

Budget and Fiscal Policies

We present the relevant policies and practices that define specifically the way the City manages its budget, reserves, interfund loans, investments and debt with the goal of long-term fiscal sustainability. The City Council reviews and approves budgetary policies as part of the annual budget process. Investment and debt policy statements are referenced in this section; however, reviewed and approved by the City Council under separate cover.

Appropriation Control

The City Council is responsible for approving the appropriation of fiscal resources to cover estimated expenditures for each fiscal year. Expenditures are appropriated in each fund to departments, offices, and agencies for various goods and services described in the budget. The legal appropriation control is established at the department level in each fund. For select funds where expenditures are not allocated to a specific department, the appropriation control is established at the fund level. Transfers of funding between budgetary funds require City Council appropriation and approval. City Council approval is required for a budget amendment during the fiscal year which may include the use of reserves or fund balances, and approval of appropriations of grant monies. Per Article XIII, Section 1305 of the City Charter, appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year; therefore, unencumbered funds allocated for specific projects, donations, and grants require City Council appropriation for use in the following fiscal year.

Budgetary transfers between accounts or expenditure category may be done through Finance Department or City Manager's Office approval as long as they are conducted within the legal appropriation control limit set by the City Council.

Balanced Budget

The City Council considers General Fund budget decisions with long-term implications based on information from the Ten-Year Financial Forecast. One-time sources are used to cover one-time uses. The budget is structurally balanced when forecasted ongoing sources cover ongoing uses. Budgets shall be structurally balanced to the extent possible. Reserves should be considered to balance a budget only in the context of a plan to return to a structural balanced budget.

Budget Monitoring and Reporting

Financial reports on actual performance in relation to budget are prepared by the Finance Department through monthly financial statements. These reports are prepared and presented to the City Council, per City Charter requirements (Section 802) the City Manager shall be required to keep the City Council advised of the financial condition and future needs of the City. City Departments are responsible for reviewing these monthly financial reports and identifying potential budget problems and recommending corrections through budget amendments.

Long Term Financial Forecast

The Finance Department prepares a Ten-Year General Fund Financial Forecast which is incorporated into the budget planning process and presented to the City Council annually. This forecast is updated annually and considers current and future economic conditions, revenue projections, and spending scenarios based on the latest available assumptions. Capital improvement plans are created and published on a five-year basis to provide a long-term plan of the City's capital funding plan. Ten-year financial forecasts for the City's utilities are also provided as an addendum to the Ten-Year General Fund Financial Forecast.



Municipal Fees and Charges

User fees are reviewed and adjusted for on an annual basis with the goal of maximizing cost recovery. The City Council may consider and approve any fee that is below 100% cost recovery, requiring a General Fund subsidy if it is in the public's best interest. User fees are adopted by the City Council annually through the Municipal Fee Schedule. Utility fees and certain other fees and assessments can also be approved separate from the Municipal Fee Schedule. Parks and Recreation fees are established by the Parks and Recreation Director and published in the annual Activity Guide.

Capital Planning

The City Council reviews and adopts a two-year Capital Improvement Program Budget which includes a five-year capital improvement program. Per State Government Code Section 65401, the Planning Commission reviews the capital improvement program for conformance to the City's General Plan and proposes recommended considerations for the City Council. The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is submitted by City departments and reviewed by the City Manager's Office and Public Works Department. The review process considers City priorities and identifies the most urgent projects for capital funding by program area, master plans or needs assessments which identify the most critical projects for repair and replacement. Public Works Department staff reviews project estimates and evaluates the current bidding environment. Project contingency reserves are established based on the type of project and the project estimate type (engineering or preliminary estimates). Operating and maintenance costs are identified for planning purposes when projects are completed and come online.

General Fund Reserves

The City Council allocates available resources to General Fund contingency reserves through various reserves designated for emergency use or restricted future uses. Restrictions are established by policy, or through legally segregated development-related fee reserves collected from users.

