 50,468 | | 50,751 | \longrightarrow | 76,468 | - | - | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 6,986,991 | | - | | - | | - | |
| | | | | | | | - | |
| - | 6,986,991 | | | | | | - | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 854,964 | | 704 411 | | 1 487 927 | |
| | 2,971,325 | | 054,704 | | 794,411 | | 1,487,827 | |
| | | - | 05/05/ | | | | 1.40=02= | |
| - | 2,971,325 | | 854,964 | | 794,411 | | 1,487,827 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 10,008,784 | \$ | 905,715 | \$ | 870,879 | \$ | 1,487,827 | |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018 (continued)

| | CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Parks | Streets | | | | | |
| | and | and | Storm | | | | |
| | Recreation | Highways | Drain | | | | |
| | Facilities | Improvement | Improvement | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments: | | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 38,803,961 | \$ 20,048,629 | \$ 2,071,325 | | | | |
| Investments with fiscal agent - current | - | - | - | | | | |
| Restricted cash | - | 2,074,732 | - | | | | |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | | | | | | | |
| Accounts | - | - | 67,581 | | | | |
| Loans | - | - | - | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | 425,000 | 913,103 | - | | | | |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent | | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 39,228,961 | \$ 23,036,464 | \$ 2,138,906 | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ 1,324,642 | \$ 186,582 | \$ 49,161 | | | | |
| Advances from other funds | 10,227,098 | | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 11,551,740 | 186,582 | 49,161 | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - Loans | - | - | - | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - Grants | | | | | | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | 15,044,767 | 18,003,563 | 512,807 | | | | |
| Committed | 12,632,454 | 4,846,319 | 1,576,938 | | | | |
| Total Fund Balances | 27,677,221 | 22,849,882 | 2,089,745 | | | | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| and Fund Balances | \$ 39,228,961 | \$ 23,036,464 | \$ 2,138,906 | | | | |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018 (continued)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

| CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | S pecial Assessments | | Street Beautification | | Public Facilities | | Library Department Improvement | | Fire Department Improvement | |
| 1,068,343 | \$ | 354,317 | \$ | 18,980,028 | \$ | 2,098,356 | \$ | 622,443 | \$ | |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| - | | - | | 96,378 | | - | | - | | |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| - | - | | | - | | - | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,068,343 | \$ | 354,317 | \$ | 19,076,406 | \$ | 2,098,356 | \$ | 622,443 | \$ | |
| | ф | | • | | • | 702 072 | ф | 5 0.000 | Φ. | |
| - | \$ | - | \$ | 615,112 | \$ | 192,813 | \$ | 58,899 | \$ | |
| - | - | | | | _ | | | <u>-</u> | | |
| - | | | | 615,112 | + | 792,873 | | 58,899 | | |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| | | - | | - | | - | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,068,343 | | - | | 2,209,124 | | - | | 29,666 | | |
| | | 354,317 | | 16,252,170 | | 1,305,483 | | 533,878 | | |
| 1,068,343 | | 354,317 | | 18,461,294 | | 1,305,483 | | 563,544 | | |
| 1,068,343 | \$ | 354,317 | \$ | 19,076,406 | \$ | 2,098,356 | \$ | 622,443 | \$ | |
| | 1,068,343 | \$ 1,068,343 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 1,068,343 1,068,343 | Street special Assessments 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 | Street Special Assessments \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - - \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ - - - - <td>Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - 96,378 - - - - - 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 615,112 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<td>Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - 96,378 - - - - - - - - \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 615,112 \$ - - - - - 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td> Public Public Street Seautification Assessments </td><td>Library Department Improvement Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 2,098,356 \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - 96,378 - - - 96,378 - - - 1,068,343 - - \$ 2,098,356 \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td> Comparison</td></td> | Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - 96,378 - - - - - 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 615,112 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - 96,378 - - - - - - - - \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 615,112 \$ - - - - - 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td> <td> Public Public Street Seautification Assessments </td> <td>Library Department Improvement Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 2,098,356 \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - 96,378 - - - 96,378 - - - 1,068,343 - - \$ 2,098,356 \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td> <td> Comparison</td> | Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - - - 96,378 - - - - - - - - \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 615,112 \$ - - - - - 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | Public Public Street Seautification Assessments | Library Department Improvement Public Facilities Street Beautification Special Assessments \$ 2,098,356 \$ 18,980,028 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 - 96,378 - - - 96,378 - - - 1,068,343 - - \$ 2,098,356 \$ 19,076,406 \$ 354,317 \$ 1,068,343 \$ 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - 792,873 \$ 615,112 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | Comparison | |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2018

S PECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

| | Gas Tax | HUD Programs | City Affordable Housing |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 3,696,975 | \$ 1,289,450 | \$ - |
| Charges for services | - | - | 1,250 |
| Interest and rents | 134,968 | 8,896 | 99,974 |
| Other | | 653,795 | 1,295,229 |
| Total Revenues | 3,831,943 | 1,952,141 | 1,396,453 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General Administration | - | 1,439,219 | 392,181 |
| Public Works | 533,975 | - | - |
| Parks and Recreation | - | - | - |
| Public Safety: | | | |
| Police | - 7 | - | - |
| Fire | - | - | - |
| Library | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay | 5,884,728 | 195,801 | - |
| Debt service: | | | |
| Principal payments | - | - | - |
| Interest and fiscal fees | - | - | - |
| Bond issuance cost | _ | | . <u>-</u> |
| Total Expenditures | 6,418,703 | 1,635,020 | 392,181 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (2,586,760) | 317,121 | 1,004,272 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | |
| Transfers in | 366,671 | - | - |
| Transfers (out) | (1,609,761) | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,243,090) | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (3,829,850) | 317,121 | 1,004,272 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 15,178,679 | 1,464,175 | 7,627,367 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 11,348,829 | \$ 1,781,296 | \$ 8,631,639 |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

| | SPECI | AL REVENUE FU | DEBT SERVICE FUND | | | |
|----|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| | nta Clara ng Authority | Maintenance | | Operating Grants Fund | | Public Facilities Financing Corp. |
| \$ | _ | \$ - | \$ | 1,150,958 | \$ | - |
| • | - | 831,136 | · | 108,417 | · | - |
| | 31,563 | 6,403 | | - | | 8,179 |
| | 427,418 | 22,529 | | 1,000 | | - |
| | 458,981 | 860,068 | | 1,260,375 | | 8,179 |
| | 44,515 | _ | | _ | | |
| | - | 1,461,815 | | 133,486 | | _ |
| | _ | - | | 126,299 | | <u>-</u> |
| | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | 463,664 | | - |
| | - | - | | 496,403 | | - |
| | - | - | | 77,055 | | - |
| | - | - | | 106,147 | | - |
| | _ | _ | | - | | 1,731,000 |
| | _ | _ | | - | | 767,178 |
| | | | | - | | 6,734 |
| | 44,515 | 1,461,815 | | 1,403,054 | | 2,504,912 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 414,466 | (601,747) | | (142,679) | | (2,496,733) |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 853,540 | | 182,243 | | 2,504,721 |
| | _ | - | | 102,243 | | 2,304,721 |
| | | 853,540 | | 182,243 | | 2,504,721 |
| | | 055,540 | - | 102,243 | | 2,304,721 |
| | 414,466 | 251,793 | | 39,564 | | 7,988 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 2,556,859 | 603,171 | | 754,847 | | 1,479,839 |
| \$ | 2,971,325 | \$ 854,964 | \$ | 794,411 | \$ | 1,487,827 |
| | _, 1,0 2 0 | , 50.,701 | | , | | 1,,.27 |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2018 (continued)

| | CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Parks | Streets | | | | | | |
| | and | and | Storm | | | | | |
| | Recreation | Highways | Drain | | | | | |
| | Facilities | Improvement | Improvement | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 455,081 | \$ 2,012,409 | \$ - | | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | 1,327,231 | | | | | |
| Interest and rents | 186,880 | 171,331 | 4,760 | | | | | |
| Other | 3,881,064 | 1,035,864 | | | | | | |
| Total Revenues | 4,523,025 | 3,219,604 | 1,331,991 | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | - | _ | - | | | | | |
| Public Works | <u>-</u> | 656,583 | 240,008 | | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation | 614,666 | - | | | | | | |
| Public Safety: | 01.,000 | | | | | | | |
| Police | _ | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Fire | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Library | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | 4,666,570 | 2,086,047 | 2,024,533 | | | | | |
| Debt service: | 4,000,370 | 2,000,047 | 2,024,333 | | | | | |
| Principal payments | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Bond issuance cost | - | - | - | | | | | |
| | 5 291 226 | 2,742,630 | 2,264,541 | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 5,281,236 | 2,742,030 | 2,204,341 | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (758,211) | 476,974 | (932,550) | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 751,728 | 1,709,761 | 1,040,000 | | | | | |
| Transfers (out) | (278,439) | (507,255) | (1,278,661) | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 473,289 | 1,202,506 | (238,661) | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (284,922) | 1,679,480 | (1,171,211) | | | | | |
| Fund balances - beginning | 27,962,143 | 21,170,402 | 3,260,956 | | | | | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 27,677,221 | \$ 22,849,882 | \$ 2,089,745 | | | | | |

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2018 (continued)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

| Fire Department Improvement | | Library Department Improvement | Public Facilities | Street Beautification | S pecial Assessments | Total Non-Major Governmental Funds | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| \$ | 540,704 | \$ - - - | \$ - - - | \$ - - | \$ - - 5,786 | \$ 9,145,577 2,268,034 658,740 | |
| | | | 1,685,067 | 4,700 | | 9,006,666 | |
| | 540,704 | | 1,685,067 | 4,700 | 5,786 | 21,079,017 | |
| | - - - | - - - | 7,851,279 - - | | : | 9,727,194 3,025,867 740,965 | |
| | 1,598,507 | - - 333,886 | -(| - | - - - | 463,664 2,094,910 410,941 | |
| | 113,034 | 3,487,887 | 742,437 | 24,880 | - | 19,332,064 | |
| | - - - | - | | | - - - | 1,731,000 767,178 6,734 | |
| | 1,711,541 | 3,821,773 | 8,593,716 | 24,880 | | 38,300,517 | |
| (| (1,170,837) | (3,821,773) | (6,908,649) | (20,180) | 5,786 | (17,221,500) | |
| | 416,900 (7,514) | 2,330,300 (3,893) | 7,909,271 (1,526,254) | 80,000 (626) | - | 18,145,135 (5,212,403) | |
| | 409,386 | 2,326,407 | 6,383,017 | 79,374 | | 12,932,732 | |
| | (761,451) | (1,495,366) | (525,632) | 59,194 | 5,786 | (4,288,768) | |
| | 1,324,995 | 2,800,849 | 18,986,926 | 295,123 | 295,123 1,062,557 | | |
| \$ | 563,544 | \$ 1,305,483 | \$ 18,461,294 | \$ 354,317 | \$ 1,068,343 | \$ 102,240,120 | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP LEGAL BASIS)

| | Maintenance | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Budget | | | nal Amount etary Basis | Variance Positive (Negative) | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 831,261 | \$ | 831,136 | \$ | (125) |
| Interest and rents | | 1,683 | | 6,403 | | 4,720 |
| Other | | | | 22,529 | | 22,529 |
| Total Revenues | | 832,944 | | 860,068 | | 27,124 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Public Works | | | | | | |
| Salary & benefits | | 97,570 | | 60,587 | | 36,983 |
| Material, service & supplies | | 1,468,473 | | 1,304,372 | | 164,101 |
| Internal service fund charges | | 106,241 | | 128,770 | | (22,529) |
| Capital outlay | | 50,000 | | | | 50,000 |
| Total Public Works | | 1,722,284 | | 1,493,729 | | 228,555 |
| Total Expenditures | | 1,722,284 | | 1,493,729 | | 228,555 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | | (889,340) | | (633,661) | | 255,679 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 853,540 | | 853,540 | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 853,540 | | 853,540 | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| AND OTHER USES | \$ | (35,800) | | 219,879 | \$ | 255,679 |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO BUDGETARY BASIS: | | | | | | |
| Expenditures of prior year encumbrances recognized on | the GA | AAP basis | | (72,748) | | |
| Current year encumbrances recognized on the budgetary | y basis | | | 100,472 | | |
| Net change in accrued liabilities recognized on the GAA | Pbasi | S | | 4,190 | | |
| Beginning Fund balance | | | | 603,171 | | |
| Ending Fund balance | | | \$ | 854,964 | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Non-Major Enterprise Funds are used to finance and account for operations and activities performed by designated departments in the City or through third party agreements.

SOLID WASTE FUND

This fund accounts for the administration of the City's garbage and rubbish collection service.

CEMETERY FUND

This fund accounts for the activities of the Mission City Memorial Park.

SANTA CLARA GOLF AND TENNIS CLUB FUND (SCG&TC)

The SCG&TC was established in 1984 to account for the operations of the City's Public Golf Course or through third party agreements.

SANTA CLARA CONVENTION CENTER FUND

The Santa Clara Convention Center Fund was established in 1984 to account for the operations of the City's Convention Center or through third party agreements.

SPORTS AND OPEN SPACE AUTHORITY FUND (SOSA)

SOSA was created by the City Council in 1974 for the acquisition and development of open space within the City and the development of local sports activities.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

| | Solid Waste | | (| Cemetery | | nta Clara Folf and mis Club |
|---|----------------|---|----|--|----|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments: | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 5,467,994 | \$ | 2,314,335 | \$ | 160,086 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 2,957,743 | | - | | - |
| Due from other funds | | - | | 170,708 | | - |
| Materials, supplies and prepaids | | | | | | 50,916 |
| Total current assets | | 8,425,737 | | 2,485,043 | | 211,002 |
| Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash Capital assets: Land Buildings, infrastructure and land improvements | | 734,494 | | 1,096,874 1,280,641 | | 23,832,610 |
| Equipment | | 43,670 | | 33,837 | | 623,404 |
| Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets Total noncurrent assets | | 171,032 63,451 107,581 842,075 | | 2,411,352 1,113,867 1,297,485 1,297,485 | | 24,456,014 22,973,740 1,482,274 1,482,274 |
| Total assets | | 9,267,812 | | 3,782,528 | | 1,693,276 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| OPEB related items | | 4,633 | | 1,344 | | - |
| Pension related items | | 898,057 | | 260,547 | | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 902,690 | | 261,891 | | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| Santa Clara Convention Center | | $\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | ports and pen Space authority | TOTAL Non-Major Enterprise Funds | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| \$ | 5,295,878 | \$ | 69,365 | \$ | 13,307,658 | |
| | 1,253,222 | | - - - | | 4,210,965 170,708 50,916 | |
| | 6,549,100 | | 69,365 | | 17,740,247 | |
| | 1,060,170 | | - | | 1,794,664 | |
| | - | | 1,995,998 | | 3,092,872 | |
| | 78,353,492 | | - | | 103,594,105 | |
| | 2,905,580 | | | | 3,606,491 | |
| | 81,259,072 | | 1,995,998 | | 110,293,468 | |
| | 54,092,645 | | <u>-</u> | | 78,243,703 | |
| | 27,166,427 | | 1,995,998 | | 32,049,765 | |
| | 28,226,597 | | 1,995,998 | | 33,844,429 | |
| | 34,775,697 | | 2,065,363 | <u> </u> | 51,584,676 | |
| | _ | | - | | 5,977 | |
| | - | | - | | 1,158,604 | |
| | | | - | - | 1,164,581 | |
| | | _ | | | (continued) | |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Solid Waste | Cemetery | Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 2,151,982 | 1,464 | 466,266 |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - |
| Accrued compensated absences | 4,152 | 10,731 | - |
| Current portion of landfill closure liability | 470,000 | - | - |
| Total current liabilities | 2,626,134 | 12,195 | 466,266 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Advance from other funds | - | 5,657,176 | 4,224,133 |
| Long-term compensated absences | 43,388 | 112,127 | - |
| Landfill closure liability | 4,301,173 | - | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 754,451 | 218,884 | - |
| Net pension liability | 4,296,001 | 1,246,371 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 9,395,013 | 7,234,558 | 4,224,133 |
| Total liabilities | 12,021,147 | 7,246,753 | 4,690,399 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Pension related items | 34,892 | 10,123 | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 34,892 | 10,123 | |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 107,581 | 1,297,485 | 1,482,274 |
| Restricted for capital projects and other agreements | 1,334,494 | 1,528,949 | - |
| Unrestricted | (3,327,612) | (6,038,891) | (4,479,397) |
| Total net position (deficit) | \$ (1,885,537) | \$ (3,212,457) | \$ (2,997,123) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| Santa Clara Convention Center | Sports and Open Space Authority | TOTAL Non-Major Enterprise Funds |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 462,265 1,305,677 | 31,415 | 3,113,392 1,305,677 14,883 470,000 |
| 1,767,942 | 31,415 | 4,903,952 |
| - - - - - 1,767,942 | - - - - - 31,415 | 9,881,309 155,515 4,301,173 973,335 5,542,372 20,853,704 25,757,656 |
| | | 45,015 45,015 |
| 27,166,427 1,060,170 4,781,158 | 1,995,998 - 37,950 | 32,049,765 3,923,613 (9,026,792) |
| \$ 33,007,755 | \$ 2,033,948 | \$ 26,946,586 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

| Operating revenues: \$ 22,928,197 \$ 664,534 \$ 1,921,017 Other 593,665 1,102 69,801 Total operating revenues 23,521,862 665,636 1,990,818 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 1,057,283 691,580 - Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 17,182 - - Interest revenue 1,188 - - - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - - Interest expense 2,1888 17,182 - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before 21,888 17,182 - Contributions 2,525,20 - | | Solid Waste | (| Cemetery | anta Clara Golf and ennis Club |
|---|--|------------------|----|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Other 593,665 1,102 69,801 Total operating revenues 23,521,862 665,636 1,990,818 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 1,057,283 691,580 - Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1 17,182 - Interest revenue 2 17,182 - - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - - Interest expense 21,888 17,182 - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - | Operating revenues: | _ | | _ | _ |
| Total operating revenues 23,521,862 665,636 1,990,818 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 1,057,283 691,580 - Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - - Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Change in net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) | Charges for services | \$ 22,928,197 | \$ | 664,534 | \$ 1,921,017 |
| Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 1,057,283 691,580 - Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - - Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2, | Other | 593,665 | | 1,102 | 69,801 |
| Salaries and benefits 1,057,283 691,580 - Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 7 | Total operating revenues | 23,521,862 | | 665,636 | 1,990,818 |
| Materials, services and supplies 22,226,417 451,086 2,165,676 Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 17,182 - Interest revenue - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Total net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - b | Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Depreciation 6,450 14,700 797,635 Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 17,182 - Interest revenue - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Salaries and benefits | 1,057,283 | | 691,580 | - |
| Total operating expenses 23,290,150 1,157,366 2,963,311 Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 17,182 - Interest revenue - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Materials, services and supplies | 22,226,417 | | 451,086 | 2,165,676 |
| Operating income (loss) 231,712 (491,730) (972,493) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Depreciation | 6,450 | | 14,700 | 797,635 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue - 17,182 - Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Total operating expenses | 23,290,150 | | 1,157,366 | 2,963,311 |
| Interest revenue | Operating income (loss) | 231,712 | | (491,730) | (972,493) |
| Rents and royalties 21,888 - - Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Interest expense - - - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Interest revenue | - | | 17,182 | = |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 21,888 17,182 - Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Rents and royalties | 21,888 | | - | - |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Interest expense | - | | - | - |
| contributions and transfers 253,600 (474,548) (972,493) Contributions - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 21,888 | | 17,182 | - |
| Contributions - - - Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Income (loss) before | | | | |
| Transfers in - - 27,552 Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | contributions and transfers | 253,600 | | (474,548) | (972,493) |
| Transfers (out) (83,063) (3,602) - Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Contributions | - | | - | - |
| Change in net position 170,537 (478,150) (944,941) Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Transfers in | _ | | - | 27,552 |
| Total net position - beginning (1,281,989) (2,509,727) (2,052,182) GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Transfers (out) | (83,063) | | (3,602) | - |
| GASB 75 implementation (774,085) (224,580) - Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Change in net position | 170,537 | | (478,150) | (944,941) |
| Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | Total net position - beginning | (1,281,989) | | (2,509,727) | (2,052,182) |
| Total net position - beginning as adjusted (2,056,074) (2,734,307) (2,052,182) | GASB 75 implementation | (774,085) | | (224,580) | - |
| | • | | | | (2.052.182) |
| | | \$ | \$ | | \$ |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the year ended June 30, 2018

| anta Clara Convention Center | 0 | ports and pen Space Authority | TOTAL Non-Major Enterprise Funds | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|--|------------|--|
| \$ 8,996,160 | \$ | - | \$ | 34,509,908 | |
| | | | | 664,568 | |
| 8,996,160 | | <u> </u> | | 35,174,476 | |
| - | | 5,220 | | 1,754,083 | |
| 6,820,238 | | 4,514 | | 31,667,931 | |
| 1,537,589 | | | | 2,356,374 | |
| 8,357,827 | | 9,734 | | 35,778,388 | |
| 638,333 | | (9,734) | | (603,912) | |
| | | | | | |
| 51,444 | | - | | 68,626 | |
| - | | - | | 21,888 | |
| - | | (214) | | (214) | |
| 51,444 | | (214) | | 90,300 | |
| | | | | | |
| 689,777 | | (9,948) | | (513,612) | |
| 64,661 | | | | 64,661 | |
| - | | | | 27,552 | |
| _ | | - | | (86,665) | |
| 754,438 | | (9,948) | | (508,064) | |
| 32,253,317 | | 2,043,896 | | 28,453,315 | |
| | | | | (998,665) | |
| 32,253,317 | | 2,043,896 | | 27,454,650 | |
| \$ 33,007,755 | \$ | 2,033,948 | \$ | 26,946,586 | |

| | Solid Waste | Cemetery | Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club |
|--|----------------|--------------|--|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 22,611,942 | \$ 665,636 | \$ 1,921,017 |
| Payments to suppliers | (22,319,044) | (474,863) | (2,017,159) |
| Payments to employees for salaries and benefits | (989,509) | (641,189) | - |
| Rents and royalties received | 21,888 | - | - |
| Other receipts | 593,665 | | 68,590 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | (81,058) | (450,416) | (27,552) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Decrease in due from other funds | | 62,679 | - |
| Advances from other funds | - | 433,765 | - |
| Transfers in | - | - | 27,552 |
| Transfers (out) | (83,063) | (3,602) | |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | (83,063) | 492,842 | 27,552 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Landfill closure payments | (408,316) | - | - |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related | | | |
| Financing Activities | (408,316) | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Interest and dividends | _ | 17,182 | - |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | 17,182 | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash | | | |
| equivalents | (572,437) | 59,608 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 6,774,925 | 2,254,727 | 160,086 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 6,202,488 | \$ 2,314,335 | \$ 160,086 |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 5,467,994 | \$ 2,314,335 | \$ 160,086 |
| Restricted cash | 734,494 | ,511,555 | - |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ 6,202,488 | \$ 2,314,335 | \$ 160,086 |

| | nnta Clara onvention Center | Sports and Open Space Authority | TOTAL Non-Major Enterprise Funds |
|----|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| \$ | 8,373,988 | \$ - | \$ 33,572,583 |
| Ψ | (6,710,687) | (5,832) | (31,527,585) |
| | - | (5,220) | (1,635,918) |
| | - | - | 21,888 |
| | <u>-</u> | | 662,255 |
| | 1,663,301 | (11,052) | 1,093,223 |
| | | | |
| | - | - | 62,679 |
| | - | - | 433,765 |
| | = | - | 27,552 |
| | | | (86,665) 437,331 |
| - | | | 457,551 |
| | | | (408,316) |
| | | | (408,316) |
| | | | |
| | 51,444 | (214) | 68,412 |
| | 51,444 | (214) | 68,412 |
| | 1,714,745 | (11,266) | 1,190,650 |
| | 4,641,303 | 80,631 | 13,911,672 |
| \$ | 6,356,048 | \$ 69,365 | \$ 15,102,322 |
| | _ | | |
| \$ | 5,295,878 | \$ 69,365 | \$ 13,307,658 |
| | 1,060,170 | | 1,794,664 |
| \$ | 6,356,048 | \$ 69,365 | \$ 15,102,322 |
| | | | (continued) |

| | | Solid | 0 | . | (| nta Clara Golf and |
|---|-------|-----------|----|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | Waste | | | emetery | Tennis Club | |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash | | | | | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 231,712 | \$ | (491,730) | \$ | (972,493) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net | | | | | | |
| cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to OPEB system | | (24,267) | | (7,040) | | - |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to retirement system | | 140,627 | | 40,800 | | - |
| Depreciation | | 6,450 | | 14,700 | | 797,635 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Receivables, net | | (316,255) | | - | | - |
| Inventory | | - | | - | | (1,211) |
| Accrued liabilities | | (92,627) | | (23,779) | | 148,517 |
| Compensated absences | | (48,586) | | 16,633 | | = |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | = |
| Other receipts | | 21,888 | | | | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | (81,058) | \$ | (450,416) | \$ | (27,552) |

| Santa Clara Convention Center | | Sports and Open Space Authority | | TOTAL on-Major rprise Funds |
|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| \$ 638,333 | \$ | (9,734) | \$ | (603,912) |
| _ | | _ | | (31,307) |
| _ | | _ | | 181,427 |
| 1,537,589 | | - | | 2,356,374 |
| (579,832) | | - | | (896,087) |
| - | | - | | (1,211) |
| - | | (1,318) | | 30,793 |
| - | | - | | (31,953) |
| (42,340) | | - | | (42,340) |
| | | | | 21,888 |
| \$ 1,663,301 | \$ | (11,052) | \$ | 1,093,223 |



CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. For the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund are eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund financial statements, including the funds below.

AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES

This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles and equipment used by all City departments. The source of revenue for this fund is rental fees charged to the various departments.

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT SERVICES

This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of communication and computer equipment used by City departments. The source of revenue for this fund is rental fees charged to the various departments.

SPECIAL LIABILITY INSURANCE CLAIMS

This fund was established to account for the cost of claims and administrative costs for the City's self-insured general liability program.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE CLAIMS

This fund is used to account for the cost of claims for service connected with injuries and illnesses sustained by members of the City's work force.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Automotive Services | Technical Equipment Services | Special Liability Insurance Claims | Workers' Compensation Insurance Claims | TOTAL |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|---------------|
| | | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and investments: | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 6,396,596 | \$1,127,994 | \$4,785,236 | \$ 4,109,969 | \$ 16,419,795 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for | | | | | |
| uncollectible): | | | | | |
| Accounts | 28,996 | - | 23,172 | 505,791 | 557,959 |
| Due from other funds | 193,613 | - | - | - | 193,613 |
| Materials, supplies and prepaids | 1,094,720 | | - | | 1,094,720 |
| Total current assets | 7,713,925 | 1,127,994 | 4,808,408 | 4,615,760 | 18,266,087 |
| | | | | | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Equipment | 33,154,830 | 3,382,337 | | | 36,537,167 |
| Total capital assets | 33,154,830 | 3,382,337 | - | - | 36,537,167 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 20,596,168 | 2,776,986 | | | 23,373,154 |
| Net capital assets | 12,558,662 | 605,351 | | | 13,164,013 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 12,558,662 | 605,351 | | | 13,164,013 |
| | 20 252 505 | 1 = 22 2 4 5 | 4 000 400 | 4 - 1 | 24 420 400 |
| Total assets | 20,272,587 | 1,733,345 | 4,808,408 | 4,615,760 | 31,430,100 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| OPEB related items | 5,463 | _ | - | - | 5,463 |
| Pension related items | 1,058,819 | _ | - | _ | 1,058,819 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,064,282 | _ | | | 1,064,282 |
| | | | | | (continued) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | | Technical | Special Liability | Workers' Compensation | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | Automotive | Equipment | Insurance | Insurance | |
| | Services | Services | Claims | Claims | TOTAL |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 132,257 | - | 3,206,399 | 3,252,294 | 6,590,950 |
| Due to other funds | 1,365,092 | 576,358 | - | - | 1,941,450 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 21,267 | | | | 21,267 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,518,616 | 576,358 | 3,206,399 | 3,252,294 | 8,553,667 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| Long-term portion estimated claims | - | - | 2,292,911 | 18,087,196 | 20,380,107 |
| Long-term compensated absences | 222,226 | - | - | - | 222,226 |
| OPEB pension liability | 889,506 | - | - | - | 889,506 |
| Net pension liability | 5,065,040 | | - | | 5,065,040 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 6,176,772 | - | 2,292,911 | 18,087,196 | 26,556,879 |
| Total liabilities | 7,695,388 | 576,358 | 5,499,310 | 21,339,490 | 35,110,546 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Pension related items | 41,138 | _ | _ | _ | 41,138 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 41,138 | | | | 41,138 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 12,558,662 | 605,351 | - | - | 13,164,013 |
| Unrestricted | 1,041,681 | 551,636 | (690,902) | (16,723,730) | (15,821,315) |
| Total net position (deficit) | \$13,600,343 | \$1,156,987 | \$ (690,902) | \$ (16,723,730) | \$ (2,657,302) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