- <u>Budget Stabilization Reserve</u> (formerly the Working Capital Reserve) is used as an allocation for weathering economic downturns, emergency financial crisis or disaster situations. The reserve target is equal to the cost of the City's General Fund operations for three months (90-day working capital reserve).
- <u>Capital Projects Reserve</u> is used to support the City's CIP. The minimum target is \$5.0 million with a goal
 of having sufficient funds to fund capital projects included in the City's biennial capital budget and five-year
 CIP.
- Land Sale Reserve this reserve allocates proceeds from the sale of City-owned land.
- <u>Building Inspection Reserve</u> allocates user fees in the Community Development Department's Building Inspection Division. The funds from this reserve are used to fund inspection services or projects directly related to the Building Inspection Division activities. Funding can only be used to support user fee related activities when annual revenues are insufficient to cover annual expenditures. Individual user fees are included and approved under separate cover as part of the Municipal Fee Schedule.
- <u>Advanced Planning Fee Reserve</u> this reserve allocates a portion of user fees for the update and amendment of the City's General Plan. Individual user fees are included and approved under separate cover as part of the Municipal Fee Schedule.



Utility Funds Reserves

The City conducts regular cost of service studies to evaluate rates and charges for each utility with projected needs and expenditures. As part of the most recent water and sewer cost of service study conducted in May 2018, several recommendations were made by the consultant to establish a reserve policy in order to cover shortfalls in operating revenues, maintain strong bond ratings, cover day-to-day operating costs, and ease the burden on ratepayers associated with large rate increases. The following reserves are recommended in the water, sewer and recycled water utilities:

- <u>Operations and Maintenance Reserve</u> this reserve is used as an allocation for covering day-to-day expenses, cover unforeseen cost increases or revenue shortfalls, and protect against emergency financial crises or disaster situations. The reserve target is equal to the cost of the individual utility's operations for three months (90-day working capital reserve).
- <u>Construction Reserve</u> this reserve is used to support each utility's CIP or fund unforeseen and unbudgeted capital costs. The target minimum goal is a balance of the following year's planned capital improvement program.
- <u>Rate Stabilization Reserve</u> this reserve is used to absorb short-term revenue shortfalls and is designed to stabilize utility rates and is an effort to avoid wide swings in rates charged to utility customers over time. The target minimum goal is a balance of 10% of each utility's projected current year rate payer revenue.

In addition to the recommended reserves cited above, the City's Electric Utility Fund has established rate stabilization and cost reduction reserves. These reserves are intended to stabilize electric utility rates and set aside as a buffer for unforeseen expenditures or revenue shortfalls.

Other Reserves

The City may include additional reserves set aside for specific purposes based on legal, policy, or budgetary purposes. Some of these include reserves for historical preservation, pension costs, vehicle or fleet replacement, workers' compensation costs, or to fund potential future general liability claims against the City.



Interfund Loans and Advances

Interfund loans are loans from one City fund to another City fund for a specific purpose, with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans should be short-term in nature and shall not be used to solve ongoing structural budget deficits. The department managing the borrowing fund should complete the interfund loan agreement. The agreement should include the amount requested, loan period, description of the loan and repayment terms. Interest shall accrue at the City's pooled investment rate at the time of the loan approval. A summary of outstanding interfund loans are also included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and in the table below. In addition, advances from the General Fund have been approved by the City Council that may be paid back by other revenue sources. A detailed listing of outstanding loans and advances are included in the following table:

Receiving Fund	Originating Fund	Loan/Advance	Outstanding Amount (as of June 30, 2018)
Cemetery Fund	General Fund	Advance	5,657,176
Santa Clara Golf and Tennis Club Fund	General Fund	Advance	4,224,133
Parks and Recreation Capital Fund	General Fund (May 22, 2018, RTC 18-124)	Loan	10,227,098
Housing Successor Agency Fund	General Fund (Land Surplus Reserve) December, 13, 2016, Item # 15A	Advance	4,050,000
Total Interfund Loans and Advar	25,158,407		

Detail of Outstanding Loans:

Receiving Fund	Originating Fund	Payback Source and Term	Interest Rate	Outstanding Amount (as of June 30, 2018)
Parks and Recreation Capital Fund	General Fund	25% of future Mitigation Fee Act revenue until the loan is paid in full	1.48%	10,227,098

Investment Policy

The City undertakes investment related activities that are made with prudence. On an annual basis, the City formalizes these activities in the Investment Policy Statement which is adopted by a resolution of the City Council (<u>http://santaclaraca.gov/home/showdocument?id=63746</u>). The policy is to invest public funds, including bond proceeds, reserves and other special City funds, in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

The City of Santa Clara Charter gives the Director of Finance the authority and responsibility to deposit and invest all City funds. It authorizes the Director of Finance to invest the City's idle cash in allowable investment vehicles with a maximum remaining maturity of five years at the time of purchase. The City Council may grant express authority either specifically or as part of an approved investment program to invest in vehicles with remaining maturity that exceeds the five-year restriction. Authority must be given to the Director of Finance at least three months prior to the investment. California Government Code also allows the City to invest in the same investment vehicles as authorized by the City Council. The Director of Finance establishes written depository and investment policy procedures for the operation of the investment program consistent with the City Investment Policy, establishes a process of independent review by an external auditor and provides monthly investment reports to the City Council.