${\bf COMBINING\,STATEMENT\,OF\,REVENUES, EXPENS\,ES}$

AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION $% \left\{ \left(1,0\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1,0$

| Operating revenues: S 7,540,445 \$ 290,108 \$ 2,761,126 \$ 4,066,931 \$ 14,658,610 Insurance refunds and other 7,540,445 290,108 2,761,126 4,238,888 14,830,567 Total operating revenues 7,540,445 290,108 2,761,126 4,238,888 14,830,567 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 Materials, services and supplies 2,570,499 - 8,307,822 4,156,845 12,404,667 General and administrative 2,423,623 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 4 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - 155,430 - 564,188 Transfers in - | | Automotive Services | Technical Equipment Services | Special Liability Insurance Claims | Workers' Compensation Insurance Claims | TOTAL |
|--|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| Charges for services \$7,540,445 \$290,108 \$2,761,126 \$4,066,931 \$14,658,610 Insurance refunds and other - - - - 171,957 171,957 Total operating revenues 7,540,445 290,108 2,761,126 4,238,888 14,830,567 Operating expenses: 8,307,822 - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,299 - | Operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Total operating revenues Total operating revenues Total operating revenues Total operating revenues Total operating expenses: Salaries and benefits Society Soc | * * | \$ 7.540.445 | \$ 290,108 | \$ 2.761.126 | \$ 4.066,931 | \$ 14.658.610 |
| Total operating revenues 7,540,445 290,108 2,761,126 4,238,888 14,830,567 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,570,499 - - 2,570,499 Materials, services and supplies 2,362,745 - - 2,362,745 General and administrative - - 8,307,822 4,156,845 12,464,667 Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 - - 2,536,127 Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 | | - | - | - | | |
| Salaries and benefits 2,570,499 - - - 2,570,499 Materials, services and supplies 2,362,745 - - 2,362,745 General and administrative - - 8,307,822 4,156,845 12,464,667 Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 - - - 2,536,127 Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 445,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - - 26,6288 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 | Total operating revenues | 7,540,445 | 290,108 | 2,761,126 | 4,238,888 | 14,830,567 |
| Materials, services and supplies 2,362,745 - - 2,362,745 General and administrative - 8,307,822 4,156,845 12,464,667 Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 - - 2,536,127 Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 343,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - 26,628 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - 268,316 Change in net position 349,020 <td>Operating expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Operating expenses: | | | | | |
| General and administrative - 8,307,822 4,156,845 12,464,667 Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 - - 2,536,127 Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 343,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - 26,628 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - 3,450,000 Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position | Salaries and benefits | 2,570,499 | - | - | - | 2,570,499 |
| Depreciation 2,423,623 112,504 - - 2,536,127 Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 0ther revenue 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - - (26,628) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in contributions and transfers - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1 | Materials, services and supplies | 2,362,745 | - | - | - | 2,362,745 |
| Total operating expenses 7,356,867 112,504 8,307,822 4,156,845 19,934,038 Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 0ther revenue 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - - (26,628) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in ransfers (out) - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - 3,450,000 Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning Gas By Timplementation (912,655) - - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 1 | General and administrative | - | - | 8,307,822 | 4,156,845 | 12,464,667 |
| Operating income (loss) 183,578 177,604 (5,546,696) 82,043 (5,103,471) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Other revenue 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - (26,628) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,27 | Depreciation | 2,423,623 | 112,504 | | | 2,536,127 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Other revenue | Total operating expenses | 7,356,867 | 112,504 | 8,307,822 | 4,156,845 | 19,934,038 |
| Other revenue 435,386 - 155,430 - 590,816 Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - (26,628) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Operating income (loss) | 183,578 | 177,604 | (5,546,696) | 82,043 | (5,103,471) |
| Gain (loss) on retirement of assets (26,628) - - - (26,628) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in ransfers (out) - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 408,758 - 155,430 - 564,188 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Other revenue | 435,386 | - | 155,430 | - | 590,816 |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Gain (loss) on retirement of assets | (26,628) | | | | (26,628) |
| contributions and transfers 592,336 177,604 (5,391,266) 82,043 (4,539,283) Transfers in - - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 408,758 | | 155,430 | | 564,188 |
| Transfers in - - 3,450,000 - 3,450,000 Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Income (loss) before | | | | | |
| Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268,316) Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning GASB 75 implementation 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | contributions and transfers | 592,336 | 177,604 | (5,391,266) | 82,043 | (4,539,283) |
| Change in net position 349,020 177,604 (1,966,266) 82,043 (1,357,599) Total net position - beginning GASB 75 implementation 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Transfers in | _ | _ | 3,450,000 | - | 3,450,000 |
| Total net position - beginning 14,163,978 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (387,048) GASB 75 implementation (912,655) - - - - (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Transfers (out) | (243,316) | | (25,000) | | (268,316) |
| GASB 75 implementation (912,655) (912,655) Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Change in net position | 349,020 | 177,604 | (1,966,266) | 82,043 | (1,357,599) |
| Total net position - beginning as adjusted 13,251,323 979,383 1,275,364 (16,805,773) (1,299,703) | Total net position - beginning | 14,163,978 | 979,383 | 1,275,364 | (16,805,773) | (387,048) |
| | GASB 75 implementation | (912,655) | | | | (912,655) |
| Total net position - ending \$13,600,343 \$1,156,987 \$ (690,902) \$ (16,723,730) \$ (2,657,302) | Total net position - beginning as adjusted | 13,251,323 | 979,383 | 1,275,364 | (16,805,773) | (1,299,703) |
| | Total net position - ending | \$13,600,343 | \$1,156,987 | \$ (690,902) | \$ (16,723,730) | \$ (2,657,302) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| Technical Liability Compensation Automotive Equipment Insurance Insurance Services Services Claims Claims TOTA | 035 |
|---|------|
| Services Services Claims TOTA | 035 |
| | 035 |
| | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | |
| Receipts from customers \$7,520,824 \$ 290,108 \$ 2,761,126 \$ 3,841,977 \$ 14,414 | |
| Payments to suppliers (1,534,976) (1,534 | 976) |
| Payments to employees for salaries and benefits (2,395,030) (2,395 | 030) |
| Internal activity - receipts from other funds 141,577 141 | |
| Claims paid - (5,890,962) (4,632,672) (10,523 | 634) |
| Other receipts 435,386 - 132,258 - 567 | 644_ |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 4,167,781 290,108 (2,997,578) (790,695) 669 | 616 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| Decrease in due from other funds 210,099 210 | 099 |
| Increase in due to other funds - 59,892 59 | 892 |
| (Decrease) in due to other funds (211,558) (211 | 558) |
| Transfers in - 3,450,000 - 3,450 | 000 |
| Transfers (out) (243,316) - (25,000) - (268 | 316) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (244,775) 59,892 3,425,000 - 3,240 | 117 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net (4,538,529) (4,538 | 529) |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related | |
| Financing Activities (4,538,529) (4,538 | 529) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash | |
| equivalents (615,523) 350,000 427,422 (790,695) (628 | 796) |
| Cash and investments at beginning of period <u>7,012,119</u> <u>777,994</u> <u>4,357,814</u> <u>4,900,664</u> <u>17,048</u> | 591 |
| Cash and investments at end of period \$6,396,596 \$1,127,994 \$4,785,236 \$4,109,969 \$16,419 | 795 |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | |
| Pooled cash and investments \$6,396,596 \$1,127,994 \$4,785,236 \$4,109,969 \$16,419 | 795 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents \$6,396,596 \$1,127,994 \$4,785,236 \$4,109,969 \$16,419 | 795 |
| (continu | ed) |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | | | Special | Workers' | |
|---|-------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Technical | Liability | Compensation | |
| | Automotive | Equipment | Insurance | Insurance | |
| | Services | Services | Claims | Claims | TOTAL |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash | | | | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ 183,578 | \$ 177,604 | \$ (5,546,696) | \$ 82,043 | \$ (5,103,471) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to n | et | | | | |
| cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to OPEB system | (28,612) | - | - | - | (28,612) |
| (Decrease) Increase in due to retirement system | 165,802 | - | - | - | 165,802 |
| Depreciation | 2,423,623 | 112,504 | - | - | 2,536,127 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | |
| Receivables, net | (19,621) | | (23,172) | (224,954) | (267,747) |
| Inventory | 961,619 | - | 8,290 | - | 969,909 |
| Accrued liabilities | 7,727 | - | 1,327,569 | 111,007 | 1,446,303 |
| Long-term portion estimated claims | - | <u></u> | 1,081,001 | (758,791) | 322,210 |
| Compensated absences | 38,279 | - | - | - | 38,279 |
| Other receipts | 435,386 | - | 155,430 | | 590,816 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$4,167,781 | \$ 290,108 | \$(2,997,578) | \$ (790,695) | \$ 669,616 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMBINING FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements, other than pension and investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are described below:

CHARITABLE TRUST

This fund accounts for the various gifts, donations and bequests received by the City.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY

California State laws ABx1 26 and AB 1484 provided for the dissolution of California Redevelopment Agencies effective January 31, 2012 and the transfer of all non-housing Agency assets to the Successor Agency Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are presented separately from the Government-wide and Fund financial statements.

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AND LIABILITY CLEARING

This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed related to employees dental and other fringe benefits.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

This fund accounts for monies collected and disbursed from special assessment districts where the City is not obligated for the outstanding debt payments.

DEPOSITS

This fund accounts for various deposits including leases and subpoenas.



CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Charitable Trust | Successor Agency | Pri | Total vate Purpose Trust |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): | \$ 565,998 | \$ 3,554,072 | \$ | 4,120,070 |
| Interest | 17,697 | - | | 17,697 |
| Investments with fiscal agent - noncurrent | 2,815,636 | - | | 2,815,636 |
| Land held for resale | - | 20,360,387 | | 20,360,387 |
| Total Assets | 3,399,331 | 23,914,459 | | 27,313,790 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 471 | 126,658 | | 127,129 |
| Due to City | - | 4,355,641 | | 4,355,641 |
| Total Liabilities | 471 | 8,032,299 | | 8,032,770 |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Held in trust for private purpose | \$ 3,398,860 | \$ 15,882,160 | \$ | 19,281,020 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | Charitable Trust | S | Successor Agency | Pri | Total vate Purpose Trust |
|---|----|---------------------|----|---------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS | | | | | | |
| Investment income: | | | | | | |
| Interest and rent | \$ | 110,110 | \$ | 9,852,512 | \$ | 9,962,622 |
| Net change in fair value of investments | | (34,697) | | - | | (34,697) |
| Gain from sale of property | | - | | 22,708,682 | | 22,708,682 |
| Total additions | | 75,413 | | 32,561,194 | | 32,636,607 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | | | |
| General and administrative | | 78,855 | | 472 | | 79,327 |
| Pass through to the County of Santa Clara | | - | | 33,796,698 | | 33,796,698 |
| Total deductions | | 78,855 | | 33,797,170 | | 33,876,025 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 2 | (3,442) | | (1,235,976) | | (1,239,418) |
| Net position held in trust for private purpose: | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 3,402,302 | | 17,118,136 | - | 20,520,438 |
| End of year | \$ | 3,398,860 | \$ | 15,882,160 | \$ | 19,281,020 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2018

| | Employee Benefit & Liability Clearing | Special Assessments | Deposits | Total |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 12,540,553 | \$ 2,784,177 | \$ 11,121,334 | \$26,446,064 |
| Cash and investments with fiscal agents | | 2 | | 2 |
| Total Assets | 12,540,553 | 2,784,179 | 11,121,334 | 26,446,066 |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Due to bondholders | - | 2,784,179 | - | 2,784,179 |
| Accrued liabilities | 12,540,553 | - | - | 12,540,553 |
| Refundable deposits | _ | | 11,121,334 | 11,121,334 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 12,540,553 | \$ 2,784,179 | \$ 11,121,334 | \$26,446,066 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended June 30, 2018

| | Balance July 1, 2017 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2018 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Employee Benefit and Liability Clearing | - | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 7,237,561 | \$ 93,351,725 | \$ 88,048,733 | \$ 12,540,553 |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ 7,237,561 | \$ 93,351,725 | \$ 88,048,733 | \$ 12,540,553 |
| Special Assessments | - | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 2,672,668 | \$ 3,720,073 | \$ 3,608,564 | \$ 2,784,177 |
| Cash and investments with fiscal agent | 2 | | | 2 |
| Total Assets | \$ 2,672,670 | \$ 3,720,073 | \$ 3,608,564 | \$ 2,784,179 |
| Due to bondholders | \$ 2,672,670 | \$ 3,720,073 | \$ 3,608,564 | \$ 2,784,179 |
| Deposits | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$10,923,916 | \$ 9,007,452 | \$ 8,810,034 | \$ 11,121,334 |
| Refundable deposits | \$10,923,916 | \$ 9,007,452 | \$ 8,810,034 | \$ 11,121,334 |
| Total Agency Funds | - | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$20,834,145 | \$ 106,079,250 | \$ 100,467,331 | \$ 26,446,064 |
| Cash and investments with fiscal agent | 2 | | | 2 |
| Total Assets | \$20,834,147 | \$ 106,079,250 | \$ 100,467,331 | \$ 26,446,066 |
| Due to bondholders | \$ 2,672,670 | \$ 3,720,073 | \$ 3,608,564 | \$ 2,784,179 |
| Accrued liabilities | 7,237,561 | 93,351,725 | 88,048,733 | 12,540,553 |
| Refundable deposits | 10,923,916 | 9,007,452 | 8,810,034 | 11,121,334 |
| Total Liabilities | \$20,834,147 | \$ 106,079,250 | \$ 100,467,331 | \$ 26,446,066 |





CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Santa Clara's Comprehensive Annual Report provides detailed information to better understand the data presented within the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

| | <u>TABLES</u> |
|--|---------------|
| FINANCIAL TRENDS Contains trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance has changed over time. | 1 - 4 |
| REVENUE CAPACITY Contains information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | 5 - 9 |
| DEBT CAPACITY Presents information to assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | 10 - 14 |
| DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Offers information to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. | 15 - 16 |
| OPERATING INFORMATION Contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. | 17 - 20 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

 $(A\,c\,c\,ru\,a\,l\,\,B\,a\,s\,is\,\,o\,f\,\,A\,c\,c\,o\,u\,n\,tin\,g)$

(In Thousands)

Table 1 2015 (2) 2013 (1) 2018 2017 2016 2014 2012 20112010 2009 Governmental Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets 553,135 \$ 532,255 \$ 507,390 \$ 528,043 522,175 \$ 520,899 \$ 351,410 \$ 432,534 \$ 438,198 524,645 \$ Restricted 246,048 242,393 207,996 198,316 189,618 230,545 213,158 330,675 227,557 217,590 Unrestricted (180,368)(135,818)(125,913)(186,423)102,421 127,390 172,350 22,747 45,357 62,748 To tal Governmental Activities Net Assets: 618,815 638,830 589,473 536,538 820,082 880,110 906,407 \$ 704,832 705,448 718,536 Business - Type Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets 917,738 882,187 \$ 844,911 \$ 760,150 496,107 406,972 445,554 \$ 405,806 388,822 381,345 Restricted 174,595 142,459 133,718 93,891 96,318 90,437 8,214 8,214 Unrestricted (24, 141)(13,132)(61,843) (1,573)325,633 382,992 430,774 420,310 403,931 419,417 Total Business - Type Activities Net Position 1.068,192 1.011.514 916,786 \$ 852,468 \$ 918,058 \$ 880,401 \$ 884,542 \$ 834,330 \$ 792,753 \$ 800,762 Primary Government 1,414,442 1,352,301 \$ 1,284,795 819,543 Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 1,470,873 \$ \$ 1,024,150 929,147 \$ 966,453 \$ 757,216 \$ 821,356 \$ 420,643 384,852 341,714 227,557 217,590 Restricted 292,207 285,936 320,982 221,372 338,889 Unrestricted (204.509)(148.950)(187,756) (187.996)428,054 510.382 603.124 443,057 449.288 482,165 Total Primary Government Net Position \$ 1,506,259 \$ 1,389,006 \$ 1,738,140 \$ 1,760,511 \$ 1,790,949 \$ 1,539,162 \$ 1,498,201 \$ 1,519,298

Note:

(1) Certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

(2) Certain amounts cannot be compared to fis cal year 2015 due to the implementation of GASB Staetment No. 68.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

Table 2

| | 2 0 18 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2 0 10 | 2009 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Adminis tratio n | \$ 25,467 | \$ 20,636 | \$ 22,692 | \$ 18,310 | \$ 15,208 | \$ 15,799 | \$ 8,703 | \$ 9,142 | \$ 9,917 | \$ 26,37 |
| City Clerk | 864 | 1,020 | 309 | 389 | 263 | 388 | 179 | 790 | 674 | 77 |
| City Attorney | 1,000 | 860 | 270 | 194 | 102 | 100 | 303 | 1,187 | 1,3 10 | 1,14 |
| Human Resources | 1,886 | 1,675 | 748 | 654 | 502 | 367 | 486 | 1,978 | 1,8 15 | 1,96 |
| Finance | 6,253 | 5,323 | 1,633 | 1,357 | 844 | 1,270 | 1,680 | 6,713 | 7,685 | 7,56 |
| Public Works | 38,276 | 34,314 | 30,365 | 29,713 | 30,287 | 29,337 | 28,802 | 29,339 | 29,344 | 29,99 |
| Parks and Recreation | 21,369 | 18,616 | 17,106 | 16,135 | 15,913 | 15,858 | 15,567 | 15,410 | 15,572 | 14,91 |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 76,742 | 63,612 | 58,599 | 54,252 | 47,105 | 45,120 | 43,516 | 44,138 | 45,143 | 44,86 |
| Fire | 55,372 | 43,384 | 37,120 | 35,341 | 34,099 | 33,162 | 31,702 | 33,594 | 34,457 | 35,34 |
| Planning and Inspection | 10,614 | 9,162 | 7,855 | 7,593 | 6,848 | 6,383 | 5,838 | 5,779 | 5,918 | 5,61 |
| Library | 12,302 | 10,553 | 10,718 | 8,851 | 8,161 | 7,712 | 7,728 | 8,090 | 8,470 | 8,66 |
| Interest on long term debt | 695 | 749 | 803 | 853 | 1,125 | 2,107 | 6,991 | 10,437 | 9,856 | 10,28 |
| Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,025 | 9,834 | |
| Pass Through Payments | - | -/ | _ | - | - | - | 1,085 | - | - | |
| Total Governmental Activities Expenses (Net) | 250,840 | 209,904 | 188,218 | 173,642 | 160,457 | 157,603 | 152,580 | 168,622 | 179,995 | 187,49 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | ., | | | | |
| Utilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retail | 402,006 | 367,780 | 364,557 | 344,382 | 333,432 | 314,069 | 283,142 | 281,342 | 280,512 | 316,52 |
| Who les a le | 35,413 | 35,197 | 21,682 | 32,635 | 28,871 | 24,717 | 32,115 | 50,754 | 73,727 | 110,87 |
| Water | 41,777 | 35,649 | 32,254 | 29,482 | 28,181 | 26,683 | 25,076 | 23,078 | 23,067 | 22,92 |
| Sewer | 25,689 | 23,047 | 19,081 | 17,981 | 17,237 | 16,054 | 15,348 | 16,296 | 14,222 | 13,46 |
| Water Recycling | 4,972 | 4,858 | 2,672 | 2,902 | 2,030 | 1,979 | 3,326 | 8,304 | 3,256 | 1,15 |
| So lid Was te | 23,363 | 26,621 | 20,142 | 19,717 | 18,486 | 19,222 | 17,322 | 16,192 | 15,842 | 16,22 |
| Cemetery | 1,174 | 820 | 781 | 676 | 901 | 991 | 958 | 935 | 960 | 72 |
| Sports and Open Space Authority | 10 | 53 | 102 | 97 | 95 | 44 | 48 | 48 | 18 | |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | 2,951 | 2,772 | 2,777 | 2,754 | 2,827 | 2,662 | 2,759 | 2,706 | 2,724 | 2,73 |
| Santa Clara Convention Center | 8,423 | 8,478 | 9,075 | 9,006 | 8,926 | 8,553 | 8,073 | 7,786 | 7,121 | 6,36 |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority | 111,2 10 | 105,593 | 147,435 | 98,363 | 21,913 | 27,442 | 5,393 | - | - | |
| Total Business-Type Activities Expenses | 656,988 | 610,868 | 620,558 | 557,995 | 462,899 | 442,416 | 393,560 | 407,441 | 421,449 | 491,00 |
| To tal Primary Expenses | \$ 907,828 | \$ 820,772 | \$ 808,776 | \$ 731,637 | \$ 623,356 | \$ 600,019 | \$ 546,140 | \$ 576,063 | \$ 601,444 | \$ 678,49 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

(continued)

Table 2

| | 2018 | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | 20 | 14 | 20 | 13 | 2012 | 2011 | 2 0 10 | 2009 |
|---|--------------|----------|-----|-------------|--------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | · | | · - |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | \$ 398 | \$ 1,6 | 51 | \$ 1,247 | \$ 416 | \$ | 355 | \$ | 562 | \$ 680 | \$ 6,611 | \$ 9,596 | \$ 9,625 |
| Parks and Recreation | 3,126 | 3,1 | 59 | 3,114 | 4,207 | | 3,157 | | 2,825 | 2,868 | 2,868 | 2,940 | 2,776 |
| Planning and Inspection | 12,837 | 13,6 | 58 | 15,065 | 13,944 | | 9,299 | | 6,872 | 12,509 | 5,307 | 3,549 | 3,576 |
| Other Pro grams | 21,303 | 19,6 | 58 | 23,022 | 16,281 | 11 | 12,296 | | 9,352 | 10,397 | 9,508 | 6,956 | 7,792 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 7,172 | 4,7 | 23 | 5,809 | 8,240 | | 6,566 | | 3,922 | 4,444 | 4,028 | 4,105 | 5,650 |
| Capital Gains and Contributions | 20,273 | 14,2 | 80 | 12,100 | 5,848 | 1 | 10,347 | | 4,490 | 4,737 | 4,467 | 5,775 | 5,412 |
| Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues | 65,109 | 57,1 | 39 | 60,357 | 48,936 | 4: | 2,020 | 2 | 8,023 | 35,635 | 32,789 | 32,921 | 34,831 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Utilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retail | 440,440 | 423,6 | 87 | 395,162 | 354,557 | 33: | 35,658 | 32 | 2,749 | 329,518 | 304,024 | 270,834 | 256,872 |
| Who les a le | 34,994 | 36,1 | 52 | 17,279 | 27,301 | 2 | 28,622 | 2 | 2,296 | 29,149 | 50,124 | 67,840 | 102,480 |
| Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures (1) | - | | - | - | (4,719) | | 4,214 | | 6,111 | (3,576) | - | - | - |
| Water | 46,685 | 39,9 | 53 | 31,955 | 31,462 | 30 | 30,979 | 3 | 30,177 | 28,232 | 25,682 | 23,744 | 24,251 |
| Sewer | 50,942 | 43,1 | 76 | 41,659 | 43,400 | 34 | 34,585 | 3 | 2,090 | 27,036 | 22,380 | 9,443 | 9,287 |
| Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures (1) | - | | - | - | (10,036) | (| (3,383) | (| 3,654) | (2,239) | - | - | - |
| Water Recycling | 5,479 | 4,8 | 34 | 3,841 | 3,381 | | 3,136 | | 2,774 | 4,319 | 8,919 | 4,363 | 1,911 |
| So lid Waste | 23,544 | 22,5 | 35 | 21,854 | 20,404 | 2 | 20,154 | 1 | 9,575 | 18,460 | 17,142 | 15,843 | 15,619 |
| Cemetery | 666 | 7 | 99 | 693 | 649 | | 528 | | 632 | 5 19 | 426 | 454 | 356 |
| Sports and Open Space Authority | - | | 58 | 72 | 66 | | 82 | | 420 | 2,056 | 1,4 15 | 1,506 | 1,745 |
| Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club | 1,991 | 1,7 | 80 | 1,666 | 2,207 | | 2,857 | | 2,929 | 2,973 | 2,795 | 2,917 | 2,993 |
| Santa Clara Convention Center | 9,061 | 9,5 | 81 | 7,399 | 7,112 | • | 7,240 | | 6,933 | 6,119 | 6,086 | 6,845 | 21,947 |
| Santa Clara Stadium Authority | 112,039 | 110,0 | 59 | 146,619 | 102,908 | 3 | 33,193 | | | 5 | | | |
| Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues | 725,841 | 692,6 | 74 | 668,199 | 578,692 | 49 | 7,865 | 44 | 3,032 | 442,571 | 438,993 | 403,789 | 437,461 |
| Total Primary Government Program Revenues | 790,950 | 749,8 | 13 | 728,556 | 627,628 | 539 | 9,885 | 47 | 1,055 | 478,206 | 471,782 | 436,710 | 472,292 |
| Net (Expense) Revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Go vernmental Activities | (185,731) | (152,7 | 55) | (127,861) | (124,706) | (11) | 18,437) | (12 | 9,580) | (116,945) | (135,833) | (147,074) | (152,662) |
| Business-Type Activities | 68,853 | 81,8 |)6 | 47,641 | 20,697 | 34 | 34,966 | | 616 | 49,011 | 31,552 | (17,660) | (53,543) |
| Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue | \$ (116,878) | \$ (70,9 | 59) | \$ (80,220) | \$ (104,009) | \$ (8 | 83,471) | \$ (12 | 8,964) | \$ (67,934) | \$ (104,281) | \$ (164,734) | \$ (206,205) |

Note

(1) Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures were included in the Electric and Sewer Business-Type Activities beginning in fiscal year 2016 Source: Finance Office, City of Santa Clara

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In Thous ands)
(continued)