Debt Policy

The City believes that debt is an equitable means of financing projects and represents an important source of meeting fiscal responsibilities. The City obtains and maintains long-term debt for large capital improvement projects. The Finance Department manages the City's debt with prudence, diligence, and attention to prevailing economic conditions and applicable laws. It manages issuance of debt, administers debt proceeds, prepares ongoing disclosure, handles debt and tax compliance, and makes debt service payments. City departments with debt-financed capital programs coordinate with the Finance Department in implementing and handling debt related transactions. Semiannual updates are prepared by the Finance Department on outstanding debt for the City of Santa Clara, its Agencies and Corporations. This report is presented as a standard management practice that provides a valuable overview of the current status of the City's long-term debt obligations. The current City Council approved debt policy can be found online at: (http://santaclaraca.gov/home/showdocument?id=63748).

Donation Policy

Donations may be offered in the form of cash, real or personal property. "Designated" donations are donations where the donor specifies intended use by a particular City department, location, or purpose. "Undesignated" donations are given to the City as a whole, for an unspecified use. Donations of any kind which might be perceived or interpreted as an attempt to influence actions of the City Council or City Administration will not be accepted. All donations are presented to the City Manager for compliance with the policy. As part of the annual budget process, for anticipated monetary donations, staff will bring forward for Council consideration a balanced appropriation for revenue and expenditures to facilitate the acceptance of donations throughout the fiscal year. Donations valued at \$100,000 or greater require City Council acceptance and appropriation of funds. Donations valued less than \$100,000 may be accepted with the monetary donations available to departments for expenditure as part of the annual budget. A report of all donations received by the City is presented to City Council as part of the Monthly Financial Report. The appropriation of anticipated donations can be found in each respective City department and corresponding Source and Use of Funds Statement in this document.

Community Grants Policy

The budget includes an allocation of \$100,000 for Community Grants to offset the cost of City fees in support of the Council approved Community Grants Policy. Annually, and subject to availability of funds, the City Council shall establish grant appropriations as part of the approval of the budget. Community grants, subject to availability of funds, shall not exceed \$10,000 per applicant, per year. To receive grant funds, grant applications must be submitted at least 90 days before the planned event/activity being funded, regardless of the form of the grant, and will be evaluated by the City Manager's Office on a case-by-case and "first come-first served" basis, throughout the fiscal year. Applicants are encouraged to submit their applications at the beginning of the fiscal year, for events or activities occurring at any time during that fiscal year, to maximize opportunity for availability of funds. The City Manager's Office shall approve or deny an applicant's request based upon eligibility criteria, and subject to funding availability as approved by the City Council through the adoption of the annual budget. Grants for community events shall not be provided for waiver of or reimbursement for already discounted permit fees. Grants for attendance at youth state, national, or international competitions or performances shall be limited to costs of registration, hotel, transportation and food for participants and coaches/chaperones only. Due to short notice to advance to state, national, or international competitions, applicants shall submit an application within one week of advancing to such competitions. In all cases, the City reserves the right to reject any and all applications in the event the City Manager's Office identifies a potential conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest. Submission of an application in no way obligates the City to award a grant and the City reserves the right to reject any or all applications, wholly or in part, at any time, without penalty.



Stadium Authority Policy

The Stadium Authority exists as a public body, separate and distinct from the City, and is established to provide for development and operation of Levi's Stadium. It is structured so that the City will not be liable for debts or obligations of the Authority. The governing board duties and the fiscal policies that govern the Stadium Authority is included in the stand-alone Fiscal Year 2019/20 Operating, Debt, and Capital Budget that was adopted by the Stadium Authority Board on March 27, 2019. This can be found at "<u>http://santaclaraca.gov/government/stadium-authority</u>". This budget reflects the revenues and expenditures related to the support of the Stadium and can also be found in the General Fund Non-Department section of this document titled Stadium Operations.

Policy Development

Staff has established this Budget and Fiscal Policies section in an effort to improve governance, transparency, and establish policies to govern the budget. These policies will be reviewed annually and enhanced as capacity allows.