Table 2

| | | | | | | | | | | Table 2 |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2 0 18 | 2 0 17 | 2 0 16 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2 0 10 | 2009 |
| General Revenue and other changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ 56,321 | \$ 55,750 | \$ 57,796 | \$ 49,649 | \$ 46,736 | \$ 44,159 | \$ 41,280 | \$ 35,845 | \$ 31,876 | \$ 34,894 |
| Ad Valorem Property | 54,965 | 50,943 | 45,627 | 37,574 | 39,187 | 31,651 | 43,880 | 57,172 | 61,834 | 61,695 |
| Transient occupancy | 20,580 | 20,484 | 20,557 | 18,186 | 15,141 | 13,673 | 11,755 | 9,910 | 8,302 | 9,138 |
| Other | 6,392 | 5,671 | 5,510 | 5,173 | 5,191 | 4,333 | 3,034 | 3,731 | 3,049 | 3,931 |
| Internal Go vernmental, unrestricted: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle in-lieu | - | 55 | 49 | 50 | - | 51 | 120 | 539 | 345 | 394 |
| Contribution in-lieu of taxes | 21,986 | 21,117 | 19,057 | 17,493 | 16,591 | 15,219 | 15,343 | 14,913 | 13,448 | 15,150 |
| Investment earnings | 4,600 | 3,466 | 2,178 | 1,702 | 3,380 | 6,058 | 7,900 | 21,770 | 18,179 | 20,665 |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments | (2,452) | (3,217) | 1,049 | 496 | 1,8 15 | (3,567) | (707) | (8,905) | 413 | 16,985 |
| Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures | 25 | 49 | 44 | (40) | (106) | (286) | (285) | (225) | (1) | 69 |
| Rents and royalties | 10,494 | 11,4 10 | 13,642 | 11,189 | 3,781 | 13,658 | 13,115 | 2,851 | 3,274 | 3,383 |
| Gain (loss) on retirement of assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,651 | 2 | 4 |
| Other | 16,243 | 39,956 | 8,551 | 12,154 | 4,317 | 4,434 | 4,104 | 2,989 | 2,917 | 2,845 |
| Co-op Agreements Activities | - | - | - | - | - | - | (5) | - | - | - |
| Specialitem | | | (24,451) | (9,224) | (80,152) | (29,563) | 106,602 | | | |
| Total Government General Revenue, Transfers, and | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special Item | 189,154 | 205,684 | 149,609 | 144,402 | 55,881 | 99,820 | 246,136 | 145,241 | 143,638 | 169,153 |
| Business-Type Activities: (2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | 15,755 | 13,031 | 16,894 | 15,602 | 2,863 | 3,403 | 5,922 | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments | (3,584) | (3,672) | 1,2 18 | 544 | 2,356 | (4,695) | (874) | | | |
| Gain (loss) on retirement of assets | | | 29,751 | 64 | | (2) | 71,662 | | | |
| Total Business-Type General Revenue and | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers | 12,171 | 9,359 | 47,863 | 16,210 | 5,219 | (1,294) | 76,710 | _ | | |
| Total Primary Government General Revenue and | | | - | - | | - | | | | |
| Trans fe rs | 201,325 | 215,043 | 197,472 | 160,612 | 61,100 | 98,526 | 322,846 | _ | | |
| Change in Net Position - Total Primary Government | 84,447 | 144,084 | 117,252 | 56,603 | (22,371) | (30,438) | 254,912 | 40,960 | (21,096) | (37,052) |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year (2012 & 2015 Adjusted | 1,650,343 | 1,506,259 | 1,389,007 | 1,738,140 | 1,760,511 | 1,790,949 | 1,536,037 | 1,498,202 | 1,519,298 | 1,556,350 |
| GASB68 Implementation | - | - | - | (405,736) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| GASB75 Implementation | (47,783) | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Position - End of Year - Total Primary Governmen | t \$ 1,687,007 | \$ 1,650,343 | \$ 1,506,259 | \$ 1,389,007 | \$ 1,738,140 | \$ 1,760,511 | \$ 1,790,949 | \$ 1,539,162 | \$ 1,498,202 | \$ 1,519,298 |
| • | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

(1) Equity in income (losses) of joint ventures was restated in Fiscal Year 2011-12 to be presented in the Program Revenues of the Business-Type Activities.

(2) Amounts shown for fiscal year 2011 were restated to separately present General Revenues of Business-Type Activities.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accounting)

(In Thousands)

Table 3

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 (1) | 2010 | 2009 |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| General Fund: | | | | . ——— | | | | | | - |
| Nonspendable | \$ 25,002 | \$ 13,837 | \$ 13,517 | \$ 13,247 | \$ 12,850 | \$ 12,785 | \$ 12,466 | \$ 46,015 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Restricted | 13,585 | 7,083 | 11,865 | 9,546 | 9,641 | 7,191 | 10,922 | 3,670 | - | - |
| Committed | 41,914 | 58,580 | 64,111 | 55,121 | 78,125 | 86,949 | 86,942 | 1,675 | - | - |
| Assigned | 7,473 | 4,639 | 4,875 | 6,761 | 4,752 | 4,927 | 4,033 | 1,157 | - | - |
| Unassigned | 107,801 | 107,404 | 103,430 | 58,946 | 23,910 | 38,522 | 33,393 | 21,138 | - | - |
| Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 24,778 | 22,278 |
| Unreserved: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated | - | - | - | - , | | - | - | - | 25,938 | 42,548 |
| Undesignated | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Total General Fund | 195,775 | 191,543 | 197,798 | 143,621 | 129,278 | 150,374 | 147,756 | 73,655 | 50,716 | 64,826 |
| All other Governmental Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 11,122 | - | - |
| Restricted | 91,290 | 89,818 | 67,612 | 76,848 | 60,489 | 105,785 | 125,100 | 188,584 | - | - |
| Committed | 40,473 | 44,936 | 38,953 | 20,237 | 25,697 | 21,351 | 32,007 | 34,794 | - | - |
| Assigned | - | - | 1 | - | _ | _ | _ | 1,418 | - | - |
| Unassigned | - | - | Y | - | _ | - | - | (22,834) | - | - |
| Reserved | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | - | - | 93,119 | 99,361 |
| Unreserved, reported in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects funds | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | 113,632 | 115,740 |
| Special revenue funds | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | 602 | 426 |
| Other purposes | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 19,305 | 16,770 |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | 131,763 | 134,754 | 106,565 | 97,085 | 86,186 | 127,136 | 157,107 | 213,084 | 226,658 | 232,297 |
| Total Governmental Funds | \$ 327,538 | \$ 326,297 | \$ 304,363 | \$ 240,706 | \$ 215,464 | \$ 277,510 | \$ 304,863 | \$ 286,739 | \$ 277,374 | \$ 297,123 |

Note:

(1) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GO VERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

Table 4

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ 56,321 | \$ 55,750 | \$ 57,796 | \$ 49,649 | \$ 46,736 | \$ 44,160 | \$ 41,280 | \$ 35,845 | \$ 31,876 | \$ 34,894 |
| Ad valorem property | 54,965 | 50,943 | 45,627 | 37,574 | 39,187 | 31,651 | 43,880 | 57,172 | 61,834 | 61,695 |
| Transient occupancy | 20,580 | 20,484 | 20,557 | 18,186 | 15,141 | 13,673 | 11,755 | 9,910 | 8,302 | 9,138 |
| Other | 6,392 | 5,671 | 5,510 | 5,173 | 5,191 | 4,333 | 4,139 | 3,731 | 4,099 | 4,931 |
| Licenses, permits, fees and penalties | 8,665 | 10,536 | 11,530 | 9,508 | 6,860 | 6,523 | 9,222 | 5,690 | 4,286 | 5,000 |
| Intergovernmental | 13,920 | 15,269 | 8,570 | 13,766 | 10,611 | 6,838 | 8,091 | 8,017 | 9,359 | 8,142 |
| Charges for services | 45,237 | 42,941 | 46,938 | 39,012 | 32,749 | 26,621 | 32,767 | 28,395 | 24,647 | 22,396 |
| Contribution in-lieu of taxes | 21,986 | 21,117 | 19,057 | 17,493 | 16,591 | 15,219 | 15,343 | 14,912 | 13,448 | 15,150 |
| Interest and rents | 15,223 | 14,636 | 15,617 | 10,692 | 7,672 | 20,026 | 21,329 | 25,220 | 25,477 | 25,878 |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments | (2,452) | (3,217) | 1,049 | 496 | 1,815 | (3,567) | (707) | (3,571) | 449 | 6,409 |
| Other | 11,957 | 32,209 | 9,578 | 13,792 | 6,740 | 4,627 | 3,645 | 2,515 | 2,829 | 2,914 |
| TO TAL REVENUES | \$ 252,794 | \$266,339 | \$ 241,829 | \$ 215,341 | \$ 189,293 | \$ 170,104 | \$ 190,744 | \$ 187,836 | \$ 186,606 | \$196,547 |

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GO VERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands) (continued)

Table 4

| EXPENDITURES Current: General Administration City Clerk City Attorney Human Resources Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police Fire | \$ 28,997 1,361 1,690 3,175 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 10,426 | \$ 24,265 1,594 1,658 2,993 9,725 24,018 17,364 62,290 42,550 | \$ 23,743 1,007 1,500 2,616 9,319 20,088 16,162 | \$ 18,684 1,060 1,329 2,322 8,455 18,424 14,506 | \$ 17,101 863 1,335 2,279 8,231 17,562 | \$ 17,615 970 1,226 2,055 7,876 | \$ 26,430 703 1,328 1,979 7,588 | \$ 31,829 777 1,172 1,947 7,170 | \$ 31,524 662 1,314 1,804 | \$ 33,033 768 1,136 1,960 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| General Administration City Clerk City Attorney Human Resources Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 1,361 1,690 3,175 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 1,594 1,658 2,993 9,725 24,018 17,364 | 1,007 1,500 2,616 9,319 20,088 16,162 | 1,060 1,329 2,322 8,455 18,424 | 863 1,335 2,279 8,231 17,562 | 970 1,226 2,055 7,876 | 703 1,328 1,979 | 777 1,172 1,947 | 662 1,314 | 768 1,136 |
| City Clerk City Attorney Human Resources Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 1,361 1,690 3,175 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 1,594 1,658 2,993 9,725 24,018 17,364 | 1,007 1,500 2,616 9,319 20,088 16,162 | 1,060 1,329 2,322 8,455 18,424 | 863 1,335 2,279 8,231 17,562 | 970 1,226 2,055 7,876 | 703 1,328 1,979 | 777 1,172 1,947 | 662 1,314 | 768 1,136 |
| City Attorney Human Resources Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 1,690 3,175 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 1,658 2,993 9,725 24,018 17,364 | 1,500 2,616 9,319 20,088 16,162 | 1,329 2,322 8,455 18,424 | 1,335 2,279 8,231 17,562 | 1,226 2,055 7,876 | 1,328 1,979 | 1,172 1,947 | 1,314 | 1,136 |
| Human Resources Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 3,175 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 2,993 9,725 24,018 17,364 62,290 | 2,616 9,319 20,088 16,162 | 2,322 8,455 18,424 | 2,279 8,231 17,562 | 2,055 7,876 | 1,979 | 1,947 | , | |
| Finance Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 10,484 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 9,725 24,018 17,364 62,290 | 9,319 20,088 16,162 | 8,455 18,424 | 8,231 17,562 | 7,876 | | , | 1,804 | 1 960 |
| Public Works Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 25,595 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 24,018 17,364 62,290 | 20,088 16,162 | 18,424 | 17,562 | , | 7,588 | 7 170 | | 1,500 |
| Parks and Recreation Public Safety: Police | 18,882 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 17,364 62,290 | 16,162 | | , | 1 6 7 6 5 | | 7,170 | 7,535 | 7,458 |
| Public Safety: Police | 67,841 49,043 9,896 | 62,290 | | 14,506 | | 16,765 | 16,231 | 17,133 | 17,178 | 17,853 |
| Police | 49,043 9,896 | | | | 14,428 | 14,063 | 14,124 | 13,844 | 13,906 | 13,389 |
| | 49,043 9,896 | | | | | | | | | |
| Fire | 9,896 | 12.550 | 61,015 | 54,344 | 45,584 | 42,991 | 41,912 | 42,520 | 43,959 | 43,317 |
| THE | , | 42,550 | 39,129 | 35,144 | 33,267 | 32,370 | 31,522 | 32,214 | 33,768 | 34,292 |
| Planning and Inspection | 10.426 | 9,156 | 8,231 | 7,620 | 6,938 | 6,268 | 5,725 | 5,680 | 5,726 | 5,402 |
| Library | 10,420 | 9,113 | 9,479 | 7,611 | 7,206 | 6,564 | 6,594 | 6,932 | 7,406 | 7,460 |
| Capital Outlay | 19,933 | 29,329 | 13,434 | 10,730 | 8,736 | 15,060 | 46,490 | 15,361 | 13,022 | 27,169 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal payments | 1,731 | 1,674 | 1,620 | 1,576 | 8,520 | 24,302 | 4,294 | 29,720 | 10,555 | 10,000 |
| Interest and fiscal fees | 767 | 825 | 879 | 925 | 1,174 | 2,009 | 7,038 | 10,335 | 10,128 | 10,720 |
| Bond issuance cost | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 411 | 5 | 490 | 8 | - |
| Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund | - | - | <u> </u> | - | - | - | - | 2,025 | 9,834 | - |
| Pass Through Payments | | - | | | | | 1,085 | | | |
| TO TAL EXPENDITURES | 249,828 | 236,556 | 208,223 | 182,732 | 173,229 | 190,545 | 213,048 | 219,149 | 208,329 | 213,957 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| O VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 2,966 | 29,783 | 33,606 | 32,609 | 16,064 | (20,441) | (22,304) | (31,313) | (21,723) | (17,410) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | (= /= -/ | | (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, |
| Sale of Capital Assets | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ | - | 2 | 4 |
| Co-op Agreements Activities | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | (5) | (8,297) | _ | - |
| Proceeds from Bond Issuance | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 19,572 | - | 41,451 | _ | _ |
| Transfers in | 21,381 | 44,983 | 58,473 | 14,152 | 27,961 | 17,525 | 96,634 | 25,705 | 31,493 | 31,477 |
| Transfers out | (23,106) | (52,832) | (27,581) | (12,295) | (25,918) | (14,446) | (20,180) | (23,661) | (29,521) | (30,476) |
| TO TAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (1,725) | (7,849) | 30,892 | 1,857 | 2,043 | 22,651 | 76,449 | 35,198 | 1,974 | 1,005 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (1,723) | (7,047) | 30,072 | 1,037 | 2,043 | 22,031 | 70,447 | 33,176 | 1,774 | 1,003 |
| BEFORE SPECIAL ITEM | \$ 1.241 | e 21 024 | ¢ (4.400 | | | \$ 2.210 | £ 54 1 45 | \$ 3.885 | e (10.740) | ¢ (1.6.405) |
| | \$ 1,241 | \$ 21,934 | \$ 64,498 | \$ 34,466 | \$ 18,107 | \$ 2,210 | \$ 54,145 | \$ 3,885 | \$ (19,749) | \$ (16,405) |
| SPECIAL ITEM-ASSET TRANSFERRED | | | | | | | | | | |
| TO LIABILITIES ASSUMED BY SUCCESSOR | | | | | | | | | | |
| AGENCY | - | - | (842) | (9,224) | (80,152) | (29,563) | (31,847) | - | - | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES AFTER | | | | | | | | | | |
| SPECIAL ITEM | \$ 1,241 | \$ 21,934 | \$ 63,656 | \$ 25,242 | \$ (62,045) | \$ (27,353) | \$ 22,298 | \$ 3,885 | \$ (19,749) | \$ (16,405) |
| DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF | ,1 | , | , | ,- :2 | . (=,=,=,=) | . (=:,==0) | . ==,=>0 | , | . (,) | . (23,130) |
| NON-CAPITAL EXPENDITURES | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 6% | 15% | 7% | 21% | 15% | 10% |

20

CITY OF SANTA CLARA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

Table 5

| | | | | | | | | Ratio of Net | | |
|-------------|------------------|-----|--------|--------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Net Local | S | tate | | Net | Net | Total | Assessed Valuation | % of Growth | Total Direct |
| Ending | Secured | Ass | sessed | \mathbf{U} | nsecured | Assessed | Assessed | To Total Assessed | of Assessed | Tax |
| June 30 | Roll (1) | Val | uation | | Roll | Valuation | Valuation | Valuation | Valuation | Rate |
| 2008 / 09 | \$ 20,545,808 | \$ | 3,689 | \$ | 3,812,579 | \$24,362,076 | \$ 24,479,723 | 99.52% | 10.11% | 1.12% |
| 2009 / 10 | 20,707,612 | | 3,689 | | 3,844,940 | 24,556,241 | 24,674,410 | 99.52% | 0.80% | 1.13% |
| 2010 / 11 | 19,949,252 | | 3,689 | | 3,634,484 | 23,587,425 | 23,704,433 | 99.51% | -3.95% | 1.11% |
| 2011 / 12 | 19,818,648 | | 4,641 | | 3,892,148 | 23,715,437 | 23,830,461 | 99.52% | 0.54% | 1.14% |
| 2012 / 13 | 20,475,348 | | 4,641 | | 4,702,675 | 25,182,664 | 25,295,792 | 99.55% | 6.19% | 1.16% |
| 2013 / 14 | 22,216,962 | | 4,641 | | 4,680,536 | 26,902,139 | 27,012,697 | 99.59% | 6.83% | 1.14% |
| 2014 / 15 | 24,294,056 | | 4,183 | | 4,352,204 | 28,650,443 | 28,758,679 | 99.62% | 6.50% | 1.13% |
| 2015 / 16 | 27,659,960 | | 4,183 | | 5,157,346 | 32,821,489 | 32,927,777 | 99.68% | 14.56% | 1.16% |
| 2016 / 17 | 30,672,596 | | 4,183 | | 5,856,885 | 36,533,664 | 36,638,297 | 99.71% | 11.31% | 1.15% |
| 2017 / 18 | 33,449,607 | | 3,896 | | 6,553,560 | 40,007,063 | 40,109,539 | 99.74% | 9.51% | 1.16% |

Note:

(1) Net of Home Owner Property Tax Relief.

Source: County of Santa Clara, Department of Finance

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PROPERTY TAX RATES

(Per \$100 Assessed Valuation) Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 6

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | Santa Clara County | School Districts | Special Districts | Total |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------|
| June 30 | County | Districts | Districts | Total |
| 2008 / 09 | 1.0388% | 0.0775% | 0.0061% | 1.1224% |
| 2009 / 10 | 1.0388% | 0.0841% | 0.0074% | 1.1303% |
| 2010 / 11 | 1.0388% | 0.0658% | 0.0072% | 1.1118% |
| 2011 / 12 | 1.0388% | 0.0973% | 0.0064% | 1.1425% |
| 2012 / 13 | 1.0388% | 0.1108% | 0.0069% | 1.1565% |
| 2013 / 14 | 1.0388% | 0.0962% | 0.0070% | 1.1420% |
| 2014 / 15 | 1.0388% | 0.0824% | 0.0065% | 1.1277% |
| 2015 / 16 | 1.0388% | 0.1174% | 0.0057% | 1.1619% |
| 2016 / 17 | 1.0388% | 0.1014% | 0.0086% | 1.1488% |
| 2017 / 18 | 1.0388% | 0.1028% | 0.0062% | 1.1478% |

Tax rate limit: A state constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) commencing with fiscal 1979 provided that the tax rate was limited to 1% of full cash value, levied only by the County and shared with all other jurisdictions. All jurisdictions may levy a tax rate for voter approved debt.

Due date for current taxes: First installment - November 1; second installment - February 1.

Penalties for delinquency: 10% and 1.5% of tax per month after date taxes become delinquent.

Collected by government unit: County of Santa Clara.

Basis upon which collections are distributed: Taxing jurisdictions assessed valuations and tax rates for voter approved debt to taxing jurisdictions, County rate (1% of full cash value) shared by all jurisdictions.

Compensation paid to collecting government unit for fiscal year 2017-18 is \$299,123

Note: Tax rates stated are the rates applicable to the tax rate area 7-000 as typical tax rate area within the City. Rates are based on \$100 assessed valuation.

Source: County of Santa Clara, Department of Finance

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS 2017-18 AND 2010-11 COMPARISON FOR GENERAL FUND

(In Thousands)

Table 7

| | 2017 | 7-18 | 2010 |)-11 |
|---|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Taxpayers | Assessed Valuation | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation | Assessed Valuation | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation |
| Intel Corporation | \$ 1,676,697 | 4.18% | \$ 974,576 | 4.10% |
| Forty Niners SC Stadium Company LLC | 1,393,052 | 3.47% | - | 0.00% |
| Sobrato Interest (Sobrato Development Company) | 898,808 | 2.24% | 308,442 | 1.30% |
| Microsoft Corporation | 637,333 | 1.59% | - | 0.00% |
| Nvidia Corporation (formerly Nvidia Land Development LLC) | 533,402 | 1.33% | 170,066 | 0.72% |
| Xeres Ventures LLC | 484,486 | 1.21% | - | 0.00% |
| Apple Inc | 446,816 | 1.11% | - | 0.00% |
| Augustine Bowers LLC | 444,955 | 1.11% | - | 0.00% |
| The Irvine Company | 411,041 | 1.02% | - | |
| Corsite Real Estate | 401,976 | 1.00% | - | |
| Oracle America Inc (formerly Sun Microsystems) | - | 0.00% | 210,109 | 0.88% |
| Nvidia Corporation (formerly Nvidia Land Development LLC) | - | 0.00% | 170,066 | 0.72% |
| Agilent Technologies | - | 0.00% | 306,451 | 1.29% |
| Applied Materials, Inc. | - | 0.00% | 238,795 | 1.00% |
| Marvell Technology Inc | - | 0.00% | 200,350 | 0.84% |
| Silicon Valley California LLC | - | 0.00% | 194,215 | 0.82% |
| Harvest 2400 LLC | - | 0.00% | 177,420 | 0.75% |
| National Semiconductor Corporation | | 0.00% | 168,780 | 0.71% |
| Top Ten Total | \$ 7,328,566 | 18.26% | \$ 3,119,270 | 13.13% |
| City Total | \$ 40,109,539 | = | \$ 23,764,030 | |

Sources: Santa Clara County Assessor 2017-18 and 2010-11 Combined Tax Rolls through HdL Coren & Cone.

Principal property taxpayers information for 2008-09 is not available.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(In Thousands)

Table 8

| Fiscal Year Ending | Gross | Current Tax | Percentage of Current Levy | Delinquent Tax | Total | Percentage of Total Levy |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| June 30 | Tax Levy | Collections | <u>Collected</u> | Collected | Collections | Collected |
| 2008 / 09 | \$ 21,123 | \$ 21,061 | 99.71% | - | \$ 21,061 | 99.71% |
| 2009 / 10 | 21,674 | 21,631 | 99.80% | - | 21,631 | 99.80% |
| 2010 / 11 | 20,894 | 20,867 | 99.87% | - | 20,867 | 99.87% |
| 2011 / 12 | 21,044 | 21,044 | 100.00% | - | 21,044 | 100.00% |
| 2012 / 13 | 22,313 | 22,313 | 100.00% | - | 22,313 | 100.00% |
| 2013 / 14 | 24,027 | 24,027 | 100.00% | - | 24,027 | 100.00% |
| 2014 / 15 | 25,550 | 25,550 | 100.00% | - | 25,550 | 100.00% |
| 2015 / 16 | 27,603 | 27,603 | 100.00% | - | 27,603 | 100.00% |
| 2016 / 17 | 30,605 | 30,605 | 100.00% | - | 30,605 | 100.00% |
| 2017 / 18 | 33,312 | 33,312 | 100.00% | - | 33,312 | 100.00% |
| | | | | | | |

Sources: City of Santa Clara and County of Santa Clara, Department of Finance

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRINCIPAL SALE/USE TAX CONTRIBUTORS June 30, 2018

Table 9

This list is in alphabetical order and represents sales from July 2017 to June 2018.

The Top 25 Sales / Use Tax contributors generate 44% of Santa Clara's total sales and use tax revenue

Fisher Scientific Company Norman Wright Mechanical Equipment Company

Applied Materials Inc. Nvidia Corporation

Arista Networks One Workplace L. Ferrari

Autonation Acrua Stevens Creek Pace supply
Costco Wholesale Pivot Interiors

Dell Marketing Porsche of Stevens Creek

Financial SVCS Vehicle Trust Premier Nissan of Stevens Creek Frontier Ford Stevens Creek Auto Imports

Home Depot Stevens Creek BMW

ICPC Target Stores
Intel Corporation Wesco Distribution
Intervision Systems World Wide Technology

Lexus of Stevens Creek

Sources: From Muni Services Sales Tax Digest Summary. Collections through September 2017. Sales through June 2018.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA RATIOS OF OUISTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(In Thousands)

Table 10

| | Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | Public l dificates of cipation | Facilit Insui Fun | | Asse | | s poration Total Governmental Activities | Red | Former development Agency x Allocation Bonds (1) | Business Activities Revenue Bonds | Santa Clara Stadium Authority Revenue Bonds | Total Primary Government | Population | Debt per Capita | Total Personal Income (\$000) | Debt/ Income Ratio |
|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|------|-------|--|-----|---|--|--|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | 2008 / 09 | \$ 52,500 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,155 | \$ 55,655 | \$ | 125,335 | \$ 227,390 | \$ - | \$ 408,380 | 117,242 | \$ 3,483 | \$ 4,225,531 | 9.66% |
| | 2009 / 10 | 48,620 | | - | | 2,155 | 50,775 | | 119,660 | 223,170 | - | 393,605 | 118,830 | 3,312 | 4,291,695 | 9.17% |
| | 2010 / 11 | 43,822 | | - | | - | 43,822 | | 138,511 | 223,920 | - | 406,253 | 118,169 | 3,438 | 4,727,907 | 8.59% |
| 2 | 2011 / 12 | 39,528 | ı | - | | - | 39,528 | | - | 210,646 | 132,630 | 382,804 | 118,813 | 3,222 | 4,399,786 | 8.70% |
|) | 2012 / 13 | 34,784 | | - | | - | 34,784 | | - | 199,676 | 396,140 | 630,600 | 120,284 | 5,243 | 4,530,093 | 13.92% |
| | 2013 / 14 | 26,210 | | - | | - | 26,210 | | | 227,163 | 653,367 | 906,740 | 121,229 | 7,480 | 4,739,710 | 19.13% |
| | 2014 / 15 | 24,579 | | - | | - | 24,579 | | - | 226,828 | 561,556 | 812,963 | 120,973 | 6,720 | 4,952,711 | 16.41% |
| | 2015 / 16 | 22,905 | | - | | - | 22,905 | | - | 229,719 | 464,720 | 717,344 | 123,752 | 5,797 | 5,194,006 | 13.81% |
| | 2016 / 17 | 21,177 | | - | | - | 21,177 | | - | 220,800 | 429,773 | 671,750 | 123,983 | 5,418 | 5,454,137 | 12.32% |
| | 2017 / 18 | 19,392 | | - | | - | 19,392 | | - | 208,117 | 394,827 | 622,336 | 129,604 | 4,802 | 6,064,143 | 10.26% |

Notes:

Sources: Finance Office, City of Santa Clara and MuniServices LLC.

⁽¹⁾ Beginning fiscal year 2011-12, Tax Allocation Bonds Direct Debt amounts for the Former Redevelopment Agency are shown in the Successor Agency of the City of Santa Clara's Statistical Section, Table 4.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA POPULATION AND ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Table 11

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | Population | Total Assessed Valuation |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| 2008 / 09 | 117.2 | 24,479,723 |
| 2009 / 10 | 116.3 (1) | 24,674,410 |
| 2010 / 11 | 118.2 | 23,704,433 |
| 2011 / 12 | 118.8 | 23,830,461 |
| 2012 / 13 | 120.3 | 25,295,792 |
| 2013 / 14 | 121.2 | 27,012,697 |
| 2014 / 15 | 121.0 | 28,758,679 |
| 2015 / 16 | 123.8 | 32,927,777 |
| 2016 / 17 | 123.9 | 36,638,297 |
| 2017 / 18 | 129.6 | 40,109,539 |
| | | |

Note: (1) Population was revised based on 2010 U.S. Census results.

Sources: State of California, Department of Finance County of Santa Clara, Department of Finance

CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT June 30, 2018

Table 12

| Description | | | % Applicable | Debt |
|--|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------|
| Direct Debt: | | | | |
| 2010 Lease Financing | | | 100% | 4,045,000 |
| 2013 Refunding Certificates of Participation | | | 100% | 14,600,000 |
| Total Gross Direc | t Debt | | | 18,645,000 |
| Unamortized Premium/Discount | | | 100% | 746,581 |
| Total Net Direct I | 9e bt | | | 19,391,581 |
| Overlapping Debt: | | | | |
| Santa Clara County General Fund Obligations | | | | 52,637,868 |
| Santa Clara County Pension Fund Obligations | | | | 31,886,057 |
| Santa Clara Valley Water District Benefit Assessment Distric | | | | 7,338,176 |
| Santa Clara County Board of Education Certificates of Partic | | | | 444,562 |
| San Jose-Evergreen Community College District Pension Obl | | | | 28,945 |
| West Valley-Mission Community College District General Fu | nd Obligations | | | 18,480,364 |
| Foothill-DeAnza Community College District | | | | 7,943,995 |
| San Jose-Evergreen Community College District | | | | 310,811 |
| West Valley Community College District | | | | 145,096,937 |
| Fremont Union High School District | | | | 12,153,506 |
| Campbell Union High School District General Fund Obligation | ıs | | | 196,100 |
| Campbell Union School District | | | | 7,505,166 |
| Campbell Union High School District | | | | 4,123,297 |
| Campbell Union School District Certificates of Participation | | | | 123,385 |
| El Camino Hospital District | | | | 1,439,028 |
| San Jose Unified School District | | | | 926,761 |
| Cupertino Union School District | | | | 13,150,400 |
| Santa Clara Unified School District | | | | 448,221,332 |
| San Jose Unified School District Certificates of Participation | | | | 21,550 |
| Santa Clara County | | | | 90,285,832 |
| Foothill-DeAnza Community College District Certificates of | | | | 360,912 |
| Santa Clara Unified School District Certificates of Participati | | | | 8,721,877 |
| Santa Clara County Vector Control District Certificates of Pa | rticipation | | | 220,275 |
| Total Overlapping | g Debt | | | 851,617,136 |
| Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt ⁽¹⁾ Direct Unamortized Premium/Discount | | | | 870,262,136 |
| TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED | DEBT | | | \$ 870,262,136 |
| 2017 / 18 Assessed Value \$ 40 | ,109,538,971 | | | |
| Ratios to Assessed Valuation: | | | | |
| Direct Debt \$ | (19,391,581) | 0.046% | | |
| Total Gross Debt | | 2.170% | | |
| Total Net Debt | | 2.170% | | |

Note: (1) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds. Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Table 13

| Fiscal Year | Net | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|
| Ending | Assessed | Debt | Limit- 15% of | Debt A | pplicable | | |
| June 30 | Valuation | Assessed Valuation (1) | | to 1 | Limit | Legal | Debt Margin |
| 2008 / 09 | \$ 24,362,076 | \$ | 3,654,311 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,654,311 |
| 2009 / 10 | 24,556,241 | | 3,683,436 | | - | | 3,683,436 |
| 2010 / 11 | 23,587,425 | | 3,538,114 | | - | | 3,538,114 |
| 2011 / 12 | 23,715,437 | | 3,557,316 | | - | | 3,557,316 |
| 2012 / 13 | 25,182,664 | | 3,777,400 | | - | | 3,777,400 |
| 2013 / 14 | 26,902,139 | | 4,035,321 | | - | | 4,035,321 |
| 2014 / 15 | 28,650,444 | | 4,297,567 | | - | | 4,297,567 |
| 2015 / 16 | 32,821,489 | | 4,923,223 | | - | | 4,923,223 |
| 2016 / 17 | 36,533,664 | | 5,480,050 | | - | | 5,480,050 |
| 2017 / 18 | 40,007,063 | | 6,001,059 | | - | | 6,001,059 |
| | | | | | | | |

Note:

(1) Section 1309 of the City Charter of the City states: "Bonded Debt Limit. The bonded indebtedness of the City may not in the aggregate exceed the sum of fifteen percent (15%) of the total assessed valuation of property within the City, exclusive of revenue bonds or any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purposes of acquiring, constructing, extending, or maintaining municipally owned utilities for which purposes a further indebtedness may be incurred by the issuance of bonds, subject only to the provisions of the State Constitution and this Charter."

Sources: County of Santa Clara, Department of Finance and City of Santa Clara

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE ELECTRIC REVENUE BOND

Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Table 14

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | Gross Revenue | Less Operating Expense | A Fo | Revenue vailable or Debt Service | Pri | incipal | In | terest | Letter Of Credit Fees | Total | Coverage (1) |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------|---|-----|---------|----|--------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 2008 / 09 | \$ 346,533 | \$ 323,670 | \$ | 22,863 | \$ | 3,580 | \$ | 8,602 | \$ 2,460 | \$ 14,642 | 1.56 |
| 2009 / 10 | 296,833 | 276,402 | | 20,431 | | 4,220 | | 7,235 | 838 | 12,293 | 1.66 |
| 2010 / 11 | 269,610 | 233,939 | | 35,671 | | 4,425 | | 8,022 | 1,793 | 14,240 | 2.50 |
| 2011 / 12 | 300,216 | 238,074 | | 62,142 | | 6,255 | | 9,616 | 1,017 | 16,888 | 3.68 |
| 2012 / 13 | 298,522 | 266,246 | | 32,276 | | 6,560 | | 9,899 | 813 | 17,272 | 1.87 |
| 2013 / 14 | 314,847 | 288,954 | | 25,893 | | 3,550 | | 7,994 | 637 | 12,181 | 2.13 |
| 2014 / 15 | 332,178 | 297,846 | | 34,332 | | 6,485 | | 7,990 | 459 | 14,934 | 2.30 |
| 2015 / 16 | 359,084 | 316,578 | | 42,506 | | 8,958 | | 8,348 | 358 | 17,664 | 2.41 |
| 2016 / 17 | 352,828 | 317,237 | | 35,591 | | 7,640 | | 8,434 | 335 | 16,409 | 2.17 |
| 2017 / 18 | 383,662 | 346,825 | | 36,837 | | 11,416 | | 6,594 | 302 | 18,312 | 2.01 |

Notes:

(1) The required coverage is 1.00.

Source: City of Santa Clara

CITY OF SANTA CLARA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Table 15

| Year | Population |] | Personal Income (\$000) | В | Per Capita Buying ncome | Median Age | Public School Enrollment | County Unemployment Rate | City Unemployment Rate |
|-----------|------------|----|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2008 / 09 | 117,242 | \$ | 4,225,531 | \$ | 36,738 | 34.4 | 14,729 | 11.8% | 10.9% |
| 2009 / 10 | 116,308 | | 4,291,695 | | 36,607 | 34.9 | 14,446 | 11.3% | 10.4% |
| 2010 / 11 | 118,169 | | 4,727,907 | | 40,010 | 34.3 | 14,731 | 10.3% | 9.4% |
| 2011 / 12 | 118,813 | | 4,399,786 | | 37,031 | 33.8 | 14,686 | 8.7% | 8.0% |
| 2012 / 13 | 120,284 | | 4,530,093 | | 37,662 | 34.1 | 14,705 | 6.8% | 6.2% |
| 2013 / 14 | 121,229 | | 4,739,710 | | 39,097 | 35.0 | 15,169 | 5.4% | 4.9% |
| 2014 / 15 | 120,973 | | 4,952,711 | | 40,941 | 34.4 | 15,169 | 3.9% | 3.6% |
| 2015 / 16 | 123,752 | | 5,194,006 | | 41,971 | 34.3 | 15,388 | 4.2% | 3.7% |
| 2016 / 17 | 123,983 | | 5,454,137 | | 43,991 | 34.3 | 15,409 | 3.8% | 3.4% |
| 2017 / 18 | 129,604 | | 6,064,143 | | 46,790 | 34.3 | 15,509 | 2.9% | 2.7% |

Sources: MuniServices, LLC

- (1) Population data by the California Department of Finance Projections.
- (2) The California Department of Finance demographics estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as a benchmark.
- (3) Unemployment and Total Employment Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.
- (4) Student Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in the Santa Clara Unified School District.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago

Table 16

| | 2 | 018 | | 2009 |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| _ | | Percentage of | | Percentage of |
| | Number of | Total City | Number of | Total City |
| Company | Employees | Employment | Employees | Employment |
| Applied Materials, Inc. | 8,500 | 21.7% | 2,606 | 5.1% |
| Intel Corporation | 7,801 | 19.9% | 5,684 | 11.1% |
| Advanced Micro Devices Inc. | 3,000 | 7.7% | | |
| California's Great America | 2,500 | 6.4% | | |
| Avaya Inc. | 2,000 | 5.1% | | |
| Santa Clara University | 2,000 | 5.1% | | |
| City of Santa Clara | 1,904 | 4.9% | | |
| Macy's | 1,200 | 3.1% | | |
| Catalyst Semiconductor Inc. | 1,100 | 2.8% | | |
| Sra Oss Inc. | 1,001 | 3% | | |
| EMC Corporation | | 0% | 508 | 1.0% |
| Agilent Technologies | - | 0% | 1,338 | 2.6% |
| Affymetrix Inc. | - | 0% | 880 | 1.7% |
| BAE Systmes Land & Armaments | - | 0% | 758 | 1.5% |
| National Semiconductor Inc. | _ | 0% | 727 | 1.4% |
| Nortel Networks | - | 0% | 533 | 1.1% |
| NEC Electronics | - | 0% | 309 | 0.6% |
| Total Top Ten | 31,006 | 79.3% | 13,343 | 26.1% |
| All Others | 8,100 | 20.7% | 34,940 | 73.9% |
| Total Employment | 39,106 | 100% | 48,283 | 100% |

Sources: Fiscal year 2018: ReferenceUSA database, Infogroup, Inc., Papillion, Nebraska

Sources: Fiscal year 2009: Santa Clara Business License Department

CITY OF SANTA CLARA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT BUDGETED CITY EMPLOYEES BY PROGRAM/FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

| | | | | Fi | scal Year En | ding June 3 | 0 | | | |
|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|-------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
| City Council | 11.00 | 10.00 | 9.00 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 |
| City Clerk | 7.00 | 7.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| City Attorney | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 |
| City Manager | 14.00 | 13.00 | 16.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| Information Technology | 7.00 | 7.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| Human Resources | 15.00 | 15.00 | 14.50 | 14.50 | 14.50 | 14.50 | 14.50 | 14.50 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| Finance | 61.00 | 61.75 | 60.25 | 58.25 | 58.00 | 58.00 | 58.00 | 58.00 | 62.00 | 62.00 |
| Parks & Recreation | 80.75 | 79.00 | 82.75 | 82.75 | 82.00 | 82.00 | 82.00 | 82.00 | 83.00 | 83.00 |
| Library | 45.50 | 45.50 | 47.00 | 46.50 | 46.50 | 42.00 | 42.00 | 42.75 | 42.75 | 42.75 |
| Community Development | 64.00 | 56.00 | 42.00 | 44.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 |
| Engineering | 40.92 | 39.25 | 38.25 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 |
| Building Maintenance | 13.23 | 12.90 | 10.90 | 11.40 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 12.50 | 13.50 | 13.50 |
| Street | 58.60 | 59.60 | 65.35 | 63.10 | 62.00 | 63.00 | 63.00 | 63.00 | 64.00 | 64.00 |
| Automotive Services | 15.75 | 15.75 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 16.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Police | 239.00 | 231.00 | 222.00 | 219.00 | 222.00 | 222.00 | 222.00 | 227.00 | 227.00 | 227.00 |
| Fire | 167.50 | 166.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 | 179.50 |
| Electric Utility | 186.00 | 179.00 | 166.00 | 156.00 | 142.00 | 135.00 | 135.00 | 144.00 | 144.00 | 144.00 |
| Water Utility | 50.85 | 52.70 | 50.10 | 47.10 | 45.40 | 45.80 | 45.80 | 46.15 | 45.45 | 45.45 |
| Sewer Utility | 22.15 | 21.30 | 19.90 | 17.90 | 15.60 | 14.20 | 14.20 | 13.85 | 14.55 | 14.55 |
| TOTAL | 1,105.25 | 1,078.25 | 1,054.50 | 1,026.50 | 1,004.50 | 992.00 | 994.00 | 1,010.75 | 1,020.25 | 1,020.25 |

Source: City of Santa Clara Annual Budget

CITY OF SANTA CLARA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Table 18

| <u>-</u> | | | | | Fiscal Year E | nding June 30 | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| _ | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Culture and Recreation: Number of library items circulated | 2,612,102 | 2,700,315 | 2,479,126 | 2,491,553 | 2,260,844 | 2,525,555 | 2,527,883 | 2,466,152 | 2,782,561 | 2,647,837 |
| Fire Protection: Number of calls answered | 8,849 | 8,850 | 8,933 | 8,403 | 8,336 | 8,232 | 8,135 | 8,659 | 8,671 | 7,488 |
| Number of inspections conducted | 8,470 | 9,696 | 8,260 | 8,067 | 8,784 | 9,097 | 9,775 | 10,234 | 8,565 | 9,707 |
| Police Protection: Number of calls for service (1) | 53,865 | 50,429 | 51,853 | 60,208 | 59,474 | 59,158 | 57,018 | 62,004 | 64,797 | 57,245 |
| Electric System: Maximum annual demand (MW) Total annual energy (Mwh) | 586.6 3,733,800 | 568.1 3,628,200 | 526.4 3,488,004 | 491.1 3,238,372 | 482.4 3,145,100 | 471.1 3,102,166 | 463.01 3,052,818 | 471.37 2,950,301 | 459.8 2,909,151 | 489.9 2,971,436 |
| Sewer System: Number of service connections Peak flow (5-day average, WPCP) | 26,236 | 26,162 | 25,744 | 25,656 | 25,660 | 25,530 | 25,300 | 25,420 | 25,540 | 26,125 |
| (MG) | 110 | 110 | 110 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 109 | 109 |
| Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant (WPCP) (MGD) Peak flow (5-day average, City) | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 |
| (MGD) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Water System: Number of service accounts | 25,670 | 25,714 | 25,716 | 25,656 | 25,530 | 25,530 | 25,300 | 25,420 | 25,540 | 25,482 |
| Daily Average consumption (MG) Maximum daily capacity of plant: | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16.8 | 18.8 | 19 | 19 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 19.4 |
| Potable Water (MGD) Recycled Water (MGD) | 80 15 | 80 30 | 96 14 | 87 15 | 87 15 | 87 15 | 87 15 | 87 15 | 87 15 | 87 15 |

Note: (1) Data Based on Calendar Year Source: City of Santa Clara

CITY OF SANTA CLARA CAPITAL ASSEIS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 19

| | | | | F | iscal Year E | Inding June | 30 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Culture and Recreation: | | | | , . | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Number of community centers | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Number of parks | 39 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Park acreage | 311 | 330 | 274 | 273 | 273 | 273 | 273 | 273 | 273 | 282 |
| Number of golf courses | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of swimming pools | 11 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Number of tennis courts | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| Number of lawn bowling greens | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of lighted soccer fields | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Number of lighted softball fields | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Number of neighborhood park buildings | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Number of gymnastic centers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of skate parks | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of community theaters | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of libraries | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cemetery | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Fire Protection: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of stations | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Police Protection: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of stations | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Electric System: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of meters | 55,139 | 54,942 | 53,824 | 53,360 | 52,775 | 52,957 | 52,867 | 52,327 | 52,090 | 51,832 |
| Miles of high voltage lines | 612 | 608 | 605 | 591 | 590 | 586 | 582 | 579 | 573 | 573 |
| Number of substations | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 23 |
| Sewerage System: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of sanitary sewers | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 286 | 285 | 285 | 279 |
| Miles of storm sewers | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 | - | 141 | 141 | 140 | 140 | 140 |
| | 1 Tertiary | 1 Tertiary | 1 Tertiary | 1 Tertiary | 1 Tertiary | 1 Tertiary |
| Water System: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of water mains | 335 | 335 | 310 | 335 | 335 | 335 | 335 | 335 | 335 | 335 |
| Number of fire hydrants | 3,382 | 3,501 | 3,383 | 3,315 | 3,315 | 3,315 | 3,315 | 3,315 | 3,315 | 3,313 |
| Miles of recycled watermains | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 23 | 21 | 20 |
| Streets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of Streets | 252 | 252 | 252 | 252 | 249 | 249 | 249 | 249 | 249 | 249 |
| Number of Street Lights | 8,118 | 8,112 | 8,103 | 8,097 | 8,054 | 8,077 | 8,046 | 7,993 | 7,990 | 7,976 |
| Number of Traffic Signals | 207 | 207 | 206 | 200 | 196 | 191 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 |

Source: City of Santa Clara

222

CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF INSURANCE COVERAGE June 30, 2018

Table 20

| | INSURANCE | | ANNUAL | TERM | EXPIRATION |
|--|---|----------------|-------------|-------|------------|
| TYPE OF POLICY | COMPANY | LIMITS (1) | PREMIUM | YEARS | DATE (2) |
| <u>Liability</u> | | | | | |
| Comprehensive General | Self-insured (Since 1987) | \$3 million | n/a | - | Ongoing |
| Excess Liability | CSAC Excess Ins. Authority and various other carriers | \$60 million | \$477,610 | 1 | 7/1/2018 |
| Workers' Compensation | Self-insured (since 1973) | \$500 thousand | n/a | - | Ongoing |
| Excess Workers' Compensation | CSAC Excess Ins. Authority | \$5 million | \$1,011,287 | 1 | 7/1/2018 |
| Property Coverage | | | | | |
| All Risks, including flood, excluding earthquake | Alliant Property Insurance Program (APIP) | \$1 billion | \$397,032 | 1 | 7/1/2018 |
| | Lexington Insurance and various excess carriers | | | | |
| Boiler and Machinery | Lexington Insurance and various excess carriers | \$100 million | \$7,813 | 1 | 7/1/2018 |
| Financial Loss Bonds | | | | | |
| Crime Coverage Bond | CSAC Excess Insurance Authority | \$15 million | \$8,290 | 1 | 6/30/2018 |

Notes:

- (1) Limits are per occurrence
- (2) All policies have been renewed

Source: City of Santa Clara

SUCCESSOR AGENCY CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Santa Clara's Comprehensive Annual Report provides detailed information to better understand the data presented within the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

| | <u>TABLES</u> |
|---|---------------|
| REVENUE CAPACITY Contains information to help the reader assess the Successor Agency's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | 1 - 3 |
| DEBT CAPACITY Presents information to assess the affordability of the Successor Agency's current levels of outstanding debts. | 4 |



SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE CITY OF SANTA CLARA BAYSHORE NORTH PROJECT AREA

HIS TORICAL TAX IN CREMENT

$Las\ t\ Ten\ Fis\ c\ al\ Years$

(In Thousands)

Table 1

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2 0 16 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2 0 12 | 2011 | 2 0 10 | 2009 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Real Property Value | \$ 6,136,642 | \$ 5,769,029 | \$ 4,474,185 | \$ 2,504,578 | \$ 2,428,787 | \$ 2,443,683 | \$ 2,337,717 | \$ 2,302,910 | \$ 2,627,293 | \$ 2,441,511 |
| Other P ro perty Value | 25,857 | 27,877 | 796,082 | 551,425 | 450,943 | 468,788 | 492,292 | 423,299 | 388,607 | 377,401 |
| Total Project Value | 6,162,499 | 5,796,906 | 5,270,267 | 3,056,003 | 2,879,730 | 2,912,471 | 2,830,009 | 2,726,209 | 3,015,900 | 2,818,912 |
| Less Base Value | (8,838) | (8,838) | 49,632 | 49,322 | (8,829) | (8,838) | (8,838) | (8,838) | (8,838) | (8,838) |
| | | | * | * | | | | | | |
| Increment Over Base Value | 6,153,661 | 5,731,416 | 5,319,899 | 3,105,325 | 2,870,901 | 2,903,633 | 2,821,171 | 2,717,371 | 3,007,062 | 2,810,074 |
| Redevelopment Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tax Trus t Fund (RPTFF) (1) | - | - | 5,697 | 9,365 | 26,759 | 13,366 | - | - | - | - |
| Tax Increment Revenue | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,035 | 28,629 | 31,656 | 29,597 |
| Supplemental Tax Revenue | | | | | | | | (37) | 94 | 1,627 |
| Total Tax Revenue | | | 5,697 | 9,365 | 26,759 | 13,366 | 15,035 | 28,592 | 31,750 | 26,342 |
| Less: | | | | | | | | | | |
| AB 1484 True-Up P ayment (2) | - | - | - | | - | (378) | - | - | - | - |
| Pass Through Payments | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,085) | - | - | - |
| SERAF Payment | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | (1,975) | (9,592) | - |
| Housing Set-Aside | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,007) | (8,578) | (9,525) | (9,367 |
| County Administrative Charge | | | | | _ | _ | | (312) | (321) | (286 |
| Net Tax Revenue | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,697 | \$ 9,365 | \$ 26,759 | \$ 12,988 | \$ 10,943 | \$ 17,727 | \$ 12,312 | \$ 16,689 |

Notes:

(1) With the State dissolving all RDAs on 02/01/2012, the structure of Tax Increment Revenue has changed. Starting in fiscal year 2012-13, the County's property tax distribution to the Successor Agency was changed to the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF). The RPTTF reported in this table is the amount calculated by the County Auditor-Controller. Under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations.

(2) On June 28, 2012, AB 1484 became law which made a number of significant changes to ABXI26. In particular, the new Health and Safety Code Section 34183.5 required the Santa Clara County Auditor-Controller to conduct a "true-up" of the June 1, 2012 distribution from the RPTTF for each former RDA. In accordance with the new law, the Successor Agency was required to make a "true-up" payment of \$378,540.37 by July 12, 2012.

Source: City of Santa Clara / Santa Clara County Auditor

SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE CITY OF SANTA CLARA BAYSHORE NORTH PROJECT AREA TEN LARGEST ASSESSEES - TAXABLE VALUE June 30, 2018

Table 2

| | ASSESSEE | ASSESSED PROPERTY USE | P | ASSESSED PROPERTY ALUATION | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Forty Niners SC Stadium Company LLC | Commercial Office Building | \$ | 1,393,051,635 | 22.61% |
| 2 | SI LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 503,163,475 | 8.16% |
| 3 | Freedom Circle | Commercial Office Building | | 455,926,611 | 7.40% |
| 4 | The Irvine Company | Commercial Office Building | | 411,040,733 | 6.67% |
| 5 | Leeco Real Estate Group LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 255,000,000 | 4.14% |
| 6 | PC Santa Clara Gateway 2 LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 196,344,500 | 3.19% |
| 7 | RAR2 - Stadium Techcter 123 LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 152,744,362 | 2.48% |
| 8 | PR II TWRS of GRT America Owner | Commercial Office Building | | 145,854,699 | 2.37% |
| 9 | STC Ventures LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 124,389,000 | 2.02% |
| 10 | Lake Park Associates LLC | Commercial Office Building | | 115,447,619 | 1.87% |
| | | TOTAL | \$ | 3,752,962,634 | 60.91% |
| | | TOTAL AGENCY ASSESSED VALUE | \$ | 6,162,499,140 | |

Source: HDL Coren & Cone

SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE CITY OF SANTA CLARA BAYSHORE NORTH PROJECT AREA ASSESSMENT APPEAL ACTIVITY OF TOP 20 ASSESSEES 2017-18 Impacts

Table 3

| TAX ROLL | | A | ASSESSED | | APPEAL | HEARING DATE | | APPLICANT'S OPINION | |
|------------|-------------------------|----|---------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|------------------------|------------|
| NUMBER | ASSESSEE | | TION/ORIGINAL | S/U (1) | NUMBER | DEADLINE | STATUS | VALUATION | LAND USE |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 984-92-103 | Forty Niners | \$ | 554,267,314 | S | 17.0232 | | Pending | \$ 140,000,000 | Commerical |
| 984-92-104 | Forty Niners | | 554,267,314 | S | 17.0233 | | Pending | 140,000,000 | Commerical |
| SU-171871 | Forty Niners | | 107,998,183 | U | 17.1871 | | Pending | 70,000,000 | N/A |
| 17-024553 | Arista Network | | 71,407,688 | U | 17.1168 | | Pending | 36,000,000 | N/A |
| 104-04-077 | Digital - PR | | 63,140,635 | S | 17.0540 | | Pending | 31,570,318 | Commerical |
| 17-018611 | Cedar Fair | | 59,280,246 | U | 17.1041 | | Pending | 52,107,679 | N/A |
| 104-04-076 | Digital - PR | | 31,888,672 | S | 17.0541 | | Pending | 15,944,336 | Commerical |
| 104-04-118 | Fabritek Inc | | 26,450,222 | S | 17.1383 | | Pending | 13,225,000 | Commerical |
| 17-020011 | Coherent Inc | | 24,075,313 | U | 17.1121 | | Pending | 10,884,890 | N/A |
| 984-78-008 | Quality Inn | | 16,240,961 | S | 17.1617 | | Pending | 10,000,000 | Commerical |
| 984-78-009 | Quality Inn | | 15,335,541 | S | 17.1616 | | Pending | 8,400,000 | Commerical |
| 17-038510 | IA Lodging | | 15,044,797 | U | 17.1393 | | Pending | 7,522,399 | N/A |
| 16-038439 | Global Founders Capital | | 13,074,657 | U | 17.E981 | | Pending | 6,537,328 | N/A |
| 17-014522 | Silicon Valley | | 11,646,732 | U | 171260 | | Pending | 5,850,000 | N/A |
| 17-041777 | Fabrinet West | | 11,150,863 | U | 17.1384 | | Pending | 5,576,000 | N/A |
| 17-032325 | Global Founders Capital | | 10,754,990 | U | 17.E644 | | Pending | 5,377,495 | N/A |
| 17-080645 | Global Founders Capital | | 10,625,857 | U | 17.E980 | | Pending | 4,469,281 | N/A |
| 17-080646 | Global Founders Capital | | 10,466,897 | U | 17.E979 | | Pending | 4,302,405 | N/A |
| 17-024554 | Arista Network | | 4,830,169 | U | 17.1169 | | Pending | 2,450,000 | N/A |
| 17-031816 | SAP Global | | 4,641,874 | U | 17.1408 | | Pending | 2,300,000 | N/A |
| | | \$ | 1,616,588,925 | | | | | \$ 572,517,131 | |

Note:

(1) S=secured roll, U=unsecured roll

Source: Santa Clara County Assessor's Office

SUCCESSOR AGENCY OF THE CITY OF SANTA CLARA BAYSHORE NORTH PROJECT AREA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT

June 30, 2018

| n' | e | |
|----|---|--|
| | | |

| | | | | | 14076 4 |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------|--------------------|
| 2017-18 Assessed Valuation: | \$ 6,162,499,140 | | | | |
| Base Year Valuation: | (8,837,956) | | | | |
| Incremental Valuation: | \$ 6,153,661,184 | | | | |
| | | Total Debt | | Projec | et Area's Share of |
| DIRECT DEBT: | | 6/30/2018 | % Applicable | Ī | Debt 6/30/18 |
| 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds | _ | | 100% | | |
| 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds | | | 100% | | - |
| TOTAL DIRECT DEBT | | | | \$ | - |
| O VERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: | | | | | |
| Santa Clara Unified School District | | \$ 706,105,000 | 10.520% | | 74,282,246 |
| West Valley-Mission Community College District | | 495,110,000 | 4.744% | | 23,488,018 |
| Santa Clara County | | 1,012,400,000 | 1.370% | | 13,869,880 |
| Santa Clara Valley Water District Benefit Assessment District | | 82,285,000 | 1.370% | | 1,127,305 |
| El Camino Hospital District | | 127,800,000 | 0.010% | | 12,780 |
| TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT | | | | \$ | 112,780,229 |
| O VERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: | | | | | |
| Santa Clara County General Fund Obligations | | \$ 590,242,965 | 1.370% | \$ | 8,086,329 |
| Santa Clara County Pension Obligations | | 357,547,175 | 1.370% | | 4,898,396 |
| Santa Clara County Board of Education Certificates of Participation | | 4,985,000 | 1.370% | | 68,295 |
| West Valley-Mission Community College District Certificates of Particip | pation | 63,060,000 | 4.744% | | 2,991,566 |
| Santa Clara Unified School District Certificates of Participation | | 13,740,000 | 10.520% | | 1,445,448 |
| City of Santa Clara General Fund Obligations | | 18,645,000 | 15.364% | | 2,864,618 |
| Santa Clara County Vector Control District Certificates of Participation | | 2,470,000 | 1.370% | | 33,839 |
| TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT | | | | \$ | 20,388,491 |
| COMBINED TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT | | | | \$ | 133,168,720 |
| TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT | | | | \$ | 20,388,491 |
| (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within | boundaries of the project | area | | | |
| (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mor | tgage revenue and non-bo | nded capital lease o | bligations | | |
| Ratios to 2017-18 Assessed Valuation: | | | | | |
| Combined Total Direct and Overlapping Debt | 2.16% | | | | |
| Net Combined Total Direct and Overlapping Debt | 2.07% | | | | |

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